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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 201 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS Air Surcharge 6 Pies

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THE BEST IN BOMBAY
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PURITY

Strike Flu Spreading In The City

700,000 TO BE IDLE NEXT THURSDAY

Reds, Pinks Give Order For General Protest

BOMBAY, Friday.

AN ESTIMATED SEVEN LAKHS OF CITY WORKERS WILL STRIKE WORK ON AUGUST 31 IN RESPONSE TO A JOINT SOCIALIST-COMMUNIST CALL FOR ONE-DAY TOKEN GENERAL STRIKE IN SYMPATHY WITH THE STRIKING WORKERS. A DECISION TO THIS EFFECT WAS TAKEN AT TWO MEETINGS OF THE WORKERS REPRESENTING OVER 85 TRADE UNIONS IN BOMBAY HELD THIS EVENING.

More than 50 trade unions in Bombay at a joint meeting this evening convened by the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, the labour wing of the Socialist Party, decided to stage a one-day general strike in the city on August 31 in sympathy with the textile mill workers' strike.

The meeting was attended by Mr. N. M. Joshi, the veteran trade union leader, Mr. Asoka Mehta, M. Harris and other Socialist leaders. Mrs. Maniben Kara presided.

The meeting expressed its appreciation of the sense of responsibility displayed by Bombay's textile workers in maintaining peace even under highly provocative circumstances since the beginning of the strike on August 14.

The meeting also protested against what it described as the "repressive policy adopted by Government in so far as meetings, processions and peaceful picketing are banned in spite of the strike being legal and peaceful."

Among the unions which took this decision were the Bombay Dock Workers' Union, Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union, B.E.S.T. Workers Union, G.I.P. Railway Mazdoor Panchayat, B. B. & C.I. Railway Employees' Union and the Federation of Bank Employees.

The Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) at a meeting held this evening also decided on a one-day general token strike on August 31.

RALLY

At a rally of nearly 15,000 workers held at Chaupatti this evening under the auspices of the Communist Party (Bombay Committee), the Peasants and Workers Party, the Forward Communist Party, the Girni Kamgar Union (Red Falg) and 35 other trade unions it was decided to give all-out support to the Hind Mazdoor Sabha in its call for a token general strike to demonstrate the solidarity of the working class.

The meeting which was presided over by Sri R. S. Ruikar, the wellk-known labour leader of Nagpur and the President of the United Socialist Organisation, decided, subject to ratification by the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, August 29 as the date for the proposed token strike.

Characterising the textile strike as 'not a local issue', he said that he had come from Nagpur to convey the fraternal greetings of the workers from Madhya Pradesh. Since the Bombay Chief Minister and the Home Minister could not persuade the strikers to give up the strike, they should forthwith resign their offices. "It reflects that the Ministers have failed to represent the workers" he added.

REPRESSION

Shri Ruikar asserted that no government could last for long on sheer force and as such he condemned the repressive policy of the Bombay Government as regards banning of meetings and processions. He also deplored the highhanded action of the Millowners Association in depriving the workers of their 'bread' by withholding the rations and warned the Government that unless it stepped in and redressed the workers' grievances, workers from other

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 1)

Dock Worker Makes News

BOMBAY, Friday.

A dock-worker here today made news as Lord Northcliffe had defined it by biting a dog.

While the worker was walking near the city's Alexandra Docks a mongred sneaked from behind and bit him. Enraged, the worker caught the dog and sliced away with his teeth an inch of its tail.

The man is now under arrest on a charge of cruelty to the animal.

Pakistan's Tactics Deplored

SHEIK ABDULLAH ON PLEBISCITE

SRINAGAR, Aug. 25 (UPI): Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah, Chief Minister of Jammu and Kashmir, in a statement today strongly repudiated Pakistan's attempt to uproot the present Kashmir administration and warned that no power could dislodge the legally constituted Government of Jammu and Kashmir from the position they were occupying as the "trustees of rights and freedom of the people."

"It is evident from Sir Owen Dixon's statement that the greatest emphasis is laid by Pakistan on my removal and the removal of my colleagues from the scene. To achieve this, Pakistanis are even prepared to barter away the very freedom which the people of the State have, after bitter struggle, been able to wrest from the unwilling hands. This is clear from the fact that Pakistan will be happy if this state is saddled by the foreign administrators in preference to those who belong to the State," he said.

It was known to Pakistani leaders, Sheikh Abdullah said, that the present Government in Srinagar came into power as a result of the overwhelming support from the people of the State and was staying in power because it continued to receive that support.

He wished to repeat and reiterated that the future of Jammu and Kashmir must be determined by free exercise of the will of the people. Unfortunately, Pakistan stood in the way of an overall plebiscite. She had refused at all the stages of negotiations on the Kashmir dispute to contribute to the stage preparatory to holding a plebiscite.

SOVEREIGNTY

He added: "As I have said repeatedly no plebiscite is possible without the sovereignty of Kashmir Government being extended effectively over the entire territory of the State, involving disbandment of the so-called Azad Kashmir Government and its forces and withdrawal of Pakistan troops and nationals. Likewise it is essential that the uprooted nationals of the State should be resettled and rehabilitated in their former places of residence as a stage preparatory to holding of a plebiscite."

He emphatically supported Pandit Nehru's statement at the New Delhi press conference that Pakistan had absolutely no "locus standi" as a party to plebiscite. Holding of plebiscite was an internal arrangement arrived at between Kashmir people and the Government of India, and Pakistan was a party to plebiscite "only in sense that she has been making its holding impossible."

The Kashmir Chief Minister reiterated that the people of Kashmir had implicit faith in the leaders and the people of India who came to Kashmir's rescue at a time of grave crisis. "We have no doubt that the honour and freedom of Kashmir is safe in the hands of Pandit Nehru," he concluded.

Newspapers Squeezed

NEW YORK: The nation-wide Canadian railstrike is forcing some American publishers to cut down on the size of their newspapers. Eighty percent of the newsprint used in this country comes from Canada.

Rice For Relief

Pakistan's Splendid Gesture

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25.

IN a message addressed to the Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan, has conveyed on behalf of his Government and the people of Pakistan, their deepest sympathy to the people of Assam and has offered 10,000 maunds of rice for relief in Assam.

Thanking the Prime Minister of Pakistan for his message of sympathy and the offer of 10,000 maunds of rice, the Prime Minister in his telegram says: "This spontaneous gesture of friendship by the Government and people of Pakistan will, I feel sure, be warmly welcomed throughout India and help to promote and strengthen friendly relations between India and Pakistan."

Below is the text of the telegrams exchanged between the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan:

From the Prime Minister of Pakistan:

"From the reports that are now available it is apparent that the State of Assam has suffered a major calamity due to earthquake. On behalf of my Government and the people of Pakistan I send you and the people of Assam our deepest sympathy. I understand that owing to the breakdown of communications there is acute food shortage in certain affected areas. I am therefore asking the Government of East Bengal to arrange for the immediate despatch of 10,000 maunds of rice to the State of Assam for the relief of the stricken people. I trust you will accept this gift as a token of our deep sympathy."

Prime Minister's reply:

"On behalf of the Government of India and my own behalf I thank you sincerely for your expression of sympathy to the people of Assam and offer of 10.000 maunds of rice for relief of stricken people. This spontaneous gesture of friedship by Government and people of Pakistan will, I feel sure, be warmly welcomed throughout India and help to promote and strengthen friendly relations between India and Pakistan. I am repeating your message to the Governor of Assam for information with the suggestion that the State Government should contact Government of East Bengal directly to make necessary arrangements about rice."

Calcutta Workers' Support

CALCUTTA: The Executive Committee of the Socialist-led West Bengal Provincial Hind Mazdoor Sabha at a meeting here this evening, decided to hold a mass rally and stage a demonstration on next Wednesday, in sympathy with the textile workers on strike in Bombay.

Free Fight In City

BOMBAY, Friday.

A free fight between two rival groups of alleged gamblers was reported by the Police tonight, from Khadilkar Road, Girgaon, resulting in injury to four persons. The Police made three arrests in this connection.

PRESSMEN MEET OUR MINISTERS

The Press Association and the Foreign Correspondents' Association arranged a reception for Ministers of the Central Government at the Constitution Club, New Delhi, on August 23. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and other Ministers attended the function. Photo shows Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru chatting with Mr. K. Rangaswami, Secretary to the Press Association, during the reception. Seated at the right of the Prime Minister is Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and at his left are seen Mr. Douglas Stuart, President of Foreign Correspondents Association and Mr. J. M. D'Souza, Joint-Secretary to the Press Association.

Meetings Banned In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, Aug. 25 (PTI): Public meetings and processions have been banned in Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities for two months from 6 p.m. tomorrow.

An order promulgated by the Chief City Magistrate, Hyderabad, today also prohibits assembly of five or more persons and carrying of any dangerous weapons in public places.

This step has been taken as "Police reports and statements show that following the food situation certain political parties have resolved to demonstrate, hold public meetings, take out processions and indulge in provocative slogans against the Government from August 27, 1950, throughout the entire area which includes both Hyderabad and Secunderabad cities and as these demonstrations threaten breach of peace.

CHINESE TO RUSH AID TO KOREA?

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): A United States Army spokesman quoted reports that Chinese Communists at Antung Yalu river port on the Manchuria-Korean border had commandeered all shipping and were mobilising Chinese to move war supplies into North Korea.

Tragic Blunder

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman today described as a "tragic blunder" an attempt in Congress yesterday to cut funds for his "Point our" programme, which provides for technical aid to the world's underdeveloped areas.

U. S. Wants To Disprove China's Charges

...LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 25, (PTI-Reuter).

THE United States declared today that it would welcome a United Nations on-the-spot investigation of the "Formosa case" to disprove Communist China's charges of aggression against an "integral part of Chinese territory."

Mr. Warren Austin, chief American delegate to the United Nations, said in a letter to Mr. Trygve Lie, U.N. Secretary-General, that although the United States would not initiate such a move "if the Security Council wishes to study the question of Formosa, we shall support and assist that study".

Ahmedabad Transport Strike Threat

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, August 25.

Ahmedabad Municipal transport workers have decided to go on strike if their demands are not satisfied within 14 days, it is learnt. Yesterday they decided to give 14 days' strike notice.

It may be recalled here that these workers submitted their demands in 1949 but no action was taken by the Municipal authorities, nor were the demands referred to a tribunal.

U.S. Prepared To Discuss Formosa

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): America would welcome United Nations consideration of the Formosa problem but believes the United Nations should not be diverted from its urgent work on the Korean conflict, the United States State Department declared yesterday.

The Department's spokesman, Mr. Michael McDermott, made the statement in answer to a Communist China request to the United Nations to demand the withdrawal of American forces from Korea.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The State Department reiterated yesterday that the United States Seventh Fleet would continue to "neutralise" Formosa in accordance with President Truman's announcement on June 27.

Department officials reaffirmed this after noting a Chinese Communist broadcast which demanded withdrawal of all American forces from the Formosa area.

Koo Knows Reds' Mind

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Nationalist China's Ambassador to the United States Dr. Wellington Koo said today that there were indications that the Chinese Communists would not launch their invasion of Formosa until early next year.

Dr. Koo who returned recently from a 16-day visit to Formosa the Nationalists' island stronghold, told a press conference here that if the Communists invaded Formosa, the Nationalist forces with the help of the United States seventh fleet could defeat them.

ASSAM QUAKE CAUSES LOSS OF Rs. 10 CRORES

Tremors Still Felt In Dibrugarh

GAUHATI, August 25, (PTI).

ASSAM has suffered a loss of about 10 crores of rupees in damage to immoveable property and cattle wealth of the state, caused by the recent earthquake and floods, according to unofficial estimates.

It is feared that the loss in human life will run into four figures when details from tribal villages are available.

While hundreds of villages in Upper Assam were under flood waters of the river Dehing and its tributary Sessa today, earthquake shocks continued at intervals. Four such tremors were felt at Dibrugarh between eight and ten this morning, and fifth at two p.m.

The river Dehing has been silted by a rise in its bed at one place, caused by the earthquakes. A dredger has been employed to free the river.

The Brahmaputra again swelled today after a lull of three days, and the flow of huge pieces of timber and other kinds of wood down the river continued unabated.

While steamer services in and around Gauhati are affected to a large extent by the barrage of timber floating downstream, the river service between Dibrugarh and Dishangmukh has been completely paralysed.

Meanwhile, the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, and the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Patel, have issued appeals to the public to contribute generously and quickly to the Assam Governor's Earthquake Relief Fund.

(See PAGE 12)

Red Chinese Troops Move Up To Korea

WASHINGTON, August 25, (PTI-Reuter).

A UNITED STATES ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY THAT TWO CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMIES HAD BEEN MOVED NEAR THE MANCHURIA-KOREAN BORDER. HE ALSO SAID REPORTS HAD BEEN RECEIVED FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES ON THE MOVEMENT OF 120 HEAVY TANKS INTO NORTH KOREA FROM THE MANCHURIAN PORT OF DAIREN DURING THE LAST TWO WEEKS OF JULY.

Reds Smash A Hole In Mac's Defence

ELSEWHERE THEY ARE TRAPPED IN POCKETS

TOKYO, August 25. (PTI-Reuter).

A STRONG tank-led Communist counter-attack routed the South Korean "Tiger" regiment north of the east coast town of Kigye, smashing a two-mile-deep hole in General MacArthur's defence box.

Except for heavy United Nations air activity up and down the front, there was little battle action, but in the Taegu sector about 200 North Koreans were surrounded in a walled village and tonight were being cut to pieces by American artillery and infantry.

These North Koreans were the remnants of a roving pocket of about 1,000 men who broke through the lines of the American 27th "Worlfhound" Regiment during a tank assault several days ago to set up a road block between the Americans and Taegu and harass gun positions far behind the lines.

Another infiltrating group of Communists was driven into a minefield.

This group of attackers—of unknown strength—were driven into the deathtrap of an Allied minefield in the Waegwan area north-west of Taegu.

SETBACK

The South Korean setback on the east came some hours after they had launched a two-division attack on Communists dug in just east of Kigye.

MacArthur's headquarters reported that the North Koreans apparently sidestepped this assault and struck on thin flanks forcing the "Tiger" regiment back for 2 miles.

Earlier today, the Communists drove a small wedge into the South Korean Sixth Division holding the north face of the peninsula bridgehead between Kigye and Taegu.

Supported by about 30 tanks, two Communist battalions backed up by divisions believed to have been shifted from the front immediately north of Taegu smashed into the Sixth Division along the Uisong-Yongchon highway in an attempt to punch through to Taegu from the east.

At the same time, two Communist divisions, supported by heavy tanks, were reported massing for an attack on the American 25th Division's front just west of Masan on the south coast approaches to the vital Pusan supply harbour.

Earlier today, they forced one company of Americans to give ground around "battle mountain", north-west of Haman and MacArthur's headquarters reported that pressure was strong on company and battalion level. Reconnaissance pilots said that fresh Communist troops moved into the area from Chinju today.

An attack was expected hourly.

PRISONER'S TALE

Prisoners taken this morning said they had orders to assault the Masan sector line over a two-mile front last night, but this push was broken by American shelling and fighter aircraft strafing of supply convoys.

North Korean troops massed for the new attack are the Fourth Division and the regrouped remnants of the Sixth and Seventh Divisions which have taken a severe mauling.

Despite heavy assaults in depth to Chinju and beyond, prisoners said the main body of Communist troops on the south coast have suffered little in the past few days.

They hid during daylight in railway tunnels and galleries of zinc mines where they have also got their supplies under cover from raiding aircraft.

PLANES ACTIVE

Early despatches from Air Headquarters said fighters were called for by ground forces at many points over the whole front today. They gave strong support to South Korean forces on the east coast adding rockets and machine-gun fire to naval shelling of Communist positions.

Fighter planes also struck airfields at Pyongyang, North Korean capital and Wonsan, large port up the east coast.

Wonsan was also one of the three Superfortress targets. The B-29s unloaded about 600 tons of bombs above the 38th parallel striking by radar through overcast skies at chemical plants and railway yards.

TOMMIES SAIL

HONG KONG: Britain's first ground troops for Korea sailed out between the jagged green hills of Hong Kong and the Chinese mainland tonight aboard the aircraft carrier "Unicorn" and the cruiser "Ceylon."

With the evening sun sinking behind them, they were on the first leg of their 1,400-mile journey to join United Nations forces.

WELLINGTON: The Minister for Defence, Mr. Tom MacDonald, said today that Britain and Australia would send an infantry brigade between them to Korea and New Zealand would supply artillery support.

10 British Officers Flying To Korea

LONDON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Ten British Army offcers left London tonight by air for Korea by way of Montreal and New York, the War office announced.

They are to carry out reconnaissance in Korea, and make preliminary arrangements for the arrival of British troops.

PHONEY THREAT

NEW YORK, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Police today raced to a United Nations officials, after a telephoned threat that the skyscraper was to be blown up.

No trace of any explosive had been found an hour and a half later.

The United States representative on the Security Council, Mr. Warren Austin and his deputy, Mr. Ernest Gross, were in the building at the time the report was received. A switchboard operator at the National Labour Relations Board, which also has offices in the building said an unknown man telephoned and said, "I just called to tell you are to be blown up."

Prisoner Wounded

CALCUTTA, August 25 (PTI): Mr. T. A. Menon, a former member of the ICS in undivided Bengal, who is now serving a term of imprisonment in a bribery case, was removed to Sambhunath Pandit Hospital this evening with a bullet wound in his thigh.

It is stated that Mr. Menon was for a few hours on parole this evening to look after his personal effects. When he was inspecting his things in his flat, the police guard accompanying him suspected Mr. Menon to be putting something objectionable into his pocket and tried to seize it. In the scuffle that ensued, the trigger of a pistol went off hitting Mr. Menon in the thigh."

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Indian Constitution by K. V. Rao, contains old and new constitutions latest Indian and American caselaw. Apply, Author, Tambaram: Price Rs. 8/- plus postage. (2057)

Directory containing 6000 addresses of Provision Dealers and General Merchants for Rs. 5/-. Bharat Directories Post Box 1354. Delhi. (2058)

All-India Directory of Provision Dealers and General Merchants (6000 addresses) for Rs. 5/-. Bharat Directories. Post Box 1354. Delhi. (2058A)

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MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

A 1947/8 Fiat 11 H. P. for Rs. 6,000/- 35 M.P.G. registered upto March 1951, Tiptop condition, owner going in for bigger car. Telephone 21671, Office Hours. (2050)

The following cars, all in good condition, are for sale—1946 Grey Blue Fleetmaster Sedan Chevrolet purchased early 1947. Done 42700 miles. 1946 Grey Blue Fleetmaster Sedan Chevrolet purchased 1947. Done 44300 miles. 1946 Black Austin "10"—purchased 1946. Done 32560. 1946 Black Austin "16"—purchased mid 1947. Done 29500 miles. 1947 Black Austin "16"—purchased end 1947. Done 32000 miles. 1947 Dark Blue Ford Super de Luxe—purchased mid 1948. Done 32700 miles. Can be seen by appointment. Apply Box No. 8505. "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Co., Howrah. (8052)

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For Sale—Three Sizing Machine 72" Diameter. Apply to the General Manager, Delhi Cloth Mills, Delhi. (8514)

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Minerals Lumps—Only Grinders or Paint Manufacturers, may kindly contact with M/s. G. V. Rangaiah Chetty, (Mining Section) Cuddapah, (S. India). (2056)

For Income-tax Refunds, Trade-mark Registration Recovery of Decrees, Railways and Insurance claims. Write Taxation Relief and General Agencies (Regd.), Examiner Building, Fort, Bombay 1. (2051)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

PDI-101 (31)/50—Deputy Director-General of Food, Government of India, Ministry of Food, Jamnagar House, New Delhi, invites tenders for appointment of Clearing Contractors for clearing and transporting foodgrains imported at the port of Bombay for a period of one year from 1-11-50. Tender forms (not transferable) may be obtained on payment of Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set in cash or by Money Order (cheques will not be accepted) quoting reference to this tender notice number and remitter's full name and address. Applications for tender forms will be received upto 4th September, 1950, after which, the tender forms will be sent to parties applying for them.

(8501)

PUBLIC NOTICES

W. I. P. RAILWAY CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

TENDERS in sealed covers for purchase of one old steam tug "AMARAL" and two old rowing boats superscribed "TENDER FOR PURCHASE OF STEAM TUG "AMARAL" AND TWO ROWING BOATS" addressed to the Joint Representative, M. & S. M. and W. I. P. Railways, Mormugao Harbour, will be received upto 10-00 hours on Saturday the 30th September, 1950.

2. The reserve price of the Steam Tug is Rs. 24,000/- and of the two rowing boats is Rs. 160/- each.

3. Facilities for inspection will be afforded by the P. W. Inspector, Vascodagama, on any working day, between 9 and 12 hours.

4. The tenderers should make a deposit of Rs. 100/- with the Pay Master and Cashier, M. & S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras, or with any Station Master on the W. I. P. Railway. The official receipt so obtained should accompany the tender.

5. The successful Tenderer will be required to pay the full amount of his offer within 24 hours of acceptance of his Tender failing which the deposit made will be forfeited and the Railway will have the right to re-sell the above articles.

6. Tenders will be opened in the office of the Joint Representative, at Mormugao Harbour at 15-00 hours on the 2nd October, 1950.

7. Portuguese Customs duty will be required to be paid by the successful tenderer before the articles are removed from the Railway custody.

8. The articles should be removed by the successful Tenderer within one month from the date of the acceptance of the offer. If they are not removed within that time ground rent at Rs. 2/- per 100 Sq. ft. per month or part thereof, will have to be paid to the Railway before removing the materials. In case the materials are not removed within 6 months from the date of acceptance of the Tender, the District Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Mormugao Harbour will have the right to call for fresh tenders at the successful tenderer's risk and hand over the sale proceeds to the party deducting therefrom the amount due to the Railway.

9. The Railway reserves the right to accept or not the highest or any offer.

JOINT REPRESENTATIVE,
M. & S. M. and W.I.P. Railways,
Mormugao Harbour

8503

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the printing, distribution sale etc. of the following copies of Readers III in Marathi and Kannad and Readers IV in Marathi|Gujarati|Kannad for the Education Department.

MARATHI READER III.—

(a) 2,00,000 copies for the Bombay, Nasik and Baroda Educational Divisions.

(b) 1,50,000 copies for the Poona and Dharwar Educational Divisions.

MARATHI READER IV.—

(a) 1,50,000 copies for the Bombay, Nasik and Baroda Educational Divisions.

(b) 1,00,000 copies for the Poona and Dharwar Educational Divisions and a few places elsewhere;

GUJARATI READER IV.—

50,000 copies mainly for the Ahmedabad and Baroda Educational Divisions and for a few other places.

KANNAD READER III.—

50,000 copies mainly for the Dharwar Educational Division.

KANNAD READER IV.—

65,000 copies mainly for the Dharwar Educational Division and for a few other places.

NOTE:—The number of copies indicated is only an approximate estimate liable to change.

2. Half the number of copies of each book should be ready for delivery and sale on or before 31st December 1950 and the remainder by 31st January, 1951.

3. Detailed specifications and other particulars are given in the tender form which can be had from the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, on the payment of Rs. 2/- per tender form. The manuscript of Reader IV and the illustrations and the sample copies of Readers III will be available for inspection at the office of the Director of Public Instruction, Poona, during office hours on working days. A separate tender must be sent for EACH Reader and for EACH language (in the case of Marathi Readers III and IV for also EACH region as specified above), accompanied by a Chalan from a Government Treasury for Rs. 500/- paid into that Treasury as earnest money. The tenders must reach the Director of Public Instruction Poona, by 2 p.m. on 18th September, 1950.

SYED NURULLAH,
Director of Public
Instruction, Poona.

(8513)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned have this day sold and assigned my business in cloth and ready made clothes carried on by me under the firm name and style of Messrs. Morvi Cloth Stores at Shop No. 15 in Kavarana Building on Plot No. 1 of Soparibaug Estate Parel, Bombay as a going concern as also all the stock in trade paraphernalise furniture, fitting goods chattles and things in the said shop as also my Good Will of the said business as also my tenancy possessory and occupancy rights in the said shop unto Dhansukhlal Chhotubhai Mistry incidental to my said business without the liabilities, debts and responsibilities relating to the said business. I have agreed and undertaken to pay myself the said liabilities debts and responsibilities including income tax upto the date hereof.

Dated this 22nd day of August, 1950.

JERAM SHAMJI GOHIL.

8511

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

FRESH SEALED TENDERS are invited from Registered C.P.W.D. Electrical Contractors, for the work of "Providing External Services, such as Electrical Distribution Mains, etc., for the Residential Area at Ahmedabad Airport", amounting to Rs. 10,824/- approximately.

Tender forms can be had from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5-4-0 (not refundable) in cash or by M. O. and on production of order of enlistment as Electrical Contractors, on any working day between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. The Tenders will be received upto 3 p.m. on the 4th September 1950 and opened the same day at 3-30 p.m.

S. RAYCHAUDHURI,
Electrical Engineer,
Aviation Electrical Division.
R.A.F. Barracks,
Nehru Road,
Vile Parle, P.O.,
Bombay-24.

8515

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COY. LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the policy numbered 310454 of the life of Madhav Onkar Chaudhari, the duplicate policy will be issued unless objection, is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd). L. S. VAIDYANATHAN,
Manager.

Bombay 26-8-50.

(2059)

INDIAN CENTRAL SUGARCANE COMMITTEE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an AGRICULTURAL ENGINEER under this Committee for a period of three years in the scale of Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150 PLUS the usual allowances admissible at the rates sanctioned by the Government of India for its own employees. AGE—Preferably not more than 40 years. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—A good degree in Agricultural or Mechanical Engineering with at least 5 years' practical experience of agricultural engineering and design and construction of agricultural implements and machinery. DESIRABLE—Ability to design improved agricultural implements or parts and to prepare reports and undertake independent investigations on performance of machinery and methods. PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE—Association with a large Engineering Workshop engaged in production, maintenance and repairs of agricultural machinery, tractors or automobiles. Preference will be given to those experienced in the operation of tractors and power implements in a mechanised farm and possessing a knowledge of the methods used in the calculation of costs of operation of farm machinery and tractors. HEADQUARTERS—At Kanpur and|or Lucknow, but an all-India survey of the existing tools, implements and accessories used for sugarcane cultivation, irrigation, etc., will have to be made by this officer in the first instance.

Applications with copies of testimonials and published papers and of designs of any improved implements evolved by him, together with details of present employment, pay and scale should be forwarded through the proper channel, so as to reach the undersigned by the 15th September, 1950, at the latest. Selected candidates will have to appear for interview at New Delhi at their own expense.

(Sd) R. D. BOSE.
Secretary.
Indian Central Sugarcane
Committee,
No. 3 Pusa Road,
NEW DELHI.

(8508)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

HOME DELIVERY OF PASSENGERS' LUGGAGE FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL TO ANY ADDRESSES IN BOMBAY.

WITH EFFECT from the 1st of July, 1950, arrangements have been made with the Railway's Carting Contractors, Messrs. Chhotalal Jamnadas & Co., at Bombay, for transport of passengers' luggage from Bombay Central to their places of residence upto Mahim (inclusive). The carting charges fixed for the service are 4 pies per seer subject to a minimum of 3 annas and 6 pies per consignment.

The travelling public may also take advantage of this scheme by paying the Carting charges in advance when booking their luggage in the brakevan.

The packages should be clearly and legibly marked and should contain the full address of the owner. The weight of these packages will be shown separately on the luggage tickets. The carting charges calculated on this separate weight will also be shown separately on the luggage ticket, at the rates given above and collected along with the charge for luggage.

In case of packages in owner's charge, the carting contractors Messrs. Chhotalal Jamnadas & Co. will undertake to carry them to the residence of owners concerned if they are handed over to the contractors' agent at Bombay Central on payment of the scheduled charges. (8516)

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC are hereby informed that on SUNDAY, the 27th August, 1950, the roads noted below will be closed to vehicular traffic and reserved for a public purpose between the hours of 4 p.m. to 9 p.m. on account of "Cocoanut Day".

SANDHURST ROAD AND BRIDGE from its junction with Chowpatty Seaface to Opera House.
MARINE DRIVE (road along Kennedy Sea Face)
CHOWPATTY from the Mafatlal Baths to its junction with Babulnath Road.
CHOWPATTY BACK ROAD from its junction with French Road to its junction with Babulnath Road.
FRENCH ROAD from its junction with Chowpatty to its junction with Hughes Road and
HARVEY ROAD from its junction with Chowpatty to its junction with Hughes Road.

CHOWPATTY FOOT OVER-BRIDGE will be open to pedestrian traffic towards the sea face upto 6-30 p.m. and all persons returning from the Chowpatty sea face before this time will proceed via Sandhurst Bridge, FROM 6-30 P.M. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the Chowpatty Sea Face. All persons wishing to go to the Chowpatty Sea Face after 6-30 p.m. will proceed via Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

Parking of vehicles on French Road from its junction with Hughes Road to its junction with Sandhurst Bridge, Girgaum Road from Portuguese Church to Nana's Chowk and Harvey Road is prohibited between 2 p.m. and 9 p.m.

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and vice versa will proceed along the following roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT:—via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, Nana Chowk, over Kennedy Bridge and New Queens' Road.
CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT:—via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, Over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queens Road.
FORT TO WALKESHWAR:—via New Queen's Road, Sandhurst Bridge, French Bridge, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar Road.
FORT TO CUMBALA HILL:—via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, Kennedy Bridge and Nana's Chowk.

This order is made under subsection (4) of Section 23 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bombay IV of 1902).

M. M. CHUDASAMA,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 5th August, 1950.

(8502)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the AUCTION SALE of the properties, situate at Tarapore, near Boisar, Palghar District, bearing Survey No. 859, Gavthan, and City Survey No. 870 fixed for Saturday, the 26th August, 1950, at 1 p.m. on the site of the properties by the Commissioner, High Court, Bombay, in Suit No. 189 of 1946 (Ganpat Ladha and another vs Meherji Kavasshah Tarapore) has been postponed to 1st November 1950.

Dated the 24th day of August, 1950.

SOLOMON & CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(8509)

PUBLIC NOTICES

UNION PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 35

APPLICATIONS accompanied by a Treasury Receipt or a Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Castes, tribal and aboriginal communities candidates), invited for the undermentioned posts from Citizens of India. Persons, who have migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India or subjects of Nepal or of Sikkim or of a Portuguese or French possession in India are also eligible but in their case a certificate of eligibility from the Government of India will be necessary for appointment. Such candidates should apply to the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, for the necessary certificate and furnish satisfactory proof of having so applied. SEPARATE APPLICATION WITH SEPARATE FEE REQUIRED FOR EACH POST. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, at New Delhi Post Office to whom also the application should be addressed. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Candidates applying from outside India should deposit their fees with the High Commissioner for India or the Indian Ambassador or the Government of India's Agent as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. The Commission may at their discretion remit the application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE displaced person and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so. Upper age limit relaxable by three years for Scheduled Castes, tribal and aboriginal communities candidates and displaced persons. In the case of Indian employees of the Government of Burma discharged owing to constitutional changes in that country, the conditions regarding upper age limit may not be enforced in respect of temporary appointments while they may be relaxed upto 45 years where necessary in respect of permanent and quasi-permanent appointments. For others age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad.

PART 'A'.

Closing date for receipt of applications for following post is 9TH SEPTEMBER, 1950. Applications may be submitted on plain paper giving the undermentioned particulars. 1. Name of the post for which applying. 2. Name and address. 3. Father's name. 4. Date and place of birth. 5. Domicile. 6. Qualifications. 7. Previous experience. 8. Full details (with dates and salary drawn) of previous employment if any. 9. Minimum initial salary acceptable. 10. Names with addresses of three persons as references. They should be holders of responsible positions but must not be relations.

1. ONE ASSISTANT SOLICITOR TO THE HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR INDIA IN LONDON UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS. Central Service—Class I. Post temporary upto the end of February, 1951 for the present but likely to continue for an indefinite period. Other things being equal, preference may be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. Post non-pensionable and appointment terminable by one month's notice on either side. Probation six months. Selected candidate to join duty immediately after selection. PAY: Rs. 800-40-1000 (consolidated). Exempt from income-tax. Higher initial pay up to the maximum of the grade may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. In the case of candidates resident in India, foreign allowance upto Rs. 300/- p.m. for unmarried officers and Rs. 400/- p.m. for married officers will be paid. HOUSE RENT ALLOWANCE equal to the rent actually paid in excess of 12 1/2 per cent of his pay subject to a maximum of 22 1/2 per cent of pay and a suitable equipment allowance will be admissible. First class sea passages for himself and family members will also be given under the rules regulating the grant of this concession to temporary officers. AGE: (i) FOR PERSONS ALREADY IN GOVERNMENT SERVICE: Between 35 and 50 years. (ii) FOR OTHERS: Between 30 and 50 years. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—Must be an officer of a State Judicial Service, or an attorney of the High Court at Bombay or Calcutta with practical experience in a Solicitor's firm of repute. DESIRABLE: (i) Familiarity with the courts in the United Kingdom and their procedure. (ii) Secretariat experience. DUTIES: Conveyancing, drafting and giving legal advice on matters referred to the High Commissioner for India in London.

2. ONE DIRECTOR OF STORES, CENTRAL TRACTOR ORGANISATION, NEW PUSA, NEW DELHI UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service—Class I. Post temporary up to February, 1954 for the present, and non-pensionable. Probation one year. Headquarters normally at New Delhi but may be required to serve anywhere in India. Selected candidate to join duty immediately after selection. Appointment can be terminated any time during the probationary period without notice and by one month's notice on either side, thereafter. PAY: Rs. 1000-50-1400. AGE: Between 35 and 45 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) A degree in Engineering from any recognised Indian or Foreign University or A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualification. (ii) Practical training in an Engineering Workshop of repute. (iii) About 7 years' experience in a position of responsibility in a reputed Engineering Organisation or Railway. DESIRABLE—(i) Special experience in latest methods of stock and stores accounting with particular reference to works Cost accounting of large Engineering stores. (ii) Experience in handling and storage of petroleum products. (iii) Experience in planning, purchasing and disbursing requirements of a large engineering workshop engaged preferably on repair of locomotives, or automatic or Diesel Engines. DUTIES: To be Incharge of the Stores Organisation in the C.T.O. To organise the procurement, stocking and distribution of stores required by the C.T.O.

PART 'B'.

Closing date for receipt of applications for following items is 23RD SEPTEMBER, 1950. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Union Public Service Commission, Parliament House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. Candidates should specify name of post while applying forms. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms are not available.

1. ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (ANAEROBES), INDIAN VETERINARY RESEARCH INSTITUTE, MUKTESWAR UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service—Class II. Post temporary up to March, 1951 for the present but likely to continue thereafter. Other things being equal, preference will be given to displaced persons and Scheduled Caste candidates over non-Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. AGE: Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) A degree or diploma in Veterinary Science. (ii) Experience of working in a general Bacteriological Laboratory. OR Post graduate laboratory training. DESIRABLE—(i) Experience of scientific research connected with diseases caused by Anaerobic bacteria. (ii) Advanced course of training in Veterinary Science.

2. TWO OFFICERS-IN-CHARGE TIMBER DEPOTS UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service—Class I. Post temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. PAY: Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150. AGE: Between 25 and 35 years Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—Degree or Diploma in Forestry or Forest Utilization from a recognised foreign School or a recognised foreign university in U.S.A., Great Britain, etc. OR Diploma obtained after undergoing the Superior Service Course at Dehra Dun. DESIRABLE—Previous experience in running a timber depot.

3. ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (TRAINING) ANIMAL NUTRITION SECTION, INDIAN VETERINARY RESEARCH INSTITUTE UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service—Class II. Post permanent. Other things being equal, preference will be given to Scheduled Castes candidates and displaced Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.30-800. Higher initial pay upto Rs. 375 p.m. may be granted to a specially well qualified and experienced candidate. AGE: Between 30 and 45 years. RELAXABLE for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) Master's degree in Chemistry or Biochemistry or Physiology. (Candidates with a Doctorate degree in Biochemistry will be preferred). (ii) Training in Animal Nutrition. (iii) At least two years' experience in Research in Animal Nutrition. (iv) Some teaching experience. DESIRABLE—Degree/Diploma in Veterinary Science or Animal Husbandry.

4. HEAD OF THE ARCHITECTURE DEPARTMENT, DELHI POLYTECHNIC, DELHI, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. Central Service—Class I. Post permanent but appointment will be made for five years in the first instance on contract. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. Post non-pensionable and appointment terminable by one month's notice on either side. Probation six months. Selected candidate to join duty immediately after selection. PAY: Rs. 600-40-1000-50/2-1150. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 1000 may be granted to a specially well—qualified and experienced candidate. AGE: Below 40 years QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) A.R.I.B.A. or equivalent in professional status. (ii) About five years' teaching experience in a recognised Architectural Institution. OR About five years' professional experience in the office of a Chartered Architect or in private practice. DESIRABLE: (i) Membership of the Institute of Structural Engineers and/or Town Planning Institute. (ii) Particular understanding of the problems arising in Architectural Education.

5. TEN TECHNICAL OFFICERS IN THE CIVIL AVIATION DEPARTMENT UNDER THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS, Central Service—Class I. Posts permanent and pensionable but appointments will be made on a temporary basis for the present. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E.B.-30-770-40-850. AGE: Below 30 years QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—Bachelor's Degree in Telecommunication Engineering of a recognised University or equivalent qualification. OR Diploma of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore in Communication Engineering or equivalent qualification. OR Bachelor's Degree in Electrical Engineering of a recognised University or A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualification together with experience in Radio Communication Practice (This experience should be other than the basic training normally included in the degree course for Electrical Engineering).

6. ONE DEPUTY REGISTRAR OF TRADE MARKS, CALCUTTA UNDER THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE. Central Service—Class I. Post permanent and pensionable but appointment will be made on a temporary basis in the first instance. PAY: Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1050-1100-1100-1150. AGE: Below 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) (a) An Honours or Postgraduate degree or a Pass degree in the first class of a recognised Indian or foreign University or equivalent qualification. (b) A Degree in Law. (c) At least 10 years practice at the Bar. OR at least 10 years experience as a practising solicitor. OR (ii) (a) A Degree or Diploma in any Branch of Engineering of a recognised University or institution or A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualification. (b) At least 7 years' experience in the Trade Marks Registry of which at least 2 years' should have been as Assistant Registrar of Trade Marks. DESIRABLE—Acquaintance with Trade marks Law and practice. NOTE: The above qualifications may however be relaxed at the discretion of the Union Public Service Commission in favour of a candidate who is considered by them as exceptionally well-experienced and otherwise well qualified.

PUBLIC NOTICES

7. ONE LECTURER IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (DESIGN), DELHI POLYTECHNIC, DELHI UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EDUCATION. Central Service—Class II. (Gazetted). Post permanent but appointment will be made on a temporary basis. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. PAY: Rs. 300-25-500-30-560. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 425 p.m. may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. AGE: Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—(i) At least a Second Class degree in Electrical Engineering or Electrical Communication Engineering of a recognised Indian or Foreign University. OR At least a Second Class Master's degree in Physics of a recognised University followed by a diploma in Electrical Communication Engineering from Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore. (ii) About 2 years' teaching experience in theory, practice and design of Tele-Communication Engineering and Electrical instruments to degree or equivalent classes in a recognised Engineering College or a recognised Institution. DESIRABLE: (i) Practical experience in large industrial Concerns. (ii) Some practical experience in light current work and line communication.

8. ONE INFORMATION OFFICER (URDU) IN THE PRESS INFORMATION BUREAU UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING. Central Service—Class I. Post temporary for the present but likely to be continued with possibility of appointment on a five year renewable contract. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. PAY: Rs. 720-40-1000. Higher initial pay may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. AGE: Between 25 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants holding journalistic posts. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL— (i) Degree of a recognised University with proficiency in Urdu as well as English. (This qualification may be relaxed by the Union Public Service Commission in the case of candidates whom the Commission consider exceptionally qualified otherwise. (ii) Journalistic experience preferably as Assistant Editor, News Editor or Chief Sub-Editor for at least five years of which at least 3 years should have been on an Urdu newspaper of standing. (iii) Some Administrative Experience. DESIRABLE—Knowledge of Indian culture and/or economics.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT AT CALCUTTA.

Suit No. 991 of 1950.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

BANK OF COMMUNICATION.

vs

MAXIM TRADING CO. LTD., & Ors.

To

RAMDAS MONILAL SHAH
33, Chaupatty Road,
in the Province of Bombay
the Defendant No. 3. abovenamed.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court on the 27th February, 1950, against you and others for a decree for Rs. 3,79,938-10-0 as alternative damages against defendants 1 and 2: Rs. 2,62,834-3-0 against you Sale of Shares and appropriation of sale proceeds towards the claim of the plaintiff Company, for specific performance of the Agreement for hypothecation, possession, enquiry into damages and decree against the defendants for the sum found due to the plaintiff Company, for receiver, injunction, interest costs and other reliefs. You are hereby required to cause an appearance to be entered for you in the Office of the Registrar of this Court within 21 days and to file your Written Statement within 42 days from the date of this publication and to appear before this Court in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court to answer the plaintiff's claim on the day the case is set down for hearing upon which date you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses and all documents in your possession or power upon which you intend to rely in support of your case. And take notice that in default thereof the suit will be liable to be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 23rd day of August, 1950.

S. N. BANERJEE,
Master.

FOX & MANDAL,
Attorneys for the Plaintiff.
12, Old Post Office Street,
Calcutta.

(8507)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. DHANSUKHLAL CHHOTUBHAI MISTRY has on 22nd August, 1950, purchased from Mr. Jeram Shamji the business of Messrs. Morvi Cloth Stores, situate at Shop No. 15 Kavarana Building Soparibaug Road Parel as a going concern together with its stocks, furniture, fitting and other articles together with its good-will and incidental tenancy rights, benefits and advantages but not the liabilities and debts thereof. The Vendor Mr. Jeram Shamji has agreed to pay all the liabilities and debts thereof.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1950.

SUNKERSETT & VAIDYA,
Attorneys-at-Law.

(8510)

(For Further Notices See Page 8)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, U.P.

Advertisement No. 51

APPLICATIONS are invited from citizens of India for a temporary gazetted post of WOMEN DIRECTOR, Women Welfare Scheme in the Rural Development Department, U.P. Other things being equal, preference will be given to those domiciled in U.P. Pay Rs. 250-850. A higher initial start may be given to candidates possessing special qualifications and experience. QUALIFICATIONS:—Candidates must be graduates with at least two years' experience of social work amongst women. They should also be conversant with Hindi language and U.P. culture and customs. Training or experience in Social Service Training Centres such as Wardha Centre will be treated as a special qualification. Age not above 40 years (43 years for Scheduled Caste candidates) on August 1, 1950. Candidates who had applied for this post in 1949 need not apply again. Prescribed application forms may be had from the SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT NO. A51(R-5(a), P.S.C., U.P., ALLAHABAD, UP TO SEPTEMBER 16, 1950 AGAINST A MONEY ORDER OF RE. 1/- EACH. Applications on such forms will be received UP TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1950.

Dated Allahabad, August 18, 1950.

(8512)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. Property of S. Miller, Esqr. and others at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face of complete household and Office Furniture, 53 ins. Eng. Milner's and other Safe, Steel Almirah, Typewriter, Sewing-Machine, Radio, Wall Clock, Elec. Fan, Zoola Sofa, Cabinet, Partition, Dining, Writing and Dressing Table, Chairs, Show Case, Chesterfield, Almirah, Bed, H M V. Gramophone, etc., (S. Tax). T 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY including 6 Brooches Jewelled, 8 Rings jewelled, 1 locket, 1 Brooch with a jewel, 6 Paris Earrings (1 Pearl 5 jewelled) 1 Gold Pin 8 Necklaces, 3 Bracelets, 2 Pendants (1 Marble, 1 gold with jewellery and chain) on SATURDAY, the 26th inst., at 2 p.m. at our Rooms, at 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay under instructions from M/s. Panachand Shah & Co., Attorneys for The Discount Bank of India Ltd., and on a/c and at risk of Mrs. Piloo P. Hirjee.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

L. KANT & CO.'S

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INSTALLATIONS:

"SATHE

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RING UP 22539 Or Write to: 318, Charni Rd. Bombay 4.

Distributor for Bombay:

MARCONI ENGINEERING CO.
75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

For unrepresented areas write to:

Manufacturers
CALCUTTA ELECTRIC LAMP. WORKS LTD.,
3, Mangoe Lane, CALCUTTA, 1.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Shravan Shud 14, 2006
Muslim: Zilkad 11, 1369
Parsi: Aspandarmad 28, 1319.
Sunrise 6-22 a.m. Sunset 6-59 p.m.
Hightide 11-32, 23-32
Lowtide 04-52, 17-48

Engagements

HORNIMAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM: Talk on "Modern News Agencies" by Mr. C.S.J. Rao, Editor, Globe News Agency, at 5-30 p.m. at Khalsa College, Matunga.

HIND MAZDOOR SABHA: Public Meeting of all working people in the City to announce date and details of the Teokhen Sympathy General Stroke in support of the present textile workers strike, at 6-30 p.m. at Chaupati. Maniben Kara and Asoka Mehta will speak.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Public Meeting to mourn the death of Shri R. S. Padbidri in the Shrimat Anandashram Hall Talmaki Wadi, Tardeo, at 6 p.m. Shri S K. Patil will preside.

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LTD. STAFF UNION: Managing Committee meeting at Union Office, Vithal Sadan, Congress House, 4-30 p.m.

GENERAL K. M. CARIAPPA: Will review Combined Ceremonial Parade of 2, 1 and 3 Bombay Battalions and Bombay Medical Coy. at Brabourne Stadium at 4-15 p.m.

BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ: Onam Day Celebration at Podar College Hall, Matunga, at 6 p.m. Variety programme Dance and Music.

YAJURVEDA UPASAMKRAMAM: Will be celebrated at Scindia Colony, Opp. Prakas Pictures, Kurla Road, Andheri East at 10-30 a.m. on Sunday 27th August All interested are cordially invited.

THE TEACHING COMMITTEE: Discussion on "Should Women Enjoy Equal Rights With Men?" at Bahai Information Bureau, Ismail Building (above Eastern Bank) Flora Fountain, at 5-30 p.m. Open to all.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION: Annual General Meeting with exhibition of 'Communicable Diseases' and 'Food Groups', at Sanitary Institute, 1st Floor, Princess Street, at 4 p.m.

Shravan Celebrations

SRI KETHANDAPATTI NARASIMHACHARIAR will conduct "Sravanum" at No. 13, Brahmanwada Rd. from 9 to 10 a.m. and at No. 1, Viswas Bhavan, Deodhar Road, Matunga GIP, from 10-30 a.m. to 12 noon, on Sunday, 27th August, 1950.

AT S.I. BHAJANA SAMAJ: "Brahma Sri Vaidyanatha Sastrigal (Melatur Vadhyar) will hold the Rigveda Sravana Upakarma between 6 a. m. today at the South India Bhajana Samaj and the "Yajurveda" Sravana Upakarma between 6 a.m. and 12 noon on Sunday at the South Indian Bhajana Samaj premises, Telang Road, Matunga GIP"

AT SANKARA MUTT

The Rig Veda and Yajur Veda Upakarmams will be conducted by Brahma Shri Mannakal V. Sunderesa Dhikshitar at Sree Sankara Mutt, Matunga, and Sunday respectively. Maha Sankalpam will commence at 10 a.m. on both days

AT BHUTA NIVAS

Brahmashri N.S.S. Vadhyar will conduct at 10-30 a.m. Yajur Upakarmam on Sunday the 27th instant at his residence 1|22, Bhuta Nivas, Vincent Road, Matunga, GIP.

AT ASTHIK SAMAJ

M. Vaideeshwara Vadyar will conduct Yajur Upakarmam at Asthika Samaj Hall on Sunday morning.

AT SANTA CRUZ

Brahmasree P.S. Lakshmana Vadhyar will conduct Rigveda Upakarmam on Saturday, the 26th instant between 8-30 and 10-30 a.m. and Yajurveda Upakarmam on Sunday, the 27th instant between 10-30 a.m. and 12-30 p.m. at Jay Villa, Dadabhai Road, Santa Cruz West.

JUMBLE SALE

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bombay Division Girl Guides Association has organised a jumble sale in aid of the Bombay State Girl Guide Fund for emergency relief. The sale, which gives a unique opportunity to purchase clothes, household articles, shoes, bags, etc., at very cheap prices will be held at the Cathedral High School, Napier Road, Fort, on August 26, from 10-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m.

A HOUSE BURGLED

BOMBAY, Friday.

The office of the Regional Transport Officer at Wadilal Lane, Clarke Road, Byculla was burgled this morning and a type-writer, a clock and some cash was stolen by some persons. The police are investigating.

Helicopter For India

BOMBAY, Friday.

An American helicopter, now on a delivery flight to India, is expected to arrive in Bombay in October from the United Kingdom, it was learnt here today.

The "rotor-blade" aircraft which is a stranger to Indian aviation has been ordered by a Bombay businessman.

C-in-C Calls On Chief Minister

Gen. K. M. Cariappa, Indian C-in-C, who arrived in Bombay yesterday met the Chief Minister Mr. B. G. Kher at his residence, at 11 a.m. Photo shows the Hon'ble B. G. Kher chit-chatting with the C-in-C. With them is seen Maj. Gen. D. S. Brar, the Area Commander.

KISANS MUST BE SELF-RELIANT

Lohia's Call: Socialist Plan Outlined

JAIPUR, August 25 (PTI).

PEASANTRY in the country must become self-reliant, work out its own advance, and not necessarily wait for governmental initiative, said Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Socialist Party Leader, in a speech here.

"Large-scale national undertakings require governmental initiative and resources but small-scale projects can be undertaken by the people themselves", he told a Kisan Panchayat meeting here on Wednesday.

The Socialist Party was prepared to make this its main programme and give effect to it in one out of every ten villages in the country.

Where the people had legitimate grievances, said Dr. Lohia, the Socialist Party would offer satyagraha and "force the Government to accept their demands."

He said: "In a democracy the elections provide a mighty weapon against the party in power but there will be occasions when the rule of law can legitimately be defined. For the redress of the grievances of the people we cannot wait until the next elections; and if the present Government is returned to power we may have to wait another five years. Therefore, we have decided to offer Satyagraha wherever it is necessary and thus force the Government to accept the people's demands."

Dr. Lohia admitted that the Socialist programme in the country, as a whole, had not materialised to the fullest extent, "but this should not discourage us. It should pave the way for fuller determination to work hard and achieve success."

The Socialist Party had actively opposed injustice and tyranny wherever it occurred. As a result about 1,500 Socialist workers were at present behind bars in the Punjab, and Southern States, Dr. Lohia added.

Referring to the Socialist Party's foreign policy, he said he did not approve of the action taken by the Government of India in the Security Council on the Korean question.

Acceptance of the Security Council's resolution on Korea, he added, "amounted to taking sides with the Atlantic powers and the insistence on the admittance of the representative of Communist China to the Security Council amounted to siding with the Soviet bloc."

The National Executive of the Socialist Party which concluded its three-day session here on Wednesday in a resolution on the international situation hoped the General Assembly of the United Nations due to meet in September would not stultify itself alone in the inter-bloc manoeuvres" and would adopt programmes that rise above the existing tensions and "treat the disease of the world in its root in order that the world in all its regions might expand its capacity to produce wealth and welfare.

Commenting on the resolution, Dr Ram Manohar Lohia said that the point-four programme of President Truman was yet "mere gossip." The United States was spending fourteen billion dollars on war, but only one thousandth part—that is: fourteen million—on world development. That could not change unless the entire basis of the world development became one of mutual assistance instead of "charity from advanced countries to backward areas."

TODAY'S RADIO

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Assamese—7 a.m. 1 p.m. 7 Bengali—7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6, 9. Gorkhali—7-30 p.m. Gujarati—8-45 a.m. 1 p.m. 6-10 9-15, Kannada—7-45 a.m. 3-15, Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam—7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m. 8-15, Tamil 8 Punjabi 8-30 a.m. 8-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7, Urdu 9 a.m. 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m.—7-30 a.m. Mangal prabhat, 7-45 B Pathak G geet, 8-15 R Ramnathkar desi 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 B Pathak, geet, 1-10 G geet, garba, raas, 1-40 Listeners' postbag, 5-0 B Charankar, 5-30 For children, G. 6-10 A A Khan, sartd, 6-40 B Charankar, 7-0 Air artists, G geets 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Air artist, ghazal 7-30 Leela Kelkar, jaijaiwanti 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 B Pathak G geet, 8-45 B Manjrekar, kh. nayaki kanada, 8-15 Amritlal, G geet, 8-30 A A Khan, sarod.

353 m.—Variations—7-40 Prog., 8-0 A A Khan, sarod 8-45 G Powle, M songs, 1-10 p.m. Air artist bhavgeet, 1-30 Dwandwa geet, 1-50 Marathi gani 5-30 G Powale M songs 5-45 Air artist, basaweshwar 6-0 Song from Savitri, pad, 6-20 Villagers' prog. in Mar. and 6-30 in Kannada, 7-20 Marathi pad by air artist, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 G Powale M songs 8-30 Letters' replies, M, 8-45 Shanta Shelke, "Vishwas" 9-0 Folksongs, 9-30 Composite prog., M 10-0 U F Khan vocal.

BARODA

250m.—7-30 a.m. Arghya music, 7-45 Progs., 7-50 M Kalu, bhajan, 8-15 V. Potkar instr. music, 8-20 T P Upadhyay, bhajans, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad 5-45 Air quartet, rag sul malhar, 6-10 T P Upadhyay bhajans, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 Film music 7-15 Letters' replies, 7-30 Jagtap pakhwaj, 7-45 T P Upadhyaya, bhajan 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Music, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

326-1 M.—7-30 a.m. P Upadhyaya G geet 7-40 Programmes, 7-45 Geet gunjan, 8-15 as in Baroda, 8-30 Rag devgandhar, 5-30 p.m. P Upadhyay, G geet, 5-45 and 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Film songs, 6-45 P Upadhyay, bhajans, 7-0 K Joshi rag sham kalyan, 7-15 S R Bhatt, G talk 7-25 Musical interlude, 7-30 G For industrial workers G, 8-0 Locals, 9-5 Parwana, 8-30 Variety 9-30 Classical music.

Faiyaz Khan On Air

BOMBAY, Friday:

On August 26, at 10-00 p.m. A.I.R. Bombay, will be broadcasting the electrical recordings of Ustad Faiyaz Khan of Baroda rendering Rag Megh Malhar and Thumri.

The programme will be heard on 353 and 61.98 metres

Diwakar Visits Films Division

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister for Broadcasting and Information Government of India, visited the offices of the Films Division of the Ministry today and later the Minister visited the Tourist Information Bureau at Victoria Terminus.

The Minister left for Poona en route to Hubli in the evening.

Gadgil Meets Kher

BOMBAY, Friday.

Shri N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Mines Works and Power, met Shri B. G. Kher, Chrief Minister, Bombay, and Shri Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, at their respective residences, yesterday.

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR ANANDA'S MOTHER

Murder Of Siam's Late King

GENEVA, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter):—Two Siamese judges, who are trying three men for complicity in connection with the mystery death of 21-year old King Ananda in 1946, arrived here by air yesterday from Bangkok with a questionnaire for the mother of the late King. She is staying at Lausanne with her student son, the present King Phumiphon Adulet.

King Ananda was killed by a gunshot. Three royal attendants were brought to trial in 1948 when a new Government reopened investigations closed by previous authorities.

Ship Pulled Out

LONDON, Aug. 25, (PTI-Reuter): The 4.892 ton Swedish motor vessel "Seven Salen", which ran into a submerged wreck in Manila Bay in the Philippines on Wednesday was freed from the wreck on Thursday morning.

RAIN AFTER TWO DAYS

BOMBAY, Friday.

According to the weather experts at Santa Cruz, the present dry spell in the city and the suburbs may continue for three days more, after which the monsoon is expected to start again.

It is further stated that during the next three days, thundershowers will continue in some places in Deccan Hyderabad and South Konkan.

The total rainfall recorded so far at the Colaba Observatory is 37.8 inches, which is nearly ten inches below normal.

THUNDERSHOWERS IN U. P. HILLS

All-India Weather

POONA, Aug. 25 (PTI): The following is the daily All-India weather summary for Friday

Thundershowers have been widespread in Travancore-Cochin, Rayalaseema, sub-Himalayan West Bengal and in and, near the hills of west Uttar Pradesh and occurred locally in Assam, Orissa, Bihar, East Uttar Pradesh, East Madhya Pradesh, Deccan Desh, South Hyderabad and Mysore.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL SATURDAY EVENING: The monsoon will strengthen along the west coast, south of Ratnagiri and over the Gangetic plain. Rainfall will be widespread in Travancore-Cochin, Malabar, South Kanara, the south Konkan, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, West Uttar Pradesh and the hills of the Punjab (1).

There will be local showers in Assam, Gangetic West Bengal, Bihar, East Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh, South Deccan (Desh) and Mysore. A few light showers are likely elsewhere over the country outside Rajasthan and Saurashtra and Kutch.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from June 1, and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Friday:—

Abu 77 65 0 46.1 plus 0.3 Ahmedabad 93 78 0 23.5 plus 0 5 Ahmednagar 94 81 0.5 7.8 minus 3.1 Allahabad 97 80 0 29.9 plus 3.8 Ambala 96 78 0 23.5 plus 4.5 Aurangabad 72 0 10.4 minus 5.4 Bangalore 84 67 0 3 7.8 minus 2.9 Baroda 94 78 0 36M8 plus 11.5 Bhavanagar 90 74 0 17.9 plus 3.0 Banaras 95 80 0 34.3 plus 7.6 Bhopal 93 75 0 23.0 minus 13.1 Bhuj 88 78 0 26.9 plus 16 8 BOMBAY 89 77 0 37.8 minus 16.3 Calcutta 89 79 0.3 33.6 minus 1.5 Cochin 83 75 0.8 71M7 plus 8.2 Coimbatore 87 74 0 4.9 plus 0.8 Cuttack 93 75 3 1 27.0 minus 7.2 Darjiling 62 56 1.8 120.5 plus 41.2 Dehra Dun 85 72 0.8 62.6 plus 3.0 Delhi 98 81 0 23.0 plus 6 9 Gwalior 96 78 0 25.6 Hyderabad (Dn.) 96 71 0.1 13.7 minus 1.0 Indore 91 67 0 19.2 minus 3.3 Jubbulpore 94 75 0 39.84 minus 1 1 Kanpur 94 76 0.5 19.3 minus 3.5 Kolhapur 90 70 1.0 25.7 Lucknow 95 79 0.3 18.2 minus 7.7 Madras 93 78 0 10.1 plus 1 1 Mahabaleshwar 71 64 0.1 163.9 minus 45.9 Mussorie 67 59 0.1 81.4 plus 2.10 Mysore 83 68 T 8.8 plus 1.5 Nagpur 95 77 0 17.9 minus 14.4 Ootacamund 65 65 0.8 18.7 minus 1 1 Patiala 96 80 0 19.9 Patna 93 80 0 26.3 minus 2.6 Poona 91 72 0 13.0 minus 1.1 Rajkot 94 73 0 25.5 plus 6.6 Ranchi 8 73 0.3 45 8 plus 10.0 Shillong 75 Sholapur 95 72 0.5 7.1 minus 3.5 Simla 71 58 0 50.6 plus 13.5 Surat 89 74 0 23.4 minus 8.9 Trivandrum 77 73 2.4 33.9 minus 0 9 Vizagapatam 89 80 T 12.1 minus 0.4.

Publishers' Exhibition On November 11

BOMBAY, Friday.

A publishers' Exhibition, claimed to be the first of its kind in the country, will be held here from November 11 to 19.

The objects of the exhibition, sponsored by the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, is to give a graphic and comprehensive picture of "the progress of publishing from the first traceable publication to the latest and the best".

Bringing together publishers of ooks newspapers and periodicals of the various languages in the country, the exhibition will-provide an opportunity for them to exchange views, compare notes, understand the different trends in the various languages and profit from the experience of one another.

Traffic Regulations On Cocoanut Day

BOMBAY, Friday:

In view of the closure of certain roads to vehicular traffic and the regulation of vehicular traffic from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill to Fort and vice versa on the August 27, on account of Cocoanut Day, the members of the public wishing to proceed to, or from, the north of the Island are advised to proceed via Mohamedali Road and Parel Road instead of via Queen's Road and Hughes Road from 3 p.m. onwards to save themselves delay and inconvenience.

Thieves Frightened Away

BOMBAY, Friday.

Four persons entered the house of Mr. Shrikrishna Tambe at Sion Road at 4-30 this morning and removed ornaments and other articles valued at Rs. 300 from the residence.

Mr. Tambe suspecting the presence of thieves got out his licenced revolver and fired a couple of rounds. The thieves finding themselves faced with an armed man tried to assault their victim with stones and sticks. No one is reported to have been injured

The thieves made good their escape under cover of darkness.

SPECIAL JURY FOR KISHORI TRIAL

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Division Bench of the High Court consisting of Mr. Justice Bavdeker and Mr. Justice Vyas allowed an application presented by the State of Bombay praying for a special jury in the forthcoming trial of Kishori Alladatta and her two employees.

It was submitted my Mr. S. R. Vakil, Public Prosecutor that Kishori and her accomplices were first tried for murder by a special jury, which returned a unanimous verdict of guilty for the lesser offence of culpable homicide. The learned judge sentenced her to seven years rigorous imurisonment. Kishori went in appeal and the High Court quashed the conviction and ordered retrial.

SECOND TRIAL

Her second trial took place before the learned judge Mr. Khandalawala. As the charge against her was of culpable homicide not amounting to murder a common jury was empanelled. mThe jury returned a majority verdict of not guilty by 5 to 4, but the learned judge disagreeing with it discharged the jury and ordered retrial.

Kishori moved the High Court once again submitting that it was unprecedented in the history of the judiciary that a person had to undergo three trials for the same offence, but her application was dismissed.

It was further submitted that there was a mass of evidence complicated and somewhat difficult to understand. Also it may be recalled, the Press took a considerable interest in the case and even questions relating to it were asked in the Minister's weekly press conference.

Justice Bavdekar: You like a special jury because it returned a verdict of guilty and you dislike a common jury because it was otherwise.

Public Prosecutor: No, My Lord, that is not so. Special jurors are better qualified and are selected from persons earning no less than Rs. 500.

Mr. Gidwani, appearing for Kishori's employees submitted that special juries are more amenable to what the judge may say. It is not the case with common jurors. Hence, the application should not be entertained. Mr. E. B. Ghaswala appearing for Kishori submitted that he would like to have a special jury of men having a better status in life but he opposed the application on principle.

Remarking that there was something peculiar about the case in which once the jurors brought the unanimous verdict of guilty and the next time brought the majority verdict of not guilty by 5 to 4, a verdict which in law is no verdict at all, their Lordships allowed the application and stated that the special jurors who are generally summoned for murder trials are supposed by the Legislature to be better qualified for the job.

The trial will commence on or about September 1, 1950.

Life Sentence For Murder

WOMAN KILLED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Found guilty of murder by the majority verdict of 7 to 2 of the Special Jury Mr. Honaver, the Sessions Judge sentenced one Sawarkhan Kachgulkhan to transportation for life.

The story of the prosecution was that the deceased Tamizbi was residing at Hyderabad with her husband Farid. About 18 months back she came to Bombay for her confinement and stayed with her mother Chhotibi at Chunavali, Santacruz. Opposite the flat of Chhotibi lived the accused. Within two months of her confinement the accused and the deceased became fast friends. The deceased left her mother's house one day leaving her new-born babe to the care of Chhotibi and eloped with the accused. Sometime thereafter, it appears the deceased was tired of the accused and so returned to her house. On January 27, 1950, exactly three days after her comeback she fell a victim to ten mortal injuries inflicted upon her by the accused. In the morning of January 27, 1950, the accused came to the house of the deceased and finding her there stole into her room and shut the doors from inside. As chance would have it a nine-year-old girl Sunderbai was in the very room. Entering the room the accused whipped out a knife and gave ten blows to his erstwhile sweetheart.

The accused thereafter wanted to go away but people had gathered at the door. Unafraid of the situation the accused climbed up on the roof removing some tiles and rushed to the police station with blood-stained clothes. The police arrested him and put him up for trial on the charge of murder.

Mr. A. S. Navalker instructed by Mr. S. R. Vakil, the Public Prosecutor of Bombay, appeared for the State.

Mr. Govindram appeared for the accused.

ALLEGED BID AT SUICIDE

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sitaram Atmaram Rane was arrested by the city police yesterday for allegedly attempting to commit suicide by taking poison. He was taken to the J.J. Hospital for treatment.

Presidency Magistrate, Mr. J. M. Barot, ordered Sitaram to be released on bail.

Congressman Arrested

BOMBAY, Friday.

Vithal Ganoo Mane, a Congressmen of F. Ward Bombay and three others were arrested by the City Police, following a raid on a room on a room at Darukhana, Reay Road, yesterday for receiving "sutta bets."

JUMBLE SALE

ORGANISED BY
THE BOMBAY DIVISION GIRL GUIDES ASSOCIATION

IN AID OF
THE BOMBAY STATE GIRL GUIDE FUND
FOR EMERGENCY RELIEF

AT
THE CATHEDRAL GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL
NAPIER ROAD, FORT

ON
SATURDAY, 26th AUGUST, 1950
From 10-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE CLOTHES, HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES, SHOES, BAGS ETC. AT VERY CHEAP PRICES.

DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

H.O THODUPUZHA (TRAVANCORE)

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BRANCHES: ALLEPPEY, ALWAYE, ATTINGAL, COCHIN, CALICUT, CHANGANACHERRY, EDAPPALLY, ERNAKULAM, ERATTUPETTA, KAYAMKULAM, KANJAR, KOTTAYAM, KOTTARAKARA, KOTHAMANGALAM, KOOTHATTUKULAM, MAVELIKARA, MUNDAKAYAM, MUVATTUPUZHA, NAGARCOIL, NEYYATTINKARA, PALAI, PARUR, PERUMBAVOOR, PIRVOM, PONKUNNAM, POONJAR, SANDALAM, PUNALOOR, QUILON, SHERTALAI, THARKALA, THIRUVALLA, TRICHUR, TRIPUNITHURA, TRIVANDRUM, VAIKOM, AND VAZHAKULAM

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Ensure Full Protection And Just Treatment

BENGAL MINORITIES' PLEA

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25. (UPI).

A 20-point memorandum urging the fulfilment of the conditions by the two Governments for effective implementation of the Nehru-Liaquat Agreement has been submitted to the Minority Ministers of India and Pakistan, Shri C. C. Biswas, and Dr. A.M. Malik, in Calcutta, by leaders of the Minority communities from both East and West Bengal.

Among those who have signed on behalf of the East Bengal Hindus are five members of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly and 14 members of the East Bengal Assembly.

Signatories from West Bengal include five MLAs and other minority leaders from districts.

The memorandum suggests:

(1) Special machinery like special courts must be set up speedily to bring to book all culprits involved in the last riotings (irrespective of number and character of cases) and subsequent lawlessness so as to discourage similar happenings in future. Those of the culprits who escape the law, should be dealt with under the special powers.

COMPENSATION

(2) Immediate and adequate compensation for the victims of communal disturbances.

(3) Immediate transfer and demotion of all officers who failed to maintain law and order in their respective areas during the last disturbances and adoption of a similar policy in future.

(4) Making local officers, union board presidents and local leaders of the majority community personally responsible for treatment to minorities and imposition of collective fine or punitive tax, when circumstances justify.

(5) Release of all security and other political prisoners and withdrawal of all orders of externment made on political or communal grounds. Special powers must cease to be used except under judicial supervision.

(6) The non-official public must under no circumstances be allowed to interfere with civil liberty or to take the law into their own hands.

(7) The policy of requisitioning of houses of minorities must cease immediately and those already requisitioned or forcibly occupied must be released at once in view of hardships and harassments. There should be fixation of fair rent of the houses requisitioned and the payment of the arrears should be made immediately.

(8) All agricultural lands belonging to the minority community forcibly occupied by the members of the majority community should be immediately restored to the owners.

(9) Restoration of all properties, industries, business and trade, seized of or held by force or subterfuge.

(10) All discrimination in issuing licences or permits or affording other facilities for pursuing trade and commerce should be stopped.

(11) All attempts at boycott of minorities, economic or otherwise, should be checked.

(12) The policy of indiscriminate seizure of licensed fire-arms from the minorities should be stopped and licensed guns seized should be returned to the owners with compensation and fresh licences should be issued to those among the minorities who want them, as liberally as to the majorities. In case of guns disposed of they should be requisitioned and restored to the previous owners.

OFFENCES AGAINST WOMEN

(13) Offences against women, whatever the degree may be, should be penalised with exemplary punishment. Abducted or kidnapped girls as soon as traced out, should be immediately delivered to their original guardians without going through the lengthy and intricate process of law.

(14) Re-organisation of all semi-military organisations and their recruitment must be made dependent on certificates of good conduct from respectable persons and must be from both the majority and minority communities proportionate to the population.

(15) Recruitment to all services, including defence, of 50 per cent from the minorities until their number comes up to the percentage according to population. Direct recruitment in key positions in every district. The service conditions for members of the minority community must not in any manner differ from those of the majority.

(16) Stress on rational and scientific education and the safeguarding of the education and culture of the minorities.

(17) Propaganda should be carried on by leaders of the majority community and officials that the minorities must be looked upon as good citizens of the State.

(19) The Government policy must be so shaped as speedily to replace the communal outlook by political outlook.

(20) The plea of what is or is not happening in another State must not be flung at the face of the minorities of any State as their allegiance is wholly and exclusively to the State to which they belong.

Wheeler Employees' Protest Action

BOMBAY, Friday.

In the midst of industrial unrest prevailing in the city, the Employees Union of M/s. Wheeler & Co., has given a call to the employees to close the bookstalls on Sundays from August 27. The call is in vindication of their stand against a circular of the Company which holds the Managers of the bookstalls as employers within the meaning of Sec. 2 Sub-Section 7 of the Bombay Shop & Establishment Act. The Wheeler & Co. Bookstall Employees Union also alleged that the staff were getting low salaries, and no holidays.

IMPORT OF LIQUID GOLD

Quota Percentage Increased

BOMBAY, Friday.

In accordance with the arrangements in the Public Notice No. 30-ITC(PN)/50 dated June 15, 1950, established importers alone were allowed to apply for licences for importing liquid gold from soft currency countries for the periods July-December, 1950, and January-June, 1951. Licences were to be granted on the basis of a quota of 30 per cent of half of best year's imports. These arrangements have now been reviewed and the following modifications have been made:

(a) While established importers alone will continue to be eligible for licences, the quota percentage will be increased from 30 per cent to 50 per cent of half of best year's imports for each of the licensing periods in question.

(b) No licence will be granted where the value of the quota calculated on the basis of the revised percentage of 50 per cent is less than Rs. 50,000 for each licensing period.

(c) Licences will be issued subject to the condition that the liquid gold imported thereunder will not be disposed of except in accordance with the directions of the Government of Uttar Pradesh. This condition will be licence-holder liable to be permanently debarred from obtaining further licence in future.

IMPORTS OF BOBBINS

Manufacturers Urge Restrictive Policy

BOMBAY, Friday.

A luncheon given at the Cricket Club of India, in honour of Mr. G. L. Mehta and members of the Import Control Enquiry Committee of the Planning Commission by the All-India Bobbin Manufacturers Association, was enlivened by a discussion on matters relating to restriction on imports with particular reference to the bobbin industry in India.

The contention of the Bobbin Manufacturers Association was that Government was frittering away valuable foreign exchange to the tune of fifty-five lakhs of rupees in not enforcing a restrictive policy on the importation of the foreign articles. It was argued that the bobbin industry in India was in a position to meet the entire demands of the country and that there was no need to encourage foreign imports of this commodity. The foreign exchange thus conserved would, it was argued, go a long way towards the importation of food-stuffs to feed the hungry millions.

It was significant, too, the Association pointed out, that with the fall of production in yarn and cloth there was a simultaneous increase in the imports of bobbins.

The Association also pleaded for protection in the matter of railway freight as accorded to the plywood and matchwood trade which enjoyed certain facilities.

QUALITY OF PRODUCT

Mr. G. L. Mehta, taking a dispassionate view of the situation, said it was not possible for Government to bring pressure on millowners to patronize the indigenous product. It was a matter that rested entirely with the millowners. It was how they felt about the quality of the local product, and their conviction as to its intrinsic worth was the deciding factor. With them it was a question of survival of the fittest.

When questioned how it was that not long ago consumption had increased, he said that it may have been due to "pent-up" demands that had accumulated during the war due to difficulties in securing foreign products. He advised the Association to win the goodwill of the millowners as the best way of ensuring their patronage, together with an effort at improving the quality of their products.

He noted the point in giving a fillip to the local industries, but averred that a policy of very rigid import restrictions might react adversely on the industry, for bobbins were not the only things that India was producing. There were other commodities that might claim the same protective measures, and it would be difficult for Government to give the same consideration to all these on the mere plea that they were infant industries which deserved encouragement to the extent of excluding foreign competition. Besides, he stated, protective measures of this kind might create a monopoly in certain commodities.

The All-India Bobbin Manufacturers Association have submitted a memorandum to the Minister for Industry and Supply and are awaiting his reply thereto regarding their grievances.

Later in the evening Mr. Mehta and other members of the Import Central Enquiry Committee were entertained at a tea party by Mr. R. G. Saraiya, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber at the Chamber's office at Churchgate.

AMBALA, Aug. 25 (PTI): Police again used tear-gas to disperse an anti-capital demonstration in the village of Bajwara in Ambala District yesterday and arrested 13 persons for defying ban on meetings and processions.

Working Girls Hostel

NOT TAKEN OVER BY GOVERNMENT

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25

The attention of the Government of India has been invited to statements in the press ascribed to the Hon'ble Deputy Minister for Commerce and the Hon'ble Deputy Minister for Works Mines and Power, to the effect that Government have taken over the management of the Western House Hostel from the YWCA on account of complaints against its management.

The Government of India desires it to be known that no such statements have been made by the Ministers concerned and that the information as published is completely without foundation.

The Western House Hostel is not a Government hostel but is administered by the YWCA under the arrangement arrived at in the year 1946.

Under this arrangement, the building and furniture have been placed at the disposal of the YWCA free of rent for the purpose of running a hostel for working girls drawing salaries of less than Rs. 300 p.m., priority being given to women Government employees.

The YWCA have given the Government of India notice of termination of the agreement with effect from 1st October, 1950, and this notice has been accepted. The future of the hostel is now under consideration.

LAIK ALI CABINET TRIAL ON SEPT. 6

Defence Of Accused Arranged

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 25. (UPI): The case against Mir Lake Ali and 16 others charged with offences of murder, loot, arson and conspiracy to drive away caste Hindus and establish an Islamic State in Hyderabad will begin from September 6, although certain preliminaries will be settled on September 2.

This was decided by the special tribunal today when it met to finalise arrangements for the defence of the accused. Except in the case of Sidiq Dendar, defence arrangements for all accused have been made, and where accused have not been able to engage counsels, the court has done the needful for them.

Three British counsel, Mr. B. J. M. Mackenna, K. C., Mr. D. A. Grant, barrister-at-law, and Mr. E. M. Chambers, solicitor of the firm of Sanderson Lee and Co., are defending the accused, besides Mr. Murtaza Khan, Mohmed Hussain Faruki and Khan Sahib A. S. Qureshi, local lawyers.

Khan Sahib Qureshi, representing Nawab Deen Yar Jung, informed the court today his client was not in a position to attend the court. Whereupon, the President asked him to make an application to this effect, and at the same he asked the special prosecutor to make a definite attitude in the matter so that the case should not be delayed on that account.

Kasim Razvi, who is accused in this case too, was informed that orders on his applications for certain papers would be passed on September 2.

Lastly the President said that the approver's statement would be supplied to the accused and their counsel by tomorrow evening.

The case was then adjourned until September 2.

FILE TAMPERED WITH AND CUT

Razvi's Contention

HYDERABAD, (Deccan) Aug. 25, (PTI): Syed Kashim Razvi today stated that the date of hearing written by the Magistrate of the Hyderabad District Court, in his endorsement on the "Bibinagar case" file was tampered, cut and altered in such a way that it made a difference of one year.

Razvi said that the words "1357 F" had been changed into "1358 F" and advanced some arguments to support his contention. "No court in the world in general and in Hyderabad in particular, will hold hearing in a criminal case after one year from the date of receipt of first information report" he added.

Razvi said during "this period of one year many things that were in favour of the accused in this case could have been removed, destroyed or done away with in any manner from the case file."

"If the papers of the court could be tampered with like this where are the accused to go and pray for justice?" he asked.

Resuming his arguments after lunch, Razvi said that prosecution witnesses in this case are complainants in one way or another and they had all alleged that they were either looted or beaten or injuried by Razakars. Except in rape cases, in all other criminal cases, the evidence of the complaints has no value unless corroborated by independent witnesses who are not interested and who are not a party to the case in any manner In this case the corroboration has been made only by complainants and nat by independant witnesses and as such it had no value.

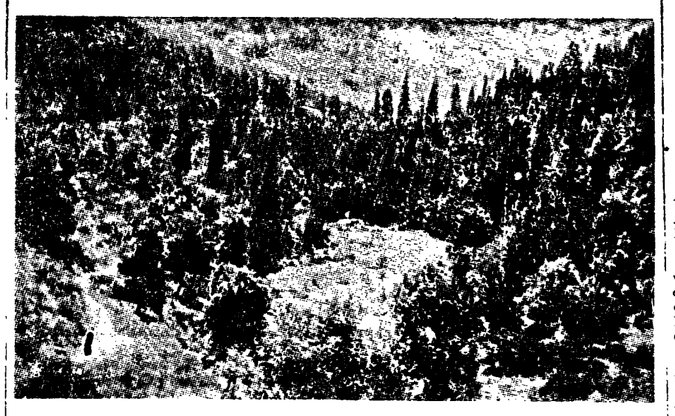
Razvi then sifted the evidence of the investigating officer and said "that this officer had gone to Bibinagar and procured witnesses and then built up the whole case against him and other co-accused. seven months after the "police action" when the entire administrative set up had changed.

Tiger Moths For Pakistan

BOMBAY, Friday.

Four Tiger Moth trainer aircraft, belonging to undivided India, are shortly leaving for Karachi under the partition agreement, it was learnt here today.

The Way To Amarnath



A picturesque spot near Chandan Wari (9,500 ft.), the first stage of the journey to holy shrine of Amarnath, in Kashmir, which thousands of pilgrims throughout India visit on the day of purnima (full moon), in the month of Sravan.

Way-Laid And Stabbed

CULPRITS BOLT WITH CASH

BOMBAY, Friday.

Tukaram Dhondu a door-keeper of the Bangdiwala Theatre, Parel who was proceeding to his master's house with a cash box containing the day's total collection was waylaid and stabbed by some persons a little after midnight yesterday.

The culprits are stated to have robbed him of the cash box. Tukaram who sustained three stab wounds is in the K. E. M. Hospital for treatment.

MILLS APPEAL FAILS

High Court Decision

BOMBAY, Friday.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

The Colaba Land and Mill Co. Ltd. —Appellants (Original Petitioners).

Versus.

Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co. —Respondents.

Their Lordships dismissed with costs this appeal from the judgment of Mr. Justice Bhagvati dismissing a petition which the appellants had filed for setting aside an Award under which a sum of Rs. 16,00,000 was to be paid to the respondents as compensation for loss of office due to termination of their managing agency agreement before its due date.

The respondents had been appointed managing agents under an Agreement made in December 1921. On March 14, 1949, a resolution was passed at an extraordinary general meeting of the appellant company terminating that Agreement forthwith.

Disputes with regard to compensation for the premature termination of the Agreement were referred to the arbitration of Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Begraj Gupta who, in their turn, appointed Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri as umpire.

The arbitrators having failed to make an award within the time fixed, the umpire entered on the reference and made an award ordering the appellant company to pay Rs. 16 lakhs as compensation for the premature termination of the agreement.

The award was challenged by the appellant company on various grounds as not being valid but the trial judge who heard the petition made by the appellants to set aside the award had unheld the award and dismissed the petition. This decision of the trial judge was confirmed by Their Lordships on appeal.

Colaba Mill Appeal Rejected

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Chief Justice Mr. M. C. Chagla and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar dismissed today an appeal preferred by the Colaba Land Mills and Company Limited, against the judgement given by Mr. Justice N. H. Bhagwati, in which it was ordered that the Colaba Land Mills and Company Limited should pay a sum of Rs. 16 lakhs to Messrs W. H. Brandy and Co. pursuant to the award given by Diwan Bahadur Krishnalal M. Jhaveri.

KHANDESH PROTECTED AREA FOR COTTON

BOMBAY, Friday.

In April last, the Government of Bombay issued orders relaxing the restrictions imposed under the Cotton Control Act in the Khandesh tract, with a view to enabling the cultivators to grow any variety of cotton they liked.

In the press note issued in that connection, it was stated that although the restrictions imposed under the Cotton Control Act had been removed, the Khandesh tract consisting of East and West Khandesh Districts and Malegaon, Baglan, Nandgaon and Kalwan Talukas of Nasik District continued to be a protected area under the Cotton Transport Act.

It is now clarified for the information of the cultivators that the Nandurbar and Taloda Talukas of West Khandesh District and Kalwan taluka of Nasik District do not form part of the Khandesh protected area as constituted under the Cotton Transport Act and that, as such, the latter Act is not applicable to these talukas. Nawapur Taluka of West Khandesh District is included in the Surat protected area and not in the Khandesh protected area.

Polio Put Into Monkeys

TO STUDY HOW THE DISEASE SPREADS

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Specialists from the Karolifska Medical Institute here will inject blood from infantile paralysis patients into monkeys to study how the disease is spread.

Over 400 monkeys have been specially imported for the experiment in which 2,000 patients and ex-patients are taking part.

The disease declined in Sweden for the first seven months of the year, but as in Britain, Sweden has had a sudden increase in the number of cases this month.

Tfelve new cases were reported on Wednesday.

Total cases this year so far number 308, compared with 2,584 for the whole of last year.

VOTERS FROM ARMED FORCES

Registration In Desired Constituencies

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Rules framed for the enumeration of voters in the electoral rolls for the general elections under the New Constitution require that persons who are members of the Armed Forces of the Union or who are holding posts in India mentioned in Sub-Section (4) of Sec. 20 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, or those employed under the Government of India in a post outside India, must specify in the prescribed form, the place in which they would have been ordinarily resident but for their employment.

Similarly, the Rules require that persons who are displaced persons and desire to be registered in the electoral roll for any Constituency other than the constituency they were residing in on July 25, 1949 should specify, in the prescribed form, the constituency, in the electoral roll of which they would like to have their names registered.

The persons referred to above and their wives if ordinarily residing with them, who desire to be registered in the electoral rolls in the State of Bombay are requested to supply the necessary information in the prescribed form before September 19, 1950, to the Chief Electoral Officer, Bombay, at the Secretariat, Bombay.

The appropriate forms prescribed by the Election Commission can be had free on application from the Chief Electoral Officer, Secretariat, Bombay, the Electoral Officer for Bombay City, Yacht Club, Apollo Bunder, Bombay, and from all Collectors of the Districts and all Mamlatdars and Mahalkaris.

Interim Liquor Permits For Foreigners

BOMBAY, Friday.

Consequent upon the recent Full Bench decision of the Bombay High Court regarding the interpretation and validity of the Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949, it has become necessary that all the Foreigners' Permits that had been issued under Sec. 40, should be recalled for scrutiny.

Arrangements have been made for verifications of these permits and also for issue of interim permits under Sec. 47 of the Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949. Such of the foreigners who are found entitled to Foreigners' Permits will be given fresh Foreigners' Permits in lieu of their old ones.

Under Sec. 40 of the Bombay Prohibition Act, 1949, as it was originally enacted and in the form in which it has been upheld by the High Court, foreigners will be entitled to apply for permits on grounds of health or for Foreigners' Permits when the duration of their stay does not exceed six months.

Applicant foreigners will immediately be given interim permits under Sec. 47 of the Prohibition Act by the Collector of the District concerned. These permits will be valid for a period of one month during which the issue of final permits, either in the form of Foreigners' Permits or permits on health grounds will be decided.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN BHIVANDI

BOMBAY, Friday.

A disastrous fire broke out early this morning in a two-storeyed wooden storehouse in Bhivandi, a township, 35 miles away from Bombay. Property worth over Rs. one lakh including a large quantity of cloth and furniture was gutted. The Bombay Municipal Fire Brigade rushed to the scene of the conflagration from Bombay and brought the fire under control within an hour.

BRITAIN SHOULD GRACEFULLY WITHDRAW FROM ASIA

Bertrand Russell Appreciates Nehru's Statesmanship

SINGAPORE, Aug. 25 (PTI).

BRITAIN should withdraw gracefully from Asia as she did in India and not wait to be driven out in the event of war British philosopher, Bertrand Russell (Lord Russell) said here today.

In this way, he thought, "goodwill will be won and a neutral Asian bloc could be formed under the leadership of Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India", whose statesmanship he described as "sound".

Returning from a visit to Australia, Bertrand Russell who left here for England today, added: "This is the best thing that can happen now and the strongest argument in its favour is that it would be a strategic move."

PLANNED MOVE

Bertrand Russell said that he had always considered the Korean war, Malayan terrorist trouble and other forms of Communist aggression in various parts of Asia to be parts of a well-planned scheme to draw armed forces out of Britain and Europe to other parts of the world, leaving Europe open to attack.

"The vital theatre of war is, of course, Europe when war does come and it is essential that we should have sufficient troops for defence."

He considered a world war unlikely but not inevitable. Should it come, he thought, atom bombs would certainly be used.

Bertrand Russell said that the United Nations should recognise Communist China who should have a representative on the Security Council.

"It is perfectly clear that Chiang Kai-shek is hated by the Chinese people and that Mao Tse-tung is popular and his is the de facto Government," Bertrand Russell said.

Indian Navy Impresses U. S. Commander

BOMBAY, Friday.

Captain E. M. Eller, Commander, Middle East Force, U.S. Navy, in a letter addressed to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has appreciated reception given to U.S. flagship by Bombay Citizens and said that he was impressed by the Indian Naval forces.

The following is the full text of his letter:

"As my flagship prepares to sail, I want to extend to you my appreciation for the warm and cordial reception given us by your citizens. Nowhere have I met kinder hospitality nor greater friendliness. May I especially call to your attention the splendid impression made on us by your Naval forces. Commodore Inigo-Jones and Commander Sethna have been particularly helpful.

"We were happy to be present at your Independence Day ceremonies, well knowing how much these mean to a great nation We also had the satisfaction of seeing much of your interesting city under the considerate guidance of Sir Fazal Rahimtoola."

Regional Office For Technical Education

BOMBAY, Friday.

On the recommendations of the All-India Council for Technical Education, the Government of India established two Regional Offices, one at Bombay and the other at Calcutta The Bombay Office, which is located at 2nd Floor, Jehangir Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, will look after the needs and interests of Technical Education in the Western Region. Shri A. B. Chandiramani, Assistant Educational Adviser (Tech) is in charge of this office.

SHILLONG, Aug. 25 (PTI): The Government of Assam has instructed all their divisional forest officers to collect the huge quantity of timber and logs which have been floating down the Brahmaputra and its tributaries, as a result of the earthquake and flood, and not allow them to be washed down to the sea.

Tribute To U. K. Army Officials

LONDON, Aug 25. (PTI-Reuter): "London Times" published a letter yesterday which Field Marshal Lord Birdwood, a former Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army, had received from the present Commander-in-Chief, General K. M. Cariappa, together with an editorial which stated that the letter was "more than a graceful tribute".

The letter itself paid tribute to those officers and other ranks who were responsible for the building up of the Indian Army, which the editorial said it was an acknowledgement that the traditions "bequethed" to the Indian Army were considered worthy of reservation by the present Commander-in-Chief.

"I write this to you as the senior-most serving officer of the Indian Army, on behalf of myself and all Indian officers of our army, to thank you and all officers of the Commonwealth who were responsible for building our army in the manner it has been built, and also for all the help, advice, and guidance you gave us, which trained our officers so well that we were ably to replace British officers in our army after our country gained her freedom on August 15, 1947", General Cariappa's letter said.

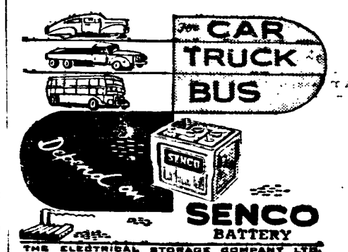
Replacement Dakota

THE HAGUE, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Dutch Government is flying a Dakota aircraft from Amsterdam to Bombay tomorrow to replace an Indian Dakota which Dutch fighters shot down by mistake over Jogjakarta during the second police action in Indonesia.

The plane, bought from the K.L.M. Royal Dutch Airlines, will be presented to the Indian Government.

Fraternal Delegates

RANGOON, August 25 (PTI).—Six fraternal delegates will represent the All-Burma Indian Congress at the Nasik Session of the Indian National Congress, it is learnt



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CCI Badminton

PIRUZ GETS SOME FIGHT FROM SHROFF

Exciting 1/4 Final

BOMBAY, Friday

THE Malayan badminton star A. Piruz, seeded number two in the Cricket Club of Indian Open Tournament, met with stiff opposition for the first time this evening, when Burjor Shroff, striking splendid form, forced the visitor to fight for most of the points in the two very keenly fought out games.

So well the match contested that the score of five and nine in the respective games was not the true index of the keenness with which this quarter-final round encounter was played.

Burjor Shroff smashed with his usual zeal, but found Piruz's returns more than he could cope with, and quickly switched over to the toss and drop tactics. The Malayan number four won the first game at 15-5, mainly due to the forceful flat overhead smashes which had terrific punch in them. The second game saw Burjor take the lead with a very consistent smash-stroke, and maintain the lead till 8-3, when a slight incident seemed to upset the Malayan very much, to the surprise of the spectators. Piruz smashed one of Shroff's tosses with tremendous power, and the linesman gave it as "out". This made Piruz send dark glances in the direction of the official concerned.

LINESMAN'S RULING

To those who were sitting nearer the spot where the shuttle fell, it appeared that the stroke was well within the sideline, but it appeared that Shroff himself came between the linesman and the shuttle, thus obstructing the latter's line of vision. Instead of saying that his vision was obstructed and leaving the difficult decision to the umpire in the chair, which should have been the correct procedure, the linesman gave the decision in favour of Shroff.

For a few brief moments this put off Piruz but mastering his annoyance, Piruz with greater efforts rallied the game round, and playing magnificent badminton won the game at the cost of only one additional point to Shroff.

ACCURACY

In the fourth round match between the seeded Nilkant and Anant Kalyanpurkar, the latter displayed great accuracy of tosses and smashes to win the match in three games. Nilkant, who made heroic efforts to check Anant from winning the match in two straight games, was a tired man when the deciding game started, and could only win one solitary point. The strain of the singles match told so much on Nilkant, that an hour later he was forced to give a walkover in his mixed doubles encounter.

Miss Babette Saldanha and Mahesh Desai, who having been combining extremely well, moved yet another round ahead, when in two straight games they disposed off Miss Vasumati Oak and C. K. Menon in the second round.

M. R. Desai took some time settling down, and was mainly the cause of him and Miss Silloo Vakil losing the first game to Miss Palekar and B. R. Agaskar, but Desai soon found his playing feet, and won the next two games very easily to gain a well-deserved victory.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

Fourth round: A. G. Kalyanpurkar beat P. S. Nilkant, 15-11, 10-15, 15-1.

Quarterfinal: A. Piruz beat B. D. Shroff, 15-5, 15-9; Devinder Mohan beat Bal Bhagwat, 15-3, 15-8.

MEN'S DOUBLES

Fourth round: R. A. Dongre and G. P. Shirke beat V. G. Kapadia and Ajit Rattanshi, 15-4, 15-5.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Quarterfinal: Miss Shashi Bhatt and Miss Sindhu Phansalkar beat Mrs. Bodas and Miss Manjrekar, 15-8, 15-4.

MIXED DOUBLES

First round: Miss Tara Dandige and C. B. Kalappa beat Miss H. Mehta and V. Y. Vengurlekar, 15-2, 15-9.

Second round: Miss Babette Saldanha and Mahesh P. Desai beat Miss Vasumati Oak and C. K. Menon, 15-3, 15-2; Mrs. Nirmala Dikshit and G. P. Shirke w.o. Miss P. D. Shroff and P. S. Nilkant; Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and A. G. Kalyanpurkar beat Mrs. Betty Timms and Asif A. Visram, 15-10, 15-1; Miss Siloo Vakil and R. M. Desai beat Miss Palekar and B. R. Agaskar, 1-15, 15-5, 15-8.

Third round: Mrs. P. P. Nariman and R. A. Dongre beat Miss K. S. Dukle and Mukund Dukle, 15-7, 15-5.

FIXTURES FOR TODAY

4-00 P.M. Mrs. B. Castellino and Miss P. D. Shroff vs Miss V. M. Oak and Miss B. Saldhana; 4-20 P.M. Mrs. P. P. Nariman and Miss Om Kacker vs Miss Betty Farias and Miss Tehmi Vaknil; 4-40 P.M. Miss Jalundhwalla and Ram Batra vs Mrs. B. Castellino and B. D. Shroff; 5-00 P.M. Miss Mani Antia and C. P. Merchant vs Miss R. Kshatriya and G. Fernandez; 5-20 P.M. Miss S. S. Phansalkar and A. G. Kalyanpurkar vs Miss B. Saldhana and M. P. Desai; 5-40 P.M. Miss Tehmi Vakil and M. K. Bhopardikar vs Mrs. Manohar and V. G. Bhide; 6-00 P.M. Henry Ferreira vs A. G. Kalyanpurkar; 6-30 P.M. G. L. Lewis vs Tan Jan Eong; 7-00 P.M. B. R. Agaskar and Malapur, B. R. vs D. G. Mugwe and Mala Ullal; 8-40 P.M. S. S. Parulekar and C. B. Kallapa vs M. Perreira and A. J. D'Souza; 7-40 P.M. Miss Tara Dandige and C. B. Kalappa vs Mr. and Mrs. G. Lewis; 8-00 P.M. Miss S. Vakeel and M. R. Desai vs Miss B. Farias and Henry Ferreira; 7-20 P.M. M. K. Bhopardikar and M. S Patil vs R. S. Dalal and A. S. Dalal; 8-20 P.M Miss P. Puri and Atul Parekh vs Mrs. Nirmala Dixit and G. P. Shirke.

Broken Time Again Talks Put Off Till 1952, Helsinki

BRUSSELS, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The question of reimbursement for athletes for time lost, universally known as 'broken time,' was raised once again in the International Amateur Athletics Federation Congress here this morning.

It is the fourth Congress at which this question has been raised.

Mr. Avery Brundage, of the United States, one of the bitterest opponents of broken time, said its adoption would sign the death warrant of the I.A.A.F.

Not more than half the countries were represented at the Congress this morning and he asked that the question be postponed until more members were present.

The Indian delegate, Dr. Khosla, wanted a direct rejection of the recommendations.

This was opposed by the British team manager, who spoke for the adoption of the recommendations in the belief that the laws governing amateurism would be strengthened. He agreed with the postponement of the question.

The Congress decided to shelve the matter until the next Congress at Helsinki in 1952, by 32 votes to 26.

It was decided that in international meetings where foreign teams or individual athletes were taking part, an athlete was guilty of a breach of the laws governing amateurism if he accepted a prize which was not in the nature of a souvenir commemorating his success and which exceeded the value of a 12 pounds.

National bodies would be asked to follow this rule as closely as possible, but there was no compulsion in the matter.

Hilton Called To Join Commonwealth Tour

LONDON, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): Mal-Colm Hilton, Lancashire slow leftarm spin bowler, has been invited to join the Commonwealth team touring India this winter.

He will take the place of Alfred Valentine, the West Indies bowler who has had to decline.

E. Bengal Outplays Town Club

I.F.A. SHIELD FOOTBALL

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25: In the only match of the evening East Bengal moved into the third round of the I.F.A. shield defeating Town Club Monghyr by four goals to nil.

The holders completely outplayed the losers and could easily have doubled the score. The only Monghyr players to make any impression were J. Prasad, right back and Lokman, left half.

East Bengal opened their account early in the first half when Appa Rao, inside right netted from a back pass by outside right Venkatesh. After this goal, the Monghyr forwards made earnest efforts to break through the opposing defence but could seldom cross the East Bengal penalty box.

Venkatesh obtained the second goal near the end of the half from a combined movement between Ahmed Khan, inside left, and Dhanraj, centre forward.

The change of ends again found East Bengal playing as they liked. Dhanraj scored the third goal in the fourth minute from a pass by Saleh, left outer. Two minutes later Dhanraj completed the tally converting a penalty kick.

The teams:—

EAST BENGAL:—M. Ghatak; B. Bose, R. Majumdar; D. Chanda, B. Roy, Gokul; Venkatesh, Appa Rao, Dhanraj, Ahmed Khan, Saleh.

TOWN CLUB—Monghyr; D. Ghosh, J. Prasad, C. Misra; Lachman Prasad, G. Majumdar, Lokman; Radhe, M. K. Bose, Raghunandan, R. Lochan, M. Hasan.

DYAN CHAND STILL MASTER OF STICK

KANDY, Aug. 25 (PTI): Dyan Chand, India's hockey wizard yesterday obliged hockey fans here by playing for the Indian Army team match against Kandy Hockey Association contrary to his expressed intention that he would play no more. The tourists won the match by seven goals to nil.

The match was played on slippery ground and this particularly handicapped the visitors.

Dyan Chand, however, showed he was still master of the stick initiating many a move which his team-mates made good use of. Left-inside, Shivdev Singh, scored four of seven goals for Indians.

European Swimming Championship

VIENNA, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Nicol Pellissaro of France yesterday won the Women's High Board Diving event in the European swimming championships here.

The French girl who was runner upto her compatriot Madamme D. Moreau for the springboard title on August 23 scored 86.67 points in the high diving. Alms Staudinger, Austria, was second with 82.38 points and Birte Christopherson, Denmark, third with 82.31 points.

In waterpolo matches Italy defeated Austria by 6 goals to 4. Holland beat Yugoslavia 6 to 3 and Sweden beat France 5 to 1.

EXIT BOMBAY CITY FROM DAS CUP

BOMBAY, Friday.

Bombay City made their exit from the Das Cup Football Tournament when they lost to the senior string of Greater Bombay Police by three goals to nil at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening.

Earlier, scoring a goal in each half through V. Gonsalves and Anthony, the Indian Air Force beat Elphinstone Mills who failed to return.

The score is not the correct index of the game as the City also saw as much of the ball as their rivals and had many scoring opportunities, but bad luck and poor finishing deprived them of scoring.

Two of the three goals which were scored against them were mainly due to the faulty defence of Frounssen and Roberts. Though the Policemen did not move up in co-ordination, they proved much faster and were good opportunists.

Bombay City were first to attack, but the Policemen were first to take the lead through Agre who scored off a free-kick. A minute later, Misquitta consolidated the position.

Just before changing ends Kakre made a capital use off a pass from Ramchander.

After the interval Bombay City enjoyed better of the exchanges and many scoring chances, but failed to capitalise.

BALLY FASTEST MAN IN EUROPE

Russia Dominates In Field Events

BRUSSELS, Aug. 24 (PTI-Reuter): So close was the finish in the Men's 100 metres final of the European athletic championship continued here today that the judges examined a photo for about half an hour before declaring E. Bally, of France, as the fastest man in Europe.

In a tremendous finish all six finalists appeared to cross the finishing line together and the first four in the official result were given the same time of 10.7 seconds, F. Veccese of Italy was placed second, V. Soukharov (Russia) third and E. Kiszka of Poland fourth.

The 10 kilometres walk also provided an exciting finish for A. Schwab of Switzerland, who was runner-up in 1946, won the event after passing the British walkers L. Allen and R. Hardy close to the tape. Schwab won in 46 minutes 1,8 seconds while Allen, who was second, covered the distance in 46 minutes 3.2 seconds and Hardy 7 seconds later.

RUSSIA DOMINATES

France took another title today when A. Marie took the 110 metres hurdles final in 14.6 seconds, R. Lundberg of Sweden was second in 14.7 seconds and P. Hildreth of Britain third in 15 seconds.

Russia continued to dominate the field events Miss V. Bogdanova winning the women's long jump final with 5.82 metres (19 feet 1-1/8th inches). Miss W. Lust (Holland) was second with 5.63 metres (18 feet 5-5/8th inches) and Miss M. Osterdhal (Finland) third with 5.53 metres (18 feet 2-1/2 inches).

The rest of today's programme was taken up with heats of other events. Mrs. Fanny Flankers-Koen (Holland) who swept the board during the Olympic games in London in 1948 easily qualified for the final of the women's 100 metres.

IAAF's New Rule On Representation

BRUSSELS, Aug. 24 (PTI-Reuter): Commonwealth athletes will be affected by a new rule, governing international athletic meetings and qualifications of competitors, which was passed when the International Amateur Athletic Federation Congress continued here today.

In future, in Olympic games and European championships, citizens of a colony "shall only be eligible to represent the mother country if such colony is not represented by the membership of the I.A.A.F".

Under this rule MacDonald Bailey of Trinidad would not have been allowed to run for Britain the 1948 Olympic games.

The ruling does not apply to ordinary international events between two or more countries.

It was also ruled that no contestant should represent more than one country with certain reservations which included the case of a colony which had no governing body.

CLASH OF INTERESTS

A move by iron curtain countries initiated by Hungary to divorce athletic events from the Olympic programme was heavily defeated.

Hungary proposed that separate world championships should be held for track and field events.

The election ofofficers of the Council resulted in yet another clash between iron curtain countries and the rest of Europe.

Hungary wanted the members to be chosen by countries not as individuals.

They were supported by Russia, Czechoslovakia and Rumania. President Lord Burghley and Avery Drundree, the United States Representative, explained that members were chosen rather than countries because of their specialised knowledge of the sport.

The Hungarian motion was easily defeated.

Superior Medicos Beat Wilson In Inter-Collegiate

BOMBAY, Friday.

Grant Medical College got the better of Wilson College by three goals to one in the Inter Collegiate Football Tournament played early this evening at the Cooperage.

Surprinsingly, Wilson College took the lead in the twelfth minute, though Grant Medical were completely on top and their opponents' goal ran the gauntlet. However, the Wilsonians have to thank their custodian N. Patel who splendidly saved whatever came his way.

The Medicos were far superior, but they lacked understanding. Their first reverse came as a result a defender failing to tackle Buharee, the Wilson centre forward, who ran on his own to beat the goalie with an easy shot.

A few minutes before the interval Naik equalized from a goalmouth scrimmage and after resumption Max D'Souza put the Medicos in the lead. A penalty goal scored by full back Kazi in the 20th minute of play completed the side's tally.

USE OF "OLYMPIC" OBJECTED TO

BOMBAY, Friday.

The International Olympic Committee, in its latest bulletin has referred to the fourteenth Indian Olympic Games held at Bombay in Feb. 1950 and has taken objection to the use of the word "Olympic".

The Committee, however, complemented the games as a "big success" but pointed out that it was not "Indian Olympic Games "but "Indian Games".

The Committee, in one of its earlier bulletin, referred to the "increasing missuse" of the word "Olympic" and stated that the word could be used only in the international games held every four years by the Inter-National Olympic Committee.

CLOSE GRANTED LEAVE

Touring Australia

LONDON, Aug. 25, (PTI-Reuter): War Office has announced that they have granted paid leave to Brian Close in order that he may accept the M.C.C. tour to Australia this winter.

The period of leave dates from August 31, 1950 to May 1, 1951 It was also stated that this leave will not affect the date of his release from the national service.

Close, a signalman, is 19 and was due to leave army in February or March next year and the War Office decision means that on his return from Australia he will be immediately released.

He was invited to tour last July but it was subject to leave being granted by the military authorities.

Harwood League At Cooperage

Navy Combine Well To Break Up Shell

Maxie Fernandes Shines

Indian Navy 2; Burmah-Shell 0

BOMBAY Friday

PLAYING extremely well as a combination, Indian Navy secured full points at the expense of Burmah-Shell in the First Division of the Harwood Football League at the Cooperage this evening, winning by two goals to nil.

The Navy delighted their supporters and critics of the game of soccer at the Cooperage with splendid team work. Perfect understanding between the three lines—forwards, halves and backs, gave one the impression that a perfect plan was being followed Mukundan. Shanker and Nicholson concentrated a very dangerous form of attack that kept the Shell defence active for a major portion of the game.

Burmah-Shell were lucky to escape with so narrow a defeat, for had Santiago, their custodian, not affected so many good saves the tally could have been much bigger. Maxie Fernandes was the shinning light in their attack and his efforts proved in vain, mainly due to a stubborn Naval defence and intermediate line.

INITIAL ADVANTAGE

The Navy had the initial advantage, but it was only in the twentyfifth minute that Mukundan trapped a rebound from Vaidya after Shanker had shot and sent it banging into goal to give the Navy their much awaited lead before the interval.

Shell retaliated in the second period, but failed on two occasions to score. Thereafter, the Navy again pressed and in the fifteenth minute of this period Nicholson placed the ball well past Santiago with a beautiful drive.

The teams were:—

INDIAN NAVY:— Roy: Thappa. D. Singh, Mohammed, Raghuvan. Lingdoh; Stuvart, Shanker, Mukundan, Nicholson Raju.

BURMAH-SHELL: Santiago: A. Francis, A. Vaidya: Wilmer, Middlecoat, Pinto, Michael, Rego Maxie, Noronha, A. P. Fernandes.

Referee: D. P. Puthran.

PETER PRINCE NOT VISITING PAKISTAN

BOMBAY, Friday.

Peter Prince, the Indian and Ceylon Welter Weight champion, will not proceed to Pakistan and Syd Grieves, the Pakistan Feather Weight champion, will also not visit India next month for participating in boxing matches.

The International Boxing Federation has informed the Indian Amateur Boxing Federation that the Pakistan Boxing Association had been disaffiliated for, it is stated. Pakistan's failure to pay her dues to the International Federation.

The Indian Federation has, therefore, refused permission to Peter Prince to proceed to Pakistan on September 8.

SEVEN WKTS. WIN FOR WEST INDIES

Hurricane Hitting By Weekes

SOUTHEND-ON-SEA, Essex, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): West Indies cricketers today beat Essex by seven wickets after being 16 runs behind on the first innings.

Dismissing Essex for 169 in their second innings today West Indies were left with two and quarter hours to score 186 runs. Behind the clock at the start they improved when Weekes and Christiani engaged in a fourth wicket unbroken stand of 87 runs and scored the winning runs with five minutes to spare.

During the innings, however, Ray Smith, the Essex bowler, claimed his hundredth wicket of the season and having already scored one thousand runs to become the first England cricketer to complete the double this season. Gomez and Ramadhin were again the main bowlers for the West Indies and no stand exceeded 35 runs during the Essex innings.

SCORE BOARD

ESSEX I Innings				229
ESSEX II Innings				169
WEST INDIES I Innings				213
WEST INDIES II Innings (for 3 wkts)				186
ESSEX II Innings				
Dodds run out				25
Avery c Stollmeyer b Ramadhin				18
Bailey lbw b Gomez				5
Peter Smith c Weekes b Gomez				18
Horsfall b Gomez				17
Insole lbw b Gomez				18
Stanley st. Walcott b Ramadhin				25
Vica lbw b Ramdhin				11
Ray Smith b Gomez				1
Wade c Gomez b Ramdhin				19
Preston not out				5
Extras				7
Total all out for				169
Bailey	19	0	71	0
Pierre	3	0	14	0
Gomez	39	14	79	5
Jones	7	3	9	0
Ramadhin	25.5	9	49	4
Williams	4	0	11	0
Extras five, byes 2, legbyes.				
WEST INDIES II Innings				
Rae c Bailey b Ray Smith				30
Stollmeyer b Preston				16
Walcott c Wade b Preston				0
Weekes not out				83
Christiani not out				54
Extras				3
Total for 3 wkts.				186
Bowling analysis:—				
Baileyy	12	0	71	0
Preston	7	1	27	2
Ray Smith	16.2	1	86	1
Extras one, byes two, legbyes.				

POONA CRICKET ATTRACTION

Test Players Will Be In Action

POONA, Aug. 25 (PTI): The chief attraction of the Cricket matches to be played during the week-end in Poona will be the one between the National Savings Twelve and the Governors Twelve.

The match which will be played on the club of Maharashtra Ground will see in action test players-P. G. Joshi, R. S. Modi and M. R. Rege and provincial players—Y. N. Gokhale, S. D. Dhanwade, D. G. Chowdhary, S. G. Palsule, P. G. (Sham) Joshi. Captain Srinivassan who played for the Services Eleven against the Commonwealth team last year will assist the Governors Twelve.

The following are the teams:

National Savings Twelve: Prof. D. B. Deodhar (Captain), Captain J. G. Navle, M. R. Wagh, P. K. Karoor, Raja of Jath, R. G. Patil, Y. N. Gokhale, P. G. Joshi, S. D. Dhanwade, D. G. Chowdhary, S. G Palsule and S. D. Joshi. Reserve: V. U. Nesargi.

The Governors Twelve: H. E. Raja Maharaj Singh (Captain), R. S. Modi, K. V. Bhandarkar, N. D. Nagarwalla, M. R. Rege P. G. (Sham) Joshi, Major Pavri, E. Dick, Captain Srinivasan, M. C. Datarr, Dani and Damu.

More Sports On Page 10

All-India Athletic Championship

SIMLA, Aug. 25 (PTI): The next All-India Athletic Championships will be held in the Punjab in the second week of February, Mr. M. C. Dhawan, Secretary of the Amateur Athletic Federation of India, announced today.

The dates and venue of the meeting will be announced later.

Gool Collects Coveted T T Triple

Patchy Play By Ossie & Enid

BOMBAY, Friday

MRS GOOL NASIKWALLA Stole premier honours in the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana Table Tennis Tournament which concluded this evening by gaining the coveted "triple".

Yesterday in partnership with Enid Bocarro, she annexed the women's doubles title and this evening she bagged the women's singles and the mixed doubles. In the singles event she had Miss Enid Bocarro, her familiar rival in five gloriously long sets.

After losing the initial aud third sets, Gool and Yatin Vyas claimed the mixed event from Ossie Dyer and Enid Bocarro in five gruelling sets. Both Dyer and Enid played in patches and were rather hasty against the steadier opposition.

The juniors singles was won by B J. Bamboat. He had D. P. Pundole beaten quite narrowly after a hectic struggle. Bamboat succumbed in the first set at 19 and then claimed the succeeding set over the extra points But the final set was the down fall of Pundole who lost at 9 points only.

Lady Jamsetjee Jeejibhoy presided and distributed the prizes.

FULL RESULTS

The following were the results:

JUNIOR SINGLE'S (FINAL).

B. J. Bamboat beat D. P. Pundole 19—21, 24—22, 21—9.

WOMEN'S SINGLES (FINAL).

Mrs. Gool Nasikwalla beat Miss Enid Bocarro 21—14, 15—21, 21—6, 11—21, 21—12.

MIXED DOUBLES (FINAL).

Yatin Vyas and Gool Nasikwalla beat Ossie Dyer and Enid Bocarro 16—21, 21—9, 17—21, 21—19, 21—18.

MRS. GOOL NASIKWALLA

Three rows of laurel

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage.

4-30 p.m. B.B. and C.I. vs. Indian Navy "B" (Practice).

5-40 p.m. Tata Sports vs. St. Francis Goans (Senior Harwood League).

BADMINTON

Cricket Club of India

4 p.m. C.C.I. Open Championship.

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

3-30 p.m. Indian Gymkhana vs. G.I.P. Rly. "E"

4-30 p.m. Kirkee Rangers vs. Blue Wizard (Das Cup).

5-30 p.m. Khatau S.C. vs. Bombay Gymkhana (Satiranjan Shield).

HER EXCELLENCY FANCIED IN WILLINGDON CUP

Pippy And Golden Orb In With Excellent Chances

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, Friday.

THE Willingdon Cup over one and half miles and the Poona Plate for Class I and II horses are the chief attractions in to-morrow's card of eight events. Recent winner, Dragon Seed is placed at the top of the table of weights in the Cup race and he is capable of repeating his success. But I would look to the vastly improved Her Excellency, who will have the services of the rack rider Bren Duffy, to deliver the goods. The mare has the distance to its liking. Gang Bhup has been showing up on track and should be there in the final reckoning.

In the Poona Plate, Sir Shantidas Askuran's 4-year-old Watling Street colt looks unbeatable on sheer weights proposition. His highly satisfactory track performance further enhances his chances. Gwalior's game racer Shan-e-Hind, if elected to runs will no doubt make a bold bid and Prince Ajit, I expect will follow Pippy home.

• All told, it looks Duffy's day with another likely winner thrown in, in Golden Orb.

The following are my selections:—

1st Race
MUSKETEER — Win
PAPER CROWN — Next Best

2nd Race
DIAMOND STAR — Win
MONLIGHT AND SHADOWS — Next Best

3rd Race
MIRELLA — Win
MISS PIERROT — Next Best

4th Race
FULL HOUSE — Win
SHUBLAXMI if ab. MANISHA — Next Best

5th Race
HER EXCELLENCY — Win
GANG BHUP — Next Best

6th Race
GOLDEN ORB — Win
MALABAR STAR — Next Best

7th Race
PIPPY — Win
PRINCE AJIT — Next Best

8th Race
CELERITY — Win
GWALIOR EXPRESS — Next Best

Choice Treble
DIAMOND STAR
GOLDEN ORB
PIPPY

Flukes
OASES
MONTFORT

Latest Spurts

The following are the latest spurts noted:—

BELDARA (Purtu) moved over 8 to 4 in 51 1/2 seconds.

GOLD SPA (J. Bhosle) and PERSEPOLIS (R.B.) covered 4 furlongs in 54 seconds.

FULL HOUSE (Kheemsingh) went over 8 to 5 in 37 seconds.

BHOPAL STAR (Purtu) and MALABAR STAR went together over 8 to 5. Time: 38 seconds.

RADIO STAR (Raut) had the company of HAPPY KING (Mulla) over three furlongs. They clocked 39 seconds.

MONTFORT (McQuade) was ahead of QUEEN OF HEARTS (Pierce) in covering three furlongs in 38 seconds.

DOMAIN (Shaikh) and DOMINION (Hayat) went over three furlongs in 39 seconds.

DIAMOND STAR (Kheem) had the measure of BANSIWALE (Antoo) in a free spin over 7 to 3. Time: 55 seconds.

SAJAN (Chavan) went better than PANSUPARI (R.B.) over three furlongs in 38 seconds.

PARKER PRINCE (Damodar) and PARDESI (Chavan) covered three furlongs in 40 seconds.

STAR OF IRAN (Chavan) cut 38 1/2 seconds for three furlongs.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE MERCHANT'S TASK

Shri Shanti Prasad Jain, presiding over the first quarterly meeting of the Indian Chamber of Commerce at Calcutta on Friday, emphasised the need for a bold and clear-cut policy on the part of the Government in order to solve not only the prevailing scarcity in commodities and bring down prices but also to make the country self-sufficient and capable of producing goods at competitive costs. He said that happily there was an increasing awareness of the intricacies of these problems on the part of the Government which inspired hope for the future. The conditions of scarcity and high prices that prevailed in the country, could only be removed by hard work and sacrifice and harmonious co-operation between the different factors in Society. Nowadays there is a tendency to reduce working hours with a view to improve the general conditions of the working class. The Government is anxious to help the working class to raise their standard of living but there are some complaints that they are reluctant to realise their responsibilities and production suffers. In times of emergency, the working class will do well to devote more attention to their work and even work longer hours in case of need. In Great Britain when there was scarcity of coal, the Prime Minister appealed for increased hours of work and Labour readily responded and got over the scarcity. As for the sacrifice our industrialists who are rich enough can easily do this. If they give up their personal profits for some time, they will not be the poorer but they will be able to build up their industries with a bright future. This sacrifice will help also in keeping prices low.

It is true that Government controls are found hard for harmonious working but the Government had no choice in the matter. The action of both manufacturers and merchants compelled the Government to adopt strict measures, with a view to avoid exploitation. In spite of controls there exist black markets, hoarding and profiteering. The Government has now devised strict measures against anti-social activities. What the country wants from them is nothing but honest dealing. There may be scarcity of a particular commodity of manufactured goods, but this does not mean that stockists have a right to raise prices. It is their duty to supply goods as long as their stocks allow to bonafide consumers charging their normal profit only. Our merchants are mainly responsible for rising prices. The scarcity may be due to less production or small imports and this can be remedied by increasing imports or increasing production wherever possible thus it becomes the prime duty of our trading class to be more publicspirited if they desire Government co-operation and help. Can our traders furnish a guarantee that they will not charge a pie more than their legitimate profit over arrival or production cost? "The Merchant's duty," wrote Ruskin, "is to provide for the civilised nation He has to understand to their very root the qualities of the thing he deals in, and the means of obtaining or producing it; and he has to apply all his sagacity and energy to the producing or obtaining it in perfect state, and distributing it at the cheapest possible price where it is most needed .....Two main points he has to maintain in his providing function: first, his engagements (faithfulness to engagements being the root of all possibilities in commerce); and secondly, the perfectness and purity of the thing provided: so that, rather than fail in any engagement, or consent to any deterioration, adulteration, or unjust and exorbitant price of that which he provides, he is bound to meet fearlessly and form of distress, poverty, or labour, which may through maintenance of these points, come upon him. The merchant's function is to provide for the nation. It is no more his function to get profit for himself out of that provision than it is a clergyman's function to get his stipend. This stipend is a due and necessary adjunct, but not the object of his life, if he be a true clergyman, any more than his fee is the object of life to a true physician. Neither is his fee the object of life to a true merchant.....The market must have its martyrdom as well as the pulpit: and trade its heroisms as well as war." So far they have failed miserably in the discharge of their duty; hence the Government is forced to adopt more powers to deal with the anti-social activity of some merchants who have forgotten their responsibilities to the country.

The Language Issue

The landslide which threatened to sweep completely the English language out of the Indian educational system, seems to have been halted. With the first flush of enthusiasm for the Indian languages passing off, a more realistic attitude is being taken. The Inter-University Board has expressed itself in favour of a common medium of instruction for all universities and has suggested a "cautious approach" in the substitution of English by an Indian language "so that educational standards and educational methods may not be seriously interfered with" The growth of provincialism had given undue importance to regional languages and it was urged that they should be introduced not only in the secondary stage but also in the colleges. The Inter-University Board rightly stresses the need for the Universities to have a common language in order to check fissiparous tendencies, to prevent the spread of extreme provincialism. and to enable students and teachers to migrate from one university to another. The Board recognises the inevitability of substitution of English by the national language out, before that the latter must reach a stage of development which will not mean an abrupt break with the present educational standards and methods of teaching. If any University considers introducing the national language or the regional language as the medium of instruction, it must assure itself that there are suitable text-books of high standard and a sufficient number of competent teachers available in its region. Otherwise it will only bring down the standard of education and handicap a generation of students for the rest of their life Much of the bitter controversy would be removed, as the Board says, if English was continued as a medium of instruction for the time being. After all English united India in the past, held her peoples together in their determination for winning freedom, introduced them to what was best in Western philosophy, science and literature and infused into them the liberal democratic outlook. Much water will have to flow down the Ganges before Hindi can achieve that status, wealth of knowledge and universality to become the lingua franca of the Indian continent. Where English infiltrated from the top, Hindi is being absorbed by all classes of people and is an ideal medium for schools but, before it can qualify as the medium of instruction for higher education, it has to grow richer by assimilating what is best in all sciences and literature which is found in the English language.

If this is the case of Hindi, how much more have the other regional languages to advance before they can claim the honour of being the medium of instruction for higher education. Any misguided attempt, inspired by provincialism, to tamper with higher education would not be in the interest of the nation as a whole. The crying need of the day is to see that the country does not fall to pieces by local squabbles and inter-state rivalries. Education, at least in the University stage, should be centrally directed so that students from different States will feel that they are part of the same country, talk the same language and are drawn to each other as citizens of one country over the inter-state borders We only hope that Hindi will be able to take over the responsibility from English as soon as possible but any premature introduction of it would only lead to confusion and lowering of standards. The Board rightly recognises the right of individual universities to introduce the national language as the medium of instruction but at the same time warns that other universities should not be deprived of the freedom to continue to use English for that purpose. The most important suggestion made by the Board is provision of liberal finance for the evolution of a common language. We have several theories prevailing at present and counter claims from different States are cutting across the interest of the national language. A lot of experimenting may be necessary and pilot projects launched, before the proper place of regional languages, the national language and English is fixed in the Indian educational system. For conducting these experiments we shall need a body of men, who are liberal in outlook, untainted by provincial narrow outlook and having the nation's interest at heart. To fix anything rigidly before the result of these experiments are available, would be unwise.

Thought For The Day

Suffering is seductive; it is a dangerous privilege; when we possess it we usually do not look for another, loftier right to be called Man....Life is fullest and most interesting when man fights against what interferes with his living.

—MAXIM GORKY.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 24 (PTI-Reuter): Communist China has asked the United Nations to demand the withdrawal of American forces from Formosa, it was learned here today. Mr. Chou En-Lai, Foreign Minister of the People's Republic of China, has sent identical cables to Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General, and M. Jacob Malik, Chief Soviet delegate and this month's Security Council President, demanding the removal of American forces from that area.

* * *

My heart bleeds at the sight of refugee women and children from West Pakistan, who continue to visit me every day for food and shelter....

—Seth Rama Krishna Dalmia.

It's a wonderful heart. It bleeds every day in Delhi at the sight of refugees from West Punjab, and, not satisfied with bleeding there, it is flown in a plane to Calcutta to bleed day after day and hour after hour at the sight of refugees from East Bengal. Where does it get all that blood from?

* * *

A United Press of India report from Lucknow says the food situation in Uttar Pradesh is becoming serious.

May be or may be not. But a statement from Seth Ramakrishna Dalmia will be welcome, as every statement is.

* * *

KARACHI, August 24 (PTI): Pakistan's Kashmir Affairs Ministry today described as "false and malicious" the report in a section of the Indian press that Mr. Ibrahim Khan, former head of the "Azad Kashmir Government," had been interned by the Pakistan Government.

The contradiction is informative for us, the other section of the Indian Press. It confirms that Sardar Ibrahim Khan is now only the former head of the "Azad Kashmir Government."

* * *

We learn from a Bonu report that Mr. Nurul Amin, Premier of East Bengal, had been attending the Moral Rearmament Conference in Switzerland.

Good. And—er—how about applying Moral Rearmament in East Bengal?

* * *

Mr. Julian Amery, Conservative M.P. and son of the former Secretary of State for India suggests that British Commonwealth Nations should be actively associated with the Council of Europe.

Why?

* * *

But Mr. Julian Amery, further said: "The destiny of Europe is inseparable from that of its overseas associates(!)"

Our question has been answered.

* * *

RUSSIA "BETRAYED" BY ALLIES.
Moscow's War Film.

—Headlines.

Betrayed into controlling half the world?

* * *

French authorities, says a Saigon message, have released the text of what they said was "probably" a China-Viet Minh treaty in which China promised the Russian-backed Viet Minh regime armed help if it was attacked or decided to launch a counter-attack.

Probably, probably.

Or—it may "probably" be a fake.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

By "Citizen"

ATTEMPTS to clear arrears of work by holding extra meetings and debates on the same old subjects marked the proceedings of the City Corporation this week. The coming week however promises to be a week of battles royal on the floor of the House, since there will be two special urgency meetings at both of which the textile strike situation will be discussed, one from the Socialist side who are the sponsors of the strike and want to congratulate the workers on their heroic struggle and on another day from the Congress point of view, which brands the strike as ill-advised.

When the City Corporation adjourned last week, the Mayor had informed the House that there would be four meetings this week in order to clear the arrears of work, and as long as these arrears lasted he would continue to call four meetings a week. Whatever may be the reason the programme was not stuck to in the very first week. There were only three meetings instead of the promised four and Mayor Patil was so busy himself that he could preside over only two out of these three. The two Ex-Mayors in the House Dr. J. A. Collaco and Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas officiated for him on Monday and Tuesday and the Mayor himself presided over the meeting on Thursday. A fair amount of arrears were cleared at these three meetings but there was not much that would deserve special attention. The problems discussed were the usual ones.

B.E.S.T. AFFAIRS

The affairs of the B.E.S.T. figured in the discussions more than once. Firstly for a demand from the Opposition to throw open the meetings of that Committee to the press. A proposition to that effect brought up by Socialist city father was rejected. At another meeting when the minutes of the Committee were under discussion, Mr. Naushir Bharucha a new member of that Committee made a compromise suggestion to the effect that if meetings were not to be thrown open to the press, at least a practice should be started that at the end of every meeting of the Committee the Public Relations Officer, who was going to be appointed soon should give to the Press a resume of the important decisions. Inquiries made in Socialists circles about this suggestion reveal that although this would give some more information to the press and the public they not be satisfied with this. Their demand is that like the meetings of the other Statutory Committees of the Municipality the meetings of this Committee must also be thrown open to the press and the public, for they feel that apart from securing more information the very fact that meetings are open to public acts as a healthy check on those who foregather to deliberate on issues that come before them. Conceding the necessity of treating certain matters as confidential on occasions, they feel that more the publicity given to the doings of the Committee, greater, will be the interest public will take in its affairs and this will be conducive to better administration of the first Municipalised Transport Undertaking in the country.

It was happy news for the House from the Chairman of the same Committee that financially the Undertaking was doing better than before and it was hoped that it would be possible to bring in more money out of the profits, to the coffers of the Municipality. The present Act puts a limit to such contribution upto Rs. 10,00,000 and this is to continue till the year 1958. It would mean that even if greater profits were made during that interval money could not be brought to the Municipality. An amendment to the Act to be proposed would bring that contribution to Rs. 25,00,000 a year and a further rise of Rs. 3,00,000 every year till the total came to Rs. 40,00,000 annually in the course of five more years. There was no difference of opinion on receiving more money from the Undertaking but the Socialists attempted to earmark a million out of this new revenue for expenditure on the newly acquired suburban areas. This was, however, not accepted on the plea that when the money actually came they could decide how to disburse it. However, the discussion brought forth another promise from Mr. C. C. Shah of the Congress Party who has been recently elected to the B.E.S.T. Committee that the Suburban area would receive due attention in future.

SUBURBAN COMPLAINTS

Whatever might happen in future so far as the immediate present is concerned one comes across a number of complaints which the Suburbanites voice and some of them at any rate find place in sections of the press too. Any inquiry in those complaints would go to show that there is considerable truth in them and in parts of the suburbs at any rate services with regard to sanitation etc. have definitely deteriorated. There seems to be some discontent about the higher rate of taxes the property holders in the suburbs would have to pay. One can understand that the increase in the general tax due to reassessment of the ratable value of houses etc. might adversely affect some people, but the fact cannot be denied that quite a large number of people have enjoyed till now undeserved facilities in that respect. Ratable values of properties have been kept very low and in many cases where owners of such properties occupied part of it and rented out the rest of the house they have reaped a rich harvest. There is no reason why all this should not be corrected and brought in line with the rest of the city.

There are other irregularities of some of these Municipalities which have come to light and the Corporation will have to look into them and do the needful to remove them. It is common knowledge that the administration of at least some of these suburban local bodies has not been either efficient or even above board and they are reported to have done things from which they should have refrained. It may not always be possible to look into very old cases and perhaps the amount of energy to be extended such a clean up may not be properly rewarded by the results, but so far as

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 6)

Some Thoughts On

TEXTILE WORKERS' STRIKE

BY V. K.

THE TEXTILE workers in Bombay have set the law at naught and come out on a strike of an indefinite period at the behest of the Socialist-led Hind Mazdoor Sabha. What is the purpose of the strike? To every one who has followed the events culminating in the strike, it will be clear that the Mazdoor Sabha has shifted its original ground.

In the beginning, it was meant to be a token strike of a day as a protest against the intended refusal of the Millowners to pay the first instalment of the bonus declared by the Industrial Court, pending an appeal before the Apellate Tribunal. But, the Rashtriya Mazdoor Sangh stole a march over its rival organisation and made a deal with the Millowners' Association whereby the first instalment would be paid on the officially announced date, as an advance. The Mazdoor Sabha had, however, decided by then that it was no good merely making a symbolic protest. And it changed its main demand to a minimum bonus of three months. Having failed to secure the submission of the Millowners, it called out the workers on a strike for such period till its new demand was conceded. The implications of this step far deeper than the mere paralysing of a sector of the industry. It is a formidable challenge to the sheet anchor of the Government's industrial policy, namely, the machinery of compulsory arbitration and adjudication. The genesis of the dispute will be appreciated better if we were to travel back a little in time.

WAR-TIME PROSPERITY

During the Second World War, industry fed on war contracts reaped huge and quick profits. To maximise profits, factories worked two and even three shifts and employed more and more personnel irrespective of the real needs of production. Strikes were prohibited by the emergency ordinance and industrial disputes had to be settled by resort to arbitration and adjudication. On the whole, the employers found it preferable to make concessions rather than risk the loss of production. They did not mind giving workers a few months' bonus from the immense harvest they gathered from the war crops.

So long as the war prosperity lasted both sides were content and accepted perhaps with a murmur the award. The murmur is now beginning to become louder in tone and no party seems to be pleased with the awards of the Tribunals. The revolt against the interference of the Tribunals is natural when it is considered that the angle of vision of workers and employers is diametrically opposite. The workers regard the practices during the war time as established conventions and in consequence natural rights of the workers: The issue of bonus is an instance of the kind.

DEFINITION OF BONUS

Workers used to receiving bonus every year during the war have come to regard it as their inherent right. They regard it as 'deferred wages.' Employers, on the other hand, argue that bonus is an ex-gratia payment and cannot be demanded as a right. Tribunals constituted by the Government take their stand on entirely different principles. They do not concede that bonus is in its nature either deferred wages or ex-gratia payment but lay down that workers are entitled to a share in such surplus profits to which their labour has contributed. The quantum of bonus is to be decided on the merits of each case and is dependent on the amount of surplus profits, the size of the current pay-packets in relation to the living wage standard and the contribution of workers' efforts to profits.

The criteria which rule the quantum of bonus savour of a confused approach to the problem. In considering the factor of the contribution of workers to profits, it is hard to decide their exact contribution. No profits of two units in the same industry and even in the same locality are equal. The number of hours of work in both of them may be the same but profits may vary. It must be remember that the amount of profits is highly influenced by the efficiency of the management and the business acumen of the organisation. Unless the management creates favourable conditions for production in which workers can find a place, all the efforts and the hard manual work will come to nothing. The factor of efficient direction and control is more important than that of the hard manual labour. Labour's contribution cannot be decided in isolation. It must be viewed along with the initiative, enterprise and efficiency of the management.

LIVING WAGE

The introduction of the concept of living wage has complicated the matter still further. This consideration may be weighed in fixing wage rates. By mixing up the two issues of insufficiency of wage and of bonus industry is not helped to assess the real remuneration due to labour. A wage rate should be able to tell you how much a man is really worth—how his standard is improving or deteriorating over a number of years. The splitting of the wage into various components leaves room for dissatisfaction. If it is decided that a certain amount is fair wage for a certain kind of skill and work it ought to be paid. The various adjustments to bring a worker's wage to the living wage standard create difficulties which finally defeat the very objective.

The contention that the grant of an annual bonus acts as an incentive to spur workers to make sustained efforts to raise production is largely fatuous and cannot be entertained on close scrutiny. For any incentive scheme to be successful, it must fulfil three requirements.

First, the scheme must be simple so that an ordinary operator can comprehend it and calculate how much he would receive on his individual or the group output. Second, the reward of his efforts must be made promptly at periodic intervals so that his interest is sustained. Further more, there should be no element of uncertainty about it. Third, the worker must be convinced of the good faith of the employer and must have a guarantee that there would be no rate cutting as a result of the increased production.

None of these requirements is satisfied by an annual payment of bonus. If anything, it sidetracks the important problem of production and gives cause for petty wrangling and exchange of threats.

LACK OF SAVING HABIT

The saving habit is not a very strong point of the ordinary Indian worker. He is used to living a day-to-day existence. The advantages of thrift are not apparent to him. The class to which he belongs spend as they earn. The saving, if any, is temporary and is accumulated only for a short period to satisfy a specific want. It may be a marriage in the family or buying up of a piece of land. As soon as sufficient amount for that need is laid out from his income, he spends the remaining on whatever he thinks fit. The benefits of cultural life have not been brought to his understanding and are beyond his pale. Under such circumstances what can the payment of any lump sum like the annual bonus avail? The money that he gets is spent without much forethought and goes to contribute its share to the rising inflation.

What I have said so far may convey an impression to some readers that I am unsympathetic to the woes of the labouring class. That is not so. I am merely pointing out the evils of a practice which I think is going to be a bone of strife in coming days and will be a threat to the peace of the country. What alternative is there to the payment of an annual bonus to individuals?

FAIR WAGE

The alternative is certainly novel and will require a different outlook altogether. In a previous paragraph I have mentioned the advantage of paying a fair wage for a fair day's work. The fair wage should express what the labour of a particular kind is worth in relation to the skill, the efficiency, the living wage standard and so on and it should be as high as possible consistent with the ability of the industry or the concern to pay. Bonus on the other hand, should be a collective payment to workers. Instead of giving share to the individual worker, a fund should be formed from the surplus profits of each year and applied to meet the collective needs of labour. We cry hoarse about the housing shortage, the woeful lack of medical facilities etc. Will it not be more statesmanlike and wise to spend these huge sums of money for the welfare of the working class? Building suitable tenements for workers, making education available to the intelligent and indigent children of workers, providing hospital facilities the provision of free Canteens are these not more desirable avenues into which surplus profits should find their way? Besides, the money so spent will benefit the industry as a whole and will go a long way to make the lives of an important section of the population wholesome, healthier and happier. Moreover, when employers see that that money benefits the industry they may of their own accord and generosity give more to the noble causes, for it will be in their own interest to do so. The grudging parting of the wealth on their side may then become a willing contribution to the fulfilment of a social purpose.

INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNALS

Another illustration of the unrealistic approach of the Industrial Tribunals is the fallacious assumption that an industrial unit which cannot afford to pay the minimum wage is a drag on the society and as such it has no right to exist. It seems as if it is a copy-book maxim lifted literally from a treaties on the economy of a highly advanced country.

There will be no difference of opinion on the need for preventing the exploitation of sweated labour. But, in a land where a large bulk of the population is without work for a greater part of the year, some sort of insurance against unemployment and consequent starvation is necessary. It should be the concern of the authorities in power to give the workers a square deal but nothing is gained by merely forcing the closure of small concerns which cannot at once pay the minimum wage. A wise thing would be to step up the standard gradually. The lack of realism which is sometimes manifested by the Tribunals is really painful.

FALSE IMPRESSION

The Government is also not without its share of blame. It makes similar mistakes in its exuberance for demonstrating to workers its friendliness for their cause. The statutory recognition, under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946, of the representative status of an union which commands only 15 per cent membership of the total working force in any industry to which it applies creates false appearances as the present strike of the textile workers has shown. The union which claims to be representative of the workers in textile industry is not

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Old Dilemma

A French Foreign office spokesman declared the other day that France was still opposed to the creation of a German army, and to the manufacture of arms by German firms. But as the Soviet organised German police in the Eastern Zone was built up into a large force, France, said the spokesman, was "disposed to agree to the principle of increasing the West German police force." This is an improvement on the former French, and allied, stand. But unless this gruding concession actually marks the beginning of a radical change of policy towards German "rearmament it will prove of little value either to West Germans or to the Allies. North Korea is a very serious and forceful lesson for West Germany and the democracies. And East Germany may emerge as a doubly strong North Korea. The Western Allies are faced with an unenviably difficult dilemma —to the great amusement of the Kremlin. That dilemma is the inescapable necessity of choosing between a Soviet Communist menace and the ancient German nationalist menace.

Elusive Promise

A P.T.I.-Reuter report from Jakarta says the Dutch Government have promised Indonesia that if ever sovereignty over West New Guinea should be transferred to any country it will only be Indonesia. If this report is correct, the promise given to Indonesia by Holland is very interesting. Hitherto the fundamental objection urged by the Dutch to the transfer of Dutch New Guineas to Indonesia has been that the latter has no right by any accepted standards to Dutch New Guinea, that, indeed. Indonesia and New Guinea are in every respect two entirely separate entities. This objection, incidentally, has been supported with great vigour, and for obvious reasons, by Australia which, shall we say, owns the other part of New Guinea. Now this objection has been abandoned and it is actually conceded that Indonesia does have a right to New Guinea. So far so good. But this right, according to the reported promise, is secondary to Dutch sovereignty over Indonesia. What is more, the conditional "if ever" implies that the Dutch have no intention of giving up New Guinea. Why? And on what principle can Holland claim that it has any more permanent claim to an Asian— and now admittedly Indonesian —territory, New Guinea that it had to the Asian country, Indonesia? It is now demonstrably clear that the Dutch insist on clinging to New Guinea for reasons very much different from those they have openly urged.

Westerling Again

Since "Turco" Westerling abandoned his "heavenly host" and set out to seek adventure he has found it in full measure. In Singapore, he was not only the centre of a legal battle which shook the brains of two countries, but was the focus of attention of an angry people who did not like the way he dealt with his Indonesian cell-mate. The authorities in Singapore must have heaved a sigh of relief as he emplaned from its airfied, safely escorted by the Chief of Police. An eager press waited for him at Karachi, and only after the intrepid rebel had left for his hotel, did the persevering journalists realise that they had interviewed the wrong man. At Cairo, Westerling had his measure of trouble; his stay had to be unceremoniously cut short and from there, at last, he landed in Belgium, only to be arrested and escorted to the frontier of Luxemburg. But that little State found that it was too cramped to hold such a distinguished individual, and firmly said "no" to the Belgians who wanted to dump him in their state. It is not surprising that Westerling's arrival has caused a diffence of opinion in the Belgian Cabinet. Westerling is not a man who will rest on his laurels. Characteristically, he has expressed his desire to fight in Korea with the United Nations forces. It remains to be seen whether Gen. MacArthur, hard-pressed though he is for manpower, would be able to take this new volunter. America is already accused of flouting Asian feelings by showering a rain of bombs on civilians in Korea. And though the Republic of Indonesia is not a member of the United Nations, there are other members of that body who may not like a proclaimed offender dressed in the garb of a crusader in the cause of peace.

Import Licences

In a lengthy memorandum which the Bombay Chamber of Commerce submitted to the Import Control Inquiry Committee in Bombay, it has raised a plea for liberalising the issue of import licences for consumer goods to check soaring prices. The present procedure of granting import quotas and sanctioning applications was a source of great hindrance to the development of the country's trade and industry. The memorandum stated that, unless decentralisation of authority was complete, the object behind the policy was bound to fail. The Committe assured the Chamber that the question of delay had been thrashed out, and issue of licences was being speeded up. In the first year our Independence, we imported anything and everything whether useful or not, whether essential or not, and thus spent a huge amount with the result that we had to draw upon our capital reserves. Thus unlimited imports were leading the country to financial hardships and the Government had to watch carefully the balance of trade. Our importers were anxious to import quantities of goods to build up their business, but India's financial position will not allow reckless imports. The community instead of securing their needs through their respective associations, directly applied to the Government for licences. The Government had no proper machinery to look after individual requirements and this caused undue delay and in some cases even people who were not in the trade secured licences and several bonafide consumers were left out. Thus it is the duty of all importers to help the Government in fixing quotas of imports and secure licences through their respective associations. Then there will be no cause for hindrance or dely.

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GENERAL STRIKE ON AUGUST 31

(Continued From Page 1)

States would be compelled to join hands in the struggle.

Among others who spoke were Sri K. N. Joglekar, President of the Bombay Engineering Workers Union and Sri Indulal Yagnik, the noted labour leader of Gujerat.

GREETINGS

Greetings from textile workers of France and other continental countries were read out at the meeting.

A resolution passed at the meeting according its 'whole-hearted support' to the textile workers and codnemning the repressive policy of the Government as regards the striking workers was unanimously adopted. The resolution also called upon the Government to release all arrested workers of Bom-to release all arrested workers and their laeders and assured the textile workers that the 'citizens and workers of Bombay will stand firmly by their side' and called upon workers from 'all industries as well as the clerks of banks' to give their unstinted support to the strikers.

29 ARRESTS

Twenty-nine persons including Mr. D. G. Mahajani, President of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha, Mr. Indrasen, a journalist on the staff of the Socialist "Janata", Mr. Vinayak Purohit, General Secretary of the Press Workers' Union, Mr. Baban D'Souza, a worker of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha and Mr. Shete are reported to have been arrested by the police this morning, as a result of their attempts to picket the Kaiser-i-Hind Mills. They were released on bail by Mr. Nasrulla, Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagaon Court today.

According to official circles only two mills were functioning in the morning, 60 of them being closed. It was stated that the total strength of the workers in the two mills was about 3,000.

Another arrest is learnt to have been made by the police following a stone throwing incident at Kalachowkie. An assault on a loyal worker was also reported from Agripada.

It was learnt that the Hind Mazdoor Sabha have called for a public meeting at Chaupatti tomorrow, to announce the day for the General Token Strike in the City.

A press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, on the textile workers' strike situation, says:—"During the second shift three mills were working, two fully and one partially with a complement of 4,000 workers.

"In all 29 persons were arrested today in connection with intimidation of workers".

APPEAL

Com. Maniben Kara and Com. B. B. Sawant, respectively Chairman and General Secretary of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha in the course of a statement to the press says:—

We view with grave concern the situation arising out of the present textile workers' strike in the city of Bombay. As the strike enters the eleventh day, chances of an early settlement seem to have been rendered remote, especially in view of the recalcitrant attitude of the Millowners' Association the hostile behaviour of the Rashtriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh and the repressive policy of the Government of Bombay. Repeated appeals to all those concerns have now proved futile.

The only alternative left to us therefore, is to appeal to all the Trade Unions affiliated to the Sabha in the city of Bombay to rally round the strikers by staging a day's token general Strike as and when called upon to do so. We further appeal to them to collect at least rupee one from each and every worker connected with their Union, towards the Central Strike Fund, which alone would enable the Bombay Textile Workers to continue their sustained struggle for their just and equitable demands.

We also request the various State Councils of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha to contribute liberally to the Central Strike Fund.

HOSPITALITY "REWARDED"

Sadhu Kills Temple Priest

SECUNDERABAD, August 25, (UPI): A 'Sadhu' said to have come from the Keshav Swami Temple of Delhi, in response to the call of Koshori Diwan is alleged to have done to death the priest of a temple at Sirnapalli, a village in Nizamabad district, and set fire to the temple under strange circumstances.

The sadhu came to the village a few weeks ago and since the time he stepped into the temple was pretending to be always in meditation thus enjoying the hospitality of the priest and his family residing in temple itself, situated on a hillock.

One day at the dead of the night the sadhu forced into the quarters of the priest who was fast asleep, dragged him out and threw him from the hillock. The priest rolled down an succumbed. The sadhu then attacked his wife and son and managed to seize their valuables. He also set fire to the temple and escaped. A portion of the temple was damaged.

The sadhu is absconding since then and police is on the look out for him.

PITIABLE PLIGHT OF KISANS

Starving In Bihar

PATNA, Aug. 25 (PTI): Mr. Shri Narayan Thakur, President of the Muzaffarpur District Congress Committee, has issued a statement drawing the attention of the Government of Bihar to the "pitiable plight" of the Kisans of Sitamarhi Sub-Division of Muzaffarpur District, which has been seriously affected by floods in the Bagmati Lakshmana and Marha Rivers, and requesting them to evtend relief to the sufferers.

Mr. Thakur adds that the Kisans of the Sub-Division "are at present facing starvation".

NYT Says, Forget The Aggressor!

NEW YORK, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations would certainly espouse a course of action that leads to the expression of the popular Kashmiri will, The New York Times said today in an editorial on the 'Kashmir Deadlock.'

"What is urgently needed now is to forget some of the unhappy things in the past and to try for a fresh start. It does no good to argue who was at fault two or three years ago. What must be settled is how the people of Kashmir can best make their wishes known. It does no good, likewise, to pass judgements in the abstract."

70 Million Candlepower Searchlight

PASADENA, California, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): An American aircraft engineer, W. M. Bryant, has developed a 70-million candlepower searchlight to detect submarines from aircraft. The searchlight is fitted under an aircraft's wing.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF ASSAM

SHILLONG, Aug. 25 (PTI): An officer of the geological survey of India arrived in Shillong to carry out a geological survey of the earthquake affected areas of Assam. Before proceding to the quake-rocked places, the geologist, who will be joined by some more experts, will get an aerial view of Upper Assam.

Zafrullah To Visit Holland

THE HAGUE, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, will pay a three day visit to Holland early next month.

Delhi To Control Madhya Bharat Administration

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Aug. 25.

A local daily belonging to INTUC published today a despatch from its New Delhi correspondent saying that the Madhya Bharat Government had decided to run the state administration in accordance with day-to-day advice to be given by the Government of India.

The report adds that besides the Madhya Bharat Cabinet, the Government of India's Regional Commissioner for Madhya Bharat, Mr. P. S. Rao, and other officers will have powers to decide administrative question finally, and their decisions will be biding on the Cabinet and will not be altered without the sanction of the Government of India. Thus, the Ministry of States will control the administration of Madhya Bharat.

The despatch adds that these decisions were taken after talks held in New Delhi for two days between representatives of the Ministry of States and the Madhya Bharat Government.

No confirmation of the report is available here as the Regional Commissioner and Chief Minister have left for Gwalior.

NEHRU'S LETTER TO TANDON

Nothing To Say Against Him

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Aug. 25.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the course of a letter to Shri Purushotam das Tandon sent early this week has made it clear that he had nothing to say personally against the latter as has been suggested in a section of the press; this was revealed by friends close to Shri Tandon. But Nehru has however made it clear in his letter that he had grave differences with Shri Tandon over fundamental principles and approach to the problems facing the country.

It is also stated that persons like Mridula Sarabhai and Feroz Gandhi are working for Acharya Kripalani. The reported compromise reached between Hiralal Shastry, Chief Minister of Rajasthan and Jainarayan Vyas, President of Rajasthan PCC has also strengthened Tandon's hands.

Cariappa To Inspect Home Guards

BOMBAY, Friday.

Gen. K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army will inspect a Guard of Honour of the Home Guards on Sunday, the 27th August at 09-15 hours at the Home Guards Headquarters, Yacht Club Building, Apollo Pier, Bombay. After the inspection, the Commander-in-Chief will address the officers of the Home Guards.

Red Tanks And U. S. Bombers Writing History In Korea

TOKYO, Aug. 25 (PTI).

WATCHING HISTORY IN THE MAKING MAY BE A GREAT EXPERIENCE BUT IN KOREA IT GIVES YOU A CREEPY FEELING OF REVULSION, WRITES M. SIVARAM, P.T.I. SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

Even away from the din of battle, you are haunted by the agonizing memory of a simple, semi-starved nation, caught in the vortex of power politics and going to pieces in the process.

Dusty roads, ragged and hungry masses, death and devastation on all sides....it was a heart-rending spectacle that I witnessed in Korea, where they are writing history with Soviet tanks, American bombers and Korean cannon-fodder.

In this strange war in Korea, nobody seemed to mind the Koreans. Millions of innocent peasants, workers and trades people stood aghast and helpless in the war that raged amidst them, killing Koreans by the thousands every day, razing their homes and hamlets, burning their crops.

COMMON OUTLOOK

At Taikyu Airfield, which the Americans were extending hurriedly last week, a South Korean Red Cross official talked to me of the war and the ravages it had brought about. He looked this side and that to make sure that nobody was within earshot.

"None of us likes this horrible war but we can't help it," he said. "As you know, it is more than a civil war between the North and the South."

Finding a sympathetic listener in me, he warmed up, after looking around again. He asked: "Who divided Korea, ideologically? who created the North and South Koreas?"

Our transport had arrived by then and my Korean friend left me without ceremony, looking guilty and tactfully winking his eyes.

Almost everywhere in fast-shrinking South Korea, I heard the Americans complain that the Koreans were a lazy lot, indifferent to the war effort and absolutely undependable in a crisis.

Korean labourers at American airfields were compelled to sleep at the work spot, lest they gave the slip during the night. Korean peasants were compulsorily evacuated to safe areas before the Communists got anywhere near them, lest they gave away vital information to the invaders.

In cities and towns, the South Koreans seemed to play their part quite well.

Even the servants at army camps and canteens were polite to the core. They had learned enough English—or American, as they termed it—to answer every need of the soldiers and officers with an appropriate bowing of the head.

PARADES

In Pusan and Taikyu, the citizens hung up huge posters across the streets welcoming United Nations and United States forces. Often, they staged "victory parades" which inevitably coincided with an American military setback. Occasionally, Korean youngsters climbed up American Army trucks and covered them with green twigs to camouflage them against attack.

Their 4,000-year tradition and 40-year Japanese rule had made the Koreans proficient actors on the political stage.

In Pusan, the strategic port city at the south-eastern tip of the Korean peninsula, I found the common people carrying on as usual, almost oblivious of the war for freedom and democracy.

Truckloads of American troops flashed past them on the streets. Vast quantities of arms and ammunition were being unloaded at the Pusan wharf. But the common people of Pusan sat around sipping tea at wayside stalls and seemed absolutely unconcerned.

Officials of the South Korean Government, however, were deeply concerned. They were shocked by the tide of the war, disappointed by the American failure to roll back the invaders, distressed over their own future if the worst happened.

AT PUSAN

A neutral observer at Pusan told me that many Koreans, who resented the overbearing attitude of the Americans, were secretly pleased that the U.S. forces were getting licked by the North Koreans.

According to this observer, the average Korean was not bothered by political ideologies. He merely wanted to be left alone. Politically free, economically indepenent, with his home and paddy land intact.

The Pusan and Taikyu sectors, now under the threat of the invaders, have always been strongly anti-Republican and the South Korean Government recently reinforced security measures in these districts. Political prisoners (Communists) in these districts are believed to number about ten thousand.

South Koreans estimate that the two-month-old war has claimed at least 100,000 Korean lives on the battle—fronts. They have no information regarding the civilian casualty caused by the American bombing raids of Communist-held territory.

REFUGEES

In Taikyu at whose approacnes some of the severest battles have been fought, there was an attitude of fatalism among the citizens. Like people awaiting the inevitable, they remained calm and collected. Only the Americans and the high-ups among officialdom seemed jittery.

The sorrows of Korea, however, were plainly visible in the tearful eyes of the refugees and the downcast looks of the townspeople.

I saw a young Korean woman, who lost her husband on the trek to safety, weep her heart out before the Taikyu police. The American doughboys on the Naktong bank had on their hands a five-year-old Korean lad, whose parents they had accidentally shot down while crossing the river.

Death lurked everywhere—on the roads around Taikyu, where an Indian officer and two British correspondents were killed last week and even on the streets of Taikyu, under the wheels of American trucks which drove around at breakneck speed.

It was a horrible tale of blood, toil, sweat and tears on the fighting fronts around Taikyu. It was so even among the American troops, who are sick of this war in Korea.

Many of them can't understand why they are fighting in Korea. Many others, excellent fighters, are baffled by the North Korean tactics. Those used to the easy life of occupation in Japan want to get away from it all.

"Korean is not the battleground suited to Americans, who believe in driving a jeep and presing a button". the late Colonel Unni Nayar told me. "None but the Gurkhas or the Japanese can hold their ground in Korea".

"It's hell sir", an American sergeant told me. "We have fought and retreated all the way. How I long for a good bath, a hot meal and a real bed".

BUGS

Even a. the foreign correspondents billet in Taikyu, it was the same story all over again. A camp cot studded with bugs and leaches comprised their entire furniture. Food was bad and meagre. sanitation facilities poor Only things aplenty were work and risk. Many correspondents acquired "bugs in the belly" on after their arrival on the war fronts.

"Good-bye and good luck....and here's the home address....just in case we don't meet again...."

That was the usual good-humoured farewell when correspondents dispersed in the mornings for the various fighting fronts.

In the evenings. in between work on dispatches. they gathered around in the dingy press room and sang out their worries:

Ko-rea, Ko-rea,
Don't get me Ma-laria.
Ko-rea Ko-rea.
Save me from. Diar-rhoea.

Outside the camp, in a city plunged in darkness and the fields around it, nearly a million and a half Koreans were without a roof over their heads.

Airplanes roarded over them carrying deadly cargo for their kismen across the firing lines Tanks rumbled into action. killing more Koreans on either side. Army trucks and jeeps flashed past piercing the darkness around them

We kep: awake, waiting for the midnight communique.

Meanwhile, some continued the tune "Ko-rea. Ko-rea".

BERLIN: The National Congress of the Communist-led "National Front" will stage a mass youth rally of the "Free German Youth" in East Berlin at the end of November, Berlin Radio announces.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Prices Slightly Low

LONDON, August 25, (PTI): Interest and business in London stock exchange today was checked by Communist China's call for withdrawal of United States forces from Formosa. Tendency of prices in most section was to slightly lower levels resulted in an absence of selling resulted in occasional rallies in the late stages of the day.

British Government stocks showed declines of 1/8th in long dated issues after losses of quarter. Mediums and short dateds mainly steady.

Under influence of news from Far East Japanese bonds were lower by one point while in industrial section there were falls. of few pence in leaders.

Electrical equipment and machine tool shares remained firm on their war potential.

Oils and other commodity issues were quitely maintained to occasionally firmer.

South African gold shares were mainly slightly easier in very quiet tradings.

Madhya Bharat Has Surplus Grains

INDORE, Aug. 25 (PTI): The Government of Madhya Bharat has declared a surplus of 30,000 tons of foodgrains, including 1,000 tons of rice and the quota has been placed at the disposal of the Government of India for export, states a press note issued by the Director of Information, Madhya Bharat, today.

Indore Donation

INDORE: The M. T. Cloth Merchants' Association of Indore has sent a cheque for Rs. 5,100 to Sardar Patel for the relief of people rendered homeless by the recent earthquake and floods in Assam.

EUROPEAN DRESS REHEARSAL

PARIS, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter). Western Union air forces today began a three-day 'battle'—Exercise Cupola—aimed at testing air defences from the Dutch coast to the Alps.

About 450 aircraft, including jet fighters, were taking part in the exercise—most extensive ever staged in Europe

TEXTILE STRIKE IN UJJAIN

INDORE, Aug. 25. (PTI): Workers of two textile mills in Ujjain, numbering about 2,000, went on strike today, as a protest against retrenchment in the spinning sections of the mills, according to a report reaching here.

Six trade union leaders were arrested by the police.

Orders under section 144 Cr. P. C. have been promulgated in the town and police pickets been posted around the mills.

ACCOMMODATION TO 21 LAKH URBAN D.P.S BEING PROVIDED

Review Of Rehabilitation Work

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25.

The Government of India, in a press note issued on August 23; reviewed the progress of resettlement of rural displaced persons from West Pakistan. It was stated in the press note that out of the total displaced population of about 50 lakhs which has come from West Pakistan, 30 lakhs are estimated to be rural in character and out of these 30 lakhs allotments of land to all except about three per cent have been completed. Along with land, each family has received (besides other assistance) allotment of either an evacuee house or funds to construct a new one.

As a number of displaced persons classified as rural may not actually be residing in rural areas, in India, the number of urban displaced persons for purposes of provision of houses in urban areas has been taken as 25 lakhs. Out of this number, provision for 21.65 lakhs has already been made or is being made.

The balance for whom houses have to be provided is thus 3.35 lakhs. Many of these persons are believed to have made their own arrangements in new houses built by them or in existing houses. The exact number of such persons is not known. It is expected that an appreciable number of these without accommodation will be provided houses by the end of 1951-52.

It is realised that the persons in evacuee houses are living in very congested conditions, but the first step is to provide accommodation for those who have no shelter at all. At a later stage houses will have to be built for some of the persons now living in evacuee houses to relieve congestion.

NO RATIONING

Rationing of accommodation is sometimes suggested. This has received the earnest consideration of the Ministry of Rehabilitation, and the State Governments and the Ministry of Works, Mines and Power were also consulted. The general feeling is against the measure, which is considered impracticable.

The residential accommodation built by Government for D.P.s is sold to them either on payment of the full price or on hire-purchase basis. Where houses are let out, the rent is assessed at about 6½ per cent on the capital cost.

Businessmen and traders have been helped by allotment of 28,000 evacuee business premises and shops. In addition, 25,000 new shops have been built

The Custodian of Evacuee Property, Delhi, had to examine over 40,000 cases. Now only 3,000 cases are pending with him for disposal and every effort is being made to expedite decisions in these cases.

RENT REALISATION

Out of the rent realised from urban evacuee immovable property, Government have sanctioned payment of a maintenance allowance to widows, the old and the infirm. Originally the rate fixed was up to a maximum of Rs. 250 p.m. Since, however, realisation of rent has been very poor, the funds available for disbursement of maintenance allowance proved insufficient and Government had to scale down the rate to a maximum of Rs. 50 p.m. It is hoped that D.P.s and their organisations will help Government by increasing the realisation of rent. Maintenance allowances aggregating to Rs. 1,40,000 per month are at present being given to 6,343 persons under this scheme. Besides, 14,541 aged and infirm persons and unattached women and children are being provided free shelter, food, education and training in 38 homes.

TERMS LIBERALISED

Under the urban loans scheme which is administered by the State Governments, a total amount of Rs. 7.41 crores has been disbursed to 1.20 lakh families. This has assisted in the rehabilitation of 7.2 lakh persons. The maximum amount of loan which can be given under this scheme is Rs. 5,000.

On representations received from D.P.s and State Governments, the terms of repayment of these loans have been recently liberalised.

Loans in excess of Rs. 5,000 are given by the Rehabilitation Finances Administration which works under the Ministry of Finance. The Administration has so far sanctioned loans amounting to Rs. 4.3 crores to over 4,000 applicants. Since loans are utilised for starting large business and industries, each loan leads indirectly to the rehabilitation of a number of families.

TRAINING AND EDUCATION

To equip the younger generation of D.P.s for employment, technical and vocational training is being given. Over 25,000 have already been trained and most of them are believed to have secured work. A large number of training centres are now functioning in most States and nearly 15,000 persons are at present under training.

The entire expenditure on education up to the primary stage is borne by Government. In the secondary and high schools, previously students were being given loans for payment of fees and purchase of books. It was felt that it would be more appropriate to give freeships as students may find it difficult to repay the loans. A new scheme has recently been announced under which freeships will be given to students in secondary and high schools and in colleges, instead of loans.

A sum of Rs. 47 lakhs was paid to students in loans up to the end of the year 1949-50. During the current financial year a provision of Rs. 150 lakhs has been made under the head "Education of D.P.s."

Korean Reds Gain & Lose

TOKYO, Aug. 25, (PTI-Reuter): Communist forces during the night took small bits out of the Taegu and Masan sectors at the far ends of General MacArthurs "west wall" defence line in Korea, but lost more ground to the South Korean offensive on the east coast.

With the opening of the third month of the war, fighters and bombers in fine fighting weather took off again at sun-up to blast Communist troops and supply lines beyond the range of American artillery up and down the front.

Last night, British commandos, landing from a destroyer, made their second raid on wireless installations on an island.

Loan To Australia: No Strings Attached

CANBERRA, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Australian Federal Treasurer Arthur Fadden said that he "knows nothing' about a Cabinet meeting Labour Member Arthur Callwell said was being held to decide whether to appreciate the Australian Pound.

At present 25 shillings make one pound sterling.

Mr. Fadden addtd that Mr. Callwell seemed to think he was still in the Cabinet.

It is authoritatively stated that "there are no strings" such as revaluation attached to the International Bank's one hundred million dollar loan to Ausralia.

Relief Committee

ALLAHABAD Aug. 25 (PTI).—A Relief Committee to help the destitute of the recent terrible earthquake and attendant floods in Assam was formed here yesterday.

PIRATES STEAL RUBBER

SINGAPORE, Aug. 25 (PTI).—Chinese pirates boarded a trading junk off the Perak coast of Malaya and stole 35 tons of Sumatra rubber, police reported here last night.

The attack took place last Saturday —but the crew and the craft were released by the pirates only on Wednesday.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the 35th Rationing Week, commencing from Sunday, August 27, 1950, to Saturday September 2 1950, has been fixed as follows:—

	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units).	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit).	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration card of one unit.
Total Cereal Ration Per Week	84 ozs	42 ozs.	28 ozs.
Maximum available in Rice ..	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
Of which—			
(a) Raw Rice Sort I-A or	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
(b) Raw Rice Sort I .. or	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	4 ozs.
(c) Raw Rice Sort II (if available) or	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
(d) Boiled Rice Sort I-C or	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	4 ozs.
(e) Boiled Rice Sort II .. (if available)	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
Maximum available in Bajri (if available)	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
Maximum available in Wheat	52 ozs.	26 ozs.	20 ozs
Of which—			
(a) Maximum available in wheatgrain ..	52 ozs.	26 ozs.	20 ozs.
(b) Additional Wheatgrain available in exchange for Rice quantum	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
Maximum available in Dehusked Barley (if available)	84 ozs.	42 ozs.	28 ozs.
Maximum available in Jowar (if available) ..	16 ozs.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.
Maximum available in Milo	24 ozs.	12 ozs.	4 ozs.

(16 ozs. make one lb.)

Bread Tickets at the rate of one Bread Unit against the surrender of 28 ozs. of wheat ration, is available upto the total quantity of wheat quota permissible during the ration period. One Bread Unit is equivalent to 28 ozs. of Bread.

Bread is available on production of Bread Tickets only during the week marked on the Tickets and upto Saturday of the following week.

As a measure to reduce consumption of rice, card-holders are allowed to draw their rice quota wholly or in part in wheatgrain. The combined Rice-Wheat quota should not exceed 68 ozs. of which only 16 ozs. will be available in Rice.

SUGAR

The quantum of Sugar for the 35th Rationing Week continues to be 6 ozs. per ration card.

Stop Press

TRANSLATIONS OF SPEECHES IN U.N. COUNCIL

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Security Council, meeting today to resume consideration of Korea began by listening to at least two hours of French translations of speeches left over from the last meeting. M. Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate and this month's Council President, proceeded immediately to the translation of one of his own speeches to be followed by that of the British and American delegates after adoption of the agenda.

TRUMAN ORDERS SEIZURE OF U. S. RAILROADS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): President Truman today ordered seizure of the nation's railways on Sunday to avert a threatened nationwide rail strike.

NO PLEDGE BROKEN

NEW YORK, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter). United States railway workers, threatening a nationwide strike for more pay and shorter hours on Monday, denied today that they had broken any pledge to President Truman.

U.S. RAIL STRIKE TO BE CALLED OFF

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): United States railwaymen tonight decided to call off their strike threatened for next Monday after President Truman had ordered seizure of the railways to avoid nationwide paralysis.

Nargis has a dynamic role in "Adhi Raat"

'Chhoti Bhabhi' Has Purposeful Theme

Opening this week at the Excelsior, novelty and several other theatres, Filmkar's first picture "Chhoti Bhabhi" is likely to prove one of the outstanding entertainers of the present season. The film has a purposeful theme dealing with a middle class family that is torn by dissentions and strifes due to the illiteracy and narrowmindedness of its members.

Peace of mind is brought to this discordant family by the healing influence of the "Chhoti Bhabhi" who comes into the fold and turns all the bickering into warmth and friendship.

In spite of the fact that the film deals with an actual social problem, there is plenty of entertainment, and audiences can be sure that they will be definitely pleased by this above the average fare.

The story is by Qamar Jalalabadi, who has also produced the picture and written the lyrics of the songs. Husanlal and Bhagatram are said to have written the finest score of their career for this film while Shanti Kumar has excelled himself in the direction.

The leading roles are played by Nargis, Shyam, and Kuldip. Yakub has got the finest role of his career, and is quite sure that he will excel all his past performances.

Baby Tabassum, who has been assigned a very important role in the film, has outstripped several of the leading stars by her outstanding performance.

VETERAN PRODUCER BACK AGAIN

Dhirubhai Desai, veteran producer and director of Vishnu Cinetone makes a comeback after a long time. He has floated a new concern, Chandra Kala Pictures, unler whose banner he has launched a spectacular film "Jai Maha Kali". The glamourous Nirupa Roy is featured in the central role, while several famed artists are in support headed by Ulhas. Niranjan Sharma, and Leela Chitnis. With hits like "Bhakta Prahlad" and "Dev Kanya" to his credit, Dhirubhai Desai has already quite a name among film producers, but hopes to excel himself in "Jai Maha Kali", which is based on the exploits of the legendery King Vikram.

NATIONAL THEATRE'S PRESENTATIONS

The Indian National Theatres, an institution that has brought about a change in the field of stage production, is due to present three one-act plays at the hall of St. Xavier's College. The plays are by Feroze Antia and the performances are on the 27th and 31st of this month.

On the 9th and 10th of September, drama lovers can witness the popular Gujarati work "Lagna Ni Bedi", while after this comes a performance of "Sneh Na Jher", an adaptation of Huxley's "Gioconda Smile". This play will be given on the 15th and 17th of September.

In "Lagna Ni Bedi", the leading role will be taken by Nirupama Mehta who replaces Nilanjana Mehta, while in the other play the main parts are played by Vanalata Mehta and Chandravadhan Bhatt, who is also responsible for the direction of both the plays. Those will be performed at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan.

FILMISTAN'S "SARGAM" CENSORED

Eagerly awaited by both the trade and the public, Filmistan's forthcoming picture, "Sargam", a fine musical phantasy, was passed by the Bombay Board of Film Censors on the 24th instant.

"MAGROOR" FOR SUPER

Every week a new social comes to the Indian screen, presenting the same old story of the love-triangle or advocating the virtues of the older schools of thought. But something novel or realistic that shows modern youth entangled in society intreague seldom appears.

Such a tender and romantic story is penned by Agha Jani Kashmiri, Melodious songs by Raja Mehdi Ali Khan set to sparkling tunes by Bulo C. Rani and Sajjad are likely to appeal to audiences. Produced by Hilla Wadia, the picture is rich in technique.

Amongst the players, Nigar looks charming and Meenakumari lends colour to her role. Jairaj and Rahman vie for acting honours, while Jilloo and Durga Khote are at their best. Mirza Mushraf provides the hilarious moments.

Produced on a lavish scale, with a top rank cast, "Magroor" will be released at Super next Friday.

"MADHUBALA" HAS FINE STORY

Madhubala and Dev Anand pair up plays. These will be performed at Ranjit's forthcoming attraction "Madhubala" which is due to take the screen at the New West End and several theatres from Sept. 8. This film, which is released through India Film Exchange, also has a strong supporting cast consisting of Randhir, Manju and Jeevan.

The directorial assignment was in the capable hands of Pralhad Dutt, while the basis of the plot is a screenplay by R. S. Chowdhary. The charming story, which is set in a village, has plenty of piquant situations, and depicts the adventures of a maid in search of romance. The song lyrics are the work of Rajendra Krishna, while the music is by Lacchiram.

"ALAKH NIRANJAN' DRAWS CROWDS

Can princes who live in palaces ever take to the hut of a hermit? The death of her husband opened the eyes of Rani Menavati. She met guru Jalandernath, who, after putting her devotion to a test, accepted her as his disciple.

Tears filled her eyes when she found her son Raja Gopichand engrossed in worldly pleasures. But her tears turned Raja Gopichand's heart and he agreed to throw off worldly shackles and take to the simple life. This step of his caused great conflict with rest of his family.

This emotional drama is enacted in Super Pictures' "Alakh Niranjan" by Durga Khote and Sapru. The direction is by Dada Gunjal. Others who contribute to this drama include Nirupa Roy, Ulhas and Trilok Kapoor.

"Alakh Niranjan" is running to crowded houses at the Majestic.

"Shree Ganesh Mahima"

People say that mythologicals appeal only to a particular class of audience, but the thousands that throng the Lamington and Kismet to see Basant Pictures' "Shree Ganesh Mahima" prove that mythologicals have an all round appeal to every class, and the reason for this lies in the polished production, the deft direction by Homi Wadia and the natural acting by Meenakumari, Mahipal, Mangala and Tripathi. The music by Tripathi is melodious.

ON THE INDIAN SCREEN

'ADHI RAAT' MAKES HUGE COLLECTION

Record collections of over a lakh of rupees during the first two weeks' run confirms the overwhelming popularity of Kuldip Pictures' "Adhi Raat" which is running in its thirteenth combined week at the Imperial, City Light and other theatres.

"Adhi Raat" is an outstanding film, and there is quite a controversy raging at the moment whether the ending of the film is justified. It is needless to give the plot of the film here; fans however can rest assure that they will find the picture thought-provoking and well above the standard usual for this type of film.

With a number of successful films already to their credit, Kuldip Pictures are making a bold bid to capture top artistic honours in the cinema world. The present film which deals with the controversial issues of drunkenness and divorce has the main characters portrayed with artistry by that fine pair Ashok Kumar and Nargis.

'Dahej' Still Popular

In spite of new releases and rival attractions, Rajkamal's "Dahej" is holding its own in the way of popularity. Even in its 15th week it is drawing capacity crowds at every show at every show at the Opera House. This film is popular all over India, and at certain centres has proved an outstanding hit. Delhi, Lucknow, Calcutta and Madras are only few of the cities that have taken the film to their hearts.

This film is definitely patchy. There are passages where the artists rise to great heights, but there are others where they plumb the very depths of banality and overacting. This is particularly true of Jayashree and Karan Diwan, whose acting is amateurish in the extreme.

Fortunately the picture is saved by the sterling performances of Prithvi Raj and Ulhas, and real gem that that fine veteran, Lalita Pawar has contributed in the role of the vicious mother-in-law. The photography is above standard and is in the hands of V. Avadhut while the music is by the popular music director Vasant Desai.

Nirupama Mehta in "Lagna-Ni- Bedi"

Indian News Review No. 99

Further coverage of the Independe- the country heads the latest issue of the Indian News Review scheduled for release on August 25.

The other items include are the children's fancy dress carnival at Bombay and fish spawn flown from Calcutta to Cooch-Behar for breeding purposes.

Karan Dewan gives creditable performance in "Anmol Rattan"

"ANMOL RATTAN" DUE FOR RELEASE

Due for release on September 8 at the Roxy and other theatres, Jaimini Dewan's "Anmol Rattan" is likely to prove very popular with the average Bombay crowd. The film is the handiwork of the same team that made a huge success of the outstanding "Rattan", but while the latter was a tragedy, the present film is broad comedy.

Meena, who is making quite a name for herself in comic roles, heads the cast, and the lead opposite is taken by Karan Dewan, while Gope, Nirmala, Cuckoo and Madanpuri are in support. The plot concerns a penniless young man whose only aim in life is to write poetry. His staunchly orthodox parents naturally think him crazy. They fix up a marriage, hoping that wedded bliss will cure all this nonsense, but unfortunately it does not, and there are further complications when he has a wind-fall of five hundred rupees and his parents think he has stolen it!

There is quite a lot of hilarity in the film which is from a story by D. N. Madhok and is directed by M. Sadiq.

"Sabak" In 28th Week

India Film Exchange are due to screen "Sabak" at the Roxy from Sept. 1st for three weeks. The film has proved very popular at Lahore and Calcutta as well as at Bombay, and in town the film has entered the 28th week of its combined run.

M. Sadiq has handled the comic and dramatic elements of the story with dexterity, and most of the credit for the tremendous box-office returns undoubtely belongs to him.

"MY LADY NICOTINE"

One of India's most important indence Day celebration throughout dustries, Tobacco which also is responsible for providing lucrative employment to half-a-million, is the subject of an informative short film titled "My Lady Nicotine" scheduled for release on August 25 throughout the country.

Offering picturesque sidelights on the growing of this golden leaf, this short film in a series of sequences also shows its marketing in a variety of forms as cigarettes, cigar, pipe-tobacco, beedies and snuff.

UNITED EUROPE PLAN

British Liberal Peer's Reaction

STUTTGART, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Lord Layton, the British Liberal peer, told Liberal leaders from all over the world here yesterday that Britain was ready to give up some of her national sovereignty to a United Europe—but within limits.

Addressing the opening session of the World Congress of Liberals, Lord Layton said Britain could be made to delegate some of her sovereignty on matters such as defence, pooling of industrial resources, unification of social services and even common citizenship.

Three thousand pedpigreed milch cattle will be raised every year on the twelve State-mechanised farms in Uttar Pradesh.

"Nili" Promises Great Success

Ranjit's "Nili", which takes the screen at the Liberty as the next change, has all the elements necessary for box-office success. The story of the film is an unusual one, and deals with a problem that is very much in the forefront these days—the controversial question of what exactly it is that makes for standing in society.

Birth, breeding, wealth—all these may be necessary, but in the final analysis it often happens that by themselves they are not enough. "Nili" tackles the problem convincingly and provides an effective answer.

The film is directed by Ratibha Punnatar, whose very first film "Gunsundari" hit the top of the box-office His next, the Gujarati film "Mangalfera", was even more of a success, and definitely established his reputation. The top parts in "Nili" are played by Suraiya and Dev Anand while Aga, Shyama Dulari and Cuckoo have outstanding supporting roles. With Suraiya in the film, it will be obvious that there is plenty of music, and fans are likely to find this film entertaining fare.

Dev Anand in Ranjit's "Nili"

More People Are Jobless Now

3.7 MILLION IN U. S.

GENEVA, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): Unemployment was higher this year than during the corresponding period last year in 11 of the 19 countries for which the International Labour Office received figures, it was announced today.

The countries where unemployment increased during the period under review were Canada, Britain, France, Australia, West Germany, Norway, Switzerland, South Africa, India, Pakistan and Japan.

Countries showing a drop in the number of workless were the United States, Hawaii, Belgium, Denmark, Eire, Italy, Israel and New Zealand.

In India, unemployed persons registered for work at the employment exchanges numbered 322,958 in June 1950, compared with 312,734 in June 1949.

Job-seekers at the employment exchanges in Pakistan rose from 63,887 at the end of June 1949 to 102,876 in June 1950.

In the United States the number of people estimated as unemployed decreased from 3,778,000 or six per cent of the labour force in June 1949 to 3,384,000 or 5.2 per cent in June 1950.

BUREAU WOUND UP

NEW DELHI: The Special Employment Bureau, which was set up in March 1948 for assisting in the speedy resettlement of highly qualified displaced persons, will be closed down on August 31 and its work transferred to the Employment Exchanges.

The Bureau was at first under the administrative control of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation. Later, it was transferred to the control of this Directorate-General.

Up to July 31, 1950, 3,505 displaced persons had sought employment assistance and 1,177 of them had found work. Among them were large number of lawyers, engineers, architects, teachers and scientific workers.

EXECUTIVE EXCESS GETS A KNOCK

Bridges Wins Bail

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): Harry Bridges, Australian-born President of the Longshoremen's Union, has won freedom on bail, pending his appeal against a prejury conviction.

In a two-to-one ruling, the United States Court of Appeals held that the Government's effort to gaol Bridges was "novel and startling".

"It is our purpose neither to minimise on the one hand nor to exaggerate on the other the possible implications of Bridges' utterances as disclosed in the Government showing," the majority opinion said.

The Government, through a special prosecutor, had successfully asked that Bridges' 25,000 dollars bail should be revoked on the ground he was a menace to the country since the outbreak of the Korean war.

The Dockers' leader was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in April for perjury and conspiracy after an 84-day trial. It was alleged he had falsely denied being a Communist during naturalisation hearings. He was allowed bail, but this was revoked on August 5 and he was committed to prison.

INDEPENDENT JUDICIARY

"We are obliged to point out," the court's majority opinion said, "that there is no showing that Bridges has in the present position committed any recognisable crime, or that he has himself counselled, or provocated sabotage, or sought to foment strikes or the establishment of picket lines on the waterfront."

The majority opinion added that the judiciary must remain firmly independent of the executive branch of the Government.

It said the Government's move to imprison Bridges had inaugurated a procedure "to make the courts the effective instrument of executive expediency"

Failure of the monsoon is likely to cause damage to the areca-nut yield in the current season in Karwar district.

TEXTILE WORKERS' STRIKE

(Continued from Page 6)

able to make any impression on the minds of even its own members. It has failed to secure the allegiance of those whom it seeks to serve and thus loses its right to be called their representative. The legal status has made the union the spokesmen of the workers in textile industry without any real representative capacity.

THE LESSON

The lessons that the present textile strike teaches us are many. The most important of them all is that, the judicial machinery for the settlement of disputes will work only where there is a spirit of accommodation and willingness to compromise. Otherwise, the awards of the judicial machinery have to be enforced. Merely sitting back and letting events take their own course may be good strategy but is not a remedy for the ills. The Government is wise in its decision not to interfere in the free and smooth course of justice. Workers falsely hoodwinked by interested political leadership have no right to assume that they will conform to the law when it is favourable and bring it into contempt when it does not suit them. They must not be allowed to break the law with impunity.

Never has there been a greater need than today for workers to assert themselves and develop their own leadership. Until that day dawns labour will continue to be the play-ground for careerists of diverse political creeds.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

(Continued from Page 6)

irregularities committed on the eve of the merger are concerned it is essential to remove them. Even if that involves effort which might appear to be disproportionate the merit of such an effort would lie in the fact that the common people in the suburbs will get the feeling that a change has really come over and what used to happen and to be tolerated in the past will no longer be possible.

CONDITION OF FOOTPATHS

Apart from the series of motions moved by members there were a series of interpellations which were answered this week. The answers brought out quite interesting information. For instance the replies to a question of Mr. K. S. Dharia revealed that the total mileage of foot paths in the city was 282, the average breadth of carriage way and foot path was 44 feet, the average breadth of footpaths was 11 feet. But what is disconcerting is the fact that there are only 41 miles with foot paths on both sides and one side footpaths are negligible. Still more disconcerting is the fact that very little is being done to improve the condition of the footpaths if one is to look to the meagre amount which is being spent on it.

There was also the interesting answer that it is proposed to complete the programme of providing foot paths as has been sanctioned by the Corporation in its resolution in January 1940, and that this would be done according to the availability of funds in the course of the next three years. One would expect greater attention is paid to footpaths not only for the sake of pedestrians who have to use them by day but also for the same of the hundreds of thousands who have to sleep on them at nights since there is no hope of their getting any houses in the absence of any proper housing programme either of the State Government or the Municipality.

SOARING PRICES

The next week promises to be again a week of special urgency meetings of the City Corporation. There is already one such adjourned meeting at which Mr. Asoka Mehta has raised the issue of soaring prices. Another special meeting to discuss the grave situation arising out of the total stoppage of work in the textile industry has been fixed by the Mayor for Monday the 28th. The Socialist sponsored resolution deplores the indifference of the State as well as the Union Government and congratulates the workers for the heroic struggle they have been waging for securing just conditions of life and work and condemns the anti-social and anti-national attitude of some Millowners. The resolution also congratulates the workers for their exemplary and peaceful conduct during the struggle despite grave provocations.

Not to be left behind the Socialists the Congress Party has asked the Mayor to convene another meeting at which a proposition would be considered which deplores the illadvised textile strike and asks the workers to rejoin work forthwith in their own interest and in that of the State and the public. No date has yet been fixed for the second meeting but it can be expected to follow on the heels of the meeting on Monday.

The battles that are to be fought on the floor of City Corporation next week remind one of August 1948, when the Socialists had given a call to the textile workers for a token strike on the 11th of that month. Prior to that date the Congress Party condemned the proposed token strike at a special meeting of the Corporation and since workers did not respond sufficiently to the Socialist call, at another special meeting after that date a motion was adopted which congratulated the textile workers for their wisdom.

The meeting on Monday would be right on the eve of the proposed one day's token strike in all other industries and would thus be the occasion that will naturally be highlighted. Probably the meeting on Monday will be the one of the most memorable meetings in the life of the Corporation since its election in February 1948.

Contribution Rate Of Developed Khar Lands

BOMBAY, Friday:

The Government of Bombay has decided, after consulting the Khar Lands Development Board, that the annual contribution payable in respect of the land benefited or protected by an embankment included in any scheme under the Khar Lands Acts, should be at the rate equal to the value of one Bengal maund of the produce per acre of such land. Such value will be calculated on the basis of the average market price of such produce for the months of January to March as recorded in Taluka Form XVIII-A under the Manual of Revenue Accounts.

For ADULTS only!

EROS

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Samuel Goldwyn's stirring drama of intense emotional impact!

'MY FOOLISH HEART'

Dana ANDREWS, Susan HAYWARD

RKO RADIO

TOMORROW at 10 a.m. Reduced Rates.

"LAUREL & HARDY FESTIVAL" Repeated for the 4th time!

Listen to Radio Goa on 31 metres.

GRAND DOUBLE ATTRACTION AT "The Northern Lights of Bombay".

AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

The Screen's Funniest Comedians

STAN LAUREL & OLIVER HARDY

Pack All The Laughter You Can Take In

'A CHUMP AT OXFORD'

AND

'SAPS AT SEA'

Tomorrow morning at 10-30 a.m. WHOLE SERIAL SHOW!

"MYSTERIOUS DR. SATAN"

JEEVAN'S MEMORABLE PERFORMANCE IN KULDIP PICTURES'

ADHI RAAT

NARGIS. ASHOK. KULDIP.

13th Week At IMPERIAL

Daily: 3-30, 6-30. 9-30. Sun 12-30.

City Light—Jai Hind

Daily: 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.

BANDRA Talkies

HIND MATA

PAREL

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sat., Sun. 12-30.

ALL IN COLOUR

31ST WEEK | JAYANT DESAI'S

HAR-HAR-MAHADEO

NIRUPA ROY, TRILOK KAPUR.

Sun. Morn. 10 A.M. TARZAN & THE HUNTRESS

Heading Towards SILVER JUBILEE

House Full 22nd Week

MOHAN'S BEST BOX-OFFICE HIT

RAJ MUKUT

Your King Maker: DRAWING PACKED HOUSES

SWASTIK Sun. Matinee

BROADWAY Sat. Sun. Matinee

KASTURBA (Malad)

Attraction at Large!

FILMISTAN'S

SPECTACULAR PICTURE OF A WOMAN'S FORTITUDE

NIRDOSH

Starring: REHANA, SHYAM, KULDIP.

13th WEEK of Combined Run

AT CENTRAL Daily: 3, 6-15 9-30. Tomorrow Matinee at 11-45.

ALSO AT PALACE & RIVOLI

WALLACE ACCUSED OF "COWARDICE"

Progressives Oppose U. S. Intervention In Korea

NEW YORK CITY, (By Air):

ALL the functioning state organizations of the Progressive Party have repudiated Henry Wallace's stand endorsing U.S. intervention in Korea through the United Nations, it is learned.

This action was disclosed by C. B. Baldwin, Progressive Party Secretary, who said that the 21 state orgnizations had voted full backing of the statement adopted by the National Committee which held that foreign intervention could only make the Korean dispute more difficult and bloody.

"Wallace's stand has hurt us with some people," Baldwin said, "but it has not hurt us with the people most active in the party. Only one member—of the 156 man National Committee—Prof. Thomas Emerson of Yale Law School—has left with the Wallace and the vote in the State Committees showed that 98 per cent of the members favoured the national programme."

Immediately after Wallace made his position known on the Korean crisis, the Communist "Daily Worker" which had hailed him as statesman second only to Stalin, consigned him to the ranks of "the Wall St. Buccaneers."

The "Worker" attacked him editorially and in a series of articles by Gil Green, State Chairman of the Illinois Communist Party. Green accused Wallace of shabby Jingoism", "betrayal," "corwardice," and "abysmal ignorance."

Then came the action of the Progressive Party units-nationally and in individual states.

DISILLUSIONMENT

Henry Wallace's romance with the U.S. Communists has finally ended in the bitter and tragic disillusionment characteristic of liberal love-affairs with the Kremlin machine. In the end Wallace learned what so many others had learned before him; no man can do busines with the Communists unless his heart belongs to Stalin. Two years ago Wallace patiently survived the Communist coup in Czechosovakia and the comrades cheered. He ran for President on a program of all-out war against Harry S. Truman and the Communist faithful strewed poisies in his path. Now the flowers of spring have become the tomatoes of summer.

Wallace committed the unforgivable sin. When the aggression in Korea began he refused to take the Russian side. He refused to accept the notion that in any dispute between America a. d Russia, his own country is invariably wrong. He refused to translate aggression into self-defence. The rest was inevitable.

The "Daily Worker" promptly denounced him as an agent of the "Wall Street buccaneers." At the signal from the Communist high command the State Committees of the Progressive Party obediently swung into line. Many times in the past Wallace stubbornly challenged assertions that the machinery of the Progressive Party was firmly controlled by the Communists. When he issued his statement on Korea he said wistfully that he would await the verdict of the "rank-and-file". He got his answer quickly. The "rank-and-file" never got a chance to vote; the packed committees voted as the Communists dictated.

In the bleak morning, after his four year fling with the Communists, Wallace must wonder how he ever was duped by all the pledges of undying allegiance that came his way.

LAST RESIDUE

With Wallace's departure the last residue of idealism in the Communist-ruled Progressive Party disappears. For Wallace was a symbol to a number of young men and women who like him were unwilling to face the truth about their partners. His misfortune will stun any non-Communist remnants that have remained with the progressives.

The impact of Wallace's decision, belated as it seems, may have salutary world consequences. If Stalin has misread American opinion, if his agents here have deluded him into believing that there is a vast force on his side in the U.S.A., if he has taken seriously the spurious claims of Progressive Party strength, he should know better now. With Wallace's retirement the Progressives lose their last front-man of any national significance.

—P. G. Krishnayya's Service.

Canberra To Look After Bellingen Quads

CANBERRA, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Federal Government is to engage a housewife or other domestic assistant at a salary of four pounds (Australian) a week for five years for Mrs. Betty Gara, 29-year-old mother of the Bellingen quadruplets.

Senator W. A. Spooner, Minister of Social Services, announced this today.

The quadruplets were born at Bellingen, New South Wales last week at intervals over a period of three days

CLASHES IN POONCH: REVOLT GOES ON

SRINAGAR, Aug 25 (UPI): Pathan troops had to be called out to quell the rioting which had broken out in "Azad Kashmir" territory, according to reports reaching here today.

Following the revolt of the supporters of Sardar Ibrahim, street fighting between them and the supporters of Mr. Ghulam Abbas, is now said to be going on in several districts of Poonch.

Many people in the territory are also stated to be boycotting the law courts and other institutions of the so-called "Azad Kashmir Government" as a protest.

ONE KILLED, TWO HURT IN SAIGON

Viet-Minh Active

SAIGON, Aug 25, (PTI-Reuter): Platoons of infantry and aircraft rushed to two points north of Saigon, where scattered guerilla bands were attacking two road convoys, a French Army communique said yesterday.

The communique said that one Viet Namese was killed and two people, including one Frenchmen, were wounded while the driver of a bus was kidnapped.

The incident occurred when six military and one civilian truck were fired on by guerillas of the Viet Minh insurrectionary Government near Banme Thout, about 85 kilometres north of Saigon.

A second attack was made on a bus about 40 kilometres north of Saigon. The passengers were saved by the arrival of any army convoy but the guerillas kidnapped the driver. The fleeing guerillas were machine-gunned by two pursuing planes.

U.S. EXPORT OF MOLYBDENUM

Leakage To Russia Suspected

WASHINGTON, August 25 (PTI-Reuter). American State and Commerce Departments were today reported tightening up export procedure following an alleged leakage to Russia of 50 tons of a strategic material—Molybdenum, used for hardening steel—was transferred to the Russian steamship "Beloostroy" in an unidentified British port on July 1.

The fifty tons, said to be worth about 55,000 dollars, was part of an original consignment of 200 tons bound for Britain in what the spokesman said was "apparently perfectly legal transaction".

The spokesman declined to give the name of the British firm to which the Molybdenum was originally destined.

Because the shipment had been transferred from ship to ship and never was unloaded in England, it did not go through British customs and did not require a British export licence he added.

The State and Commerce Departments were taking steps to prevent any repetition of the incident, the spokesman said.

Officials said they understood Soviet supplies of molybdenum were "inadequate for her needs."

DEMAND FOR FREEDOM OF THOUGHT

PEN World Congress Resolution

EDINBURGH, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The PEN International Congress here yesterday unanimously approved a resolution proposed by Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, former Dewan of Travancore, pledging members to the principle of freedom of thought and speech.

The resolution—one of four approved by a joint meeting of UNESCO and PEN which last week discussed "the writer and the idea of freedom" the unhampered transmission of that PEN stood for "the principle of thought within each nation and between all nations" and that members" "pledge themselves to oppose any form of suppression of freedom of expression in the country and community to which they belong."

It also called on men to declare for a free press, opposition to arbitrary censorship in time of the peace and criticism of Governments "was imperative."

The writer's free expression promotes and protects all other liberties, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyer said.

Mechanised Sugar Protection

SINGAPORE, Aug. 25 (PTI): Two Indian sugar millers, Mr. D. M. Dahanukar of the Maharashtra Sugar Mills, Bombay, and Mr. B. N. Pittie of the Harinnagar Sugar Mills of Bihar, passed through Singapore on their way to Australia to learn about "mechanised sugar production". They are accompanied by an Indian sugar chemist, Mr. R. N. Agarwal.

Indo-China States Accept

LONDON, August 25 (PTI-Reuter). —The three Indo-China states of Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia have accepted the British Commonwealth invitation to take part in its eight-million sterling aid plan for South-East Asia it was authoritatively learnt in London yesterday.

Westerling In Brussels

CONDITIONAL STAY ALLOWED

BRUSSELS, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter).—CAPTAIN RAYMOND ("Turco") Westerling, 34-year-old Dutch ex-Commando, was last night told he could remain at liberty in Belgium, provided he entered into no political activity, after an attempt to deposit him on the pocket handkerchief Grand Duchy of Luxembourg had failed.

The new decision was announced by a high official of the Belgium Ministry of Justice who said it had been taken after a conference between Belgian Premier Joseph Bholien and Ludovic Moyergoen, the Minister of Justice.

The permission was also conditional on his presence not provoking incidents "He must keep out of the way", the official added.

But there was still confusion about his exact status

Foreign Minister Paul Van Zealand's Department said: "What is all the fuss about? Westerling has an uptodate passport issued by the Dutch Consul in Singapore He can come and go as he pleases."

Justice Minister Ludovic Moyersoen disagreed.

"I consider Westerling as an undesirable foreigner", he said. "I need give no explanation for my decision." (A reference apparently to the conditions imposed by the Belgian authorities about his stay).

ARRIVAL CREATES HAVOC

His arrival had created havoc here. While he was cooped up for nine hours in a tiny office at Brussels airfield, surrounded by security men, there were hurryings and scurryings between Ministries.

Eventually, Westerling was taken to the Luxembourg frontier where he was refused admission by the Grand Duchy. It was then that the decision to allow him to remain in Belgium was taken.

He had flown into Brussels earlier yesterday from Singapore with a short stay at Cairo. On his arrival, Belgian security officials said he would be gaoled unless he left the country by last night.

After speaking to reporters for about 10 minutes, Westerling was escorted by security officials to the airport commandant's office, where he was questioned for two hours by security officials, and allowed to telephone his family in Holland

Earlier he had told reporters he wanted to make it clear that his activities in Indonesia were not acts of banditry.

"I was never a bandit, and never intended to become one. Those people I was fighting were not women and children—they were Communists.

"Events since my arrest have proved there is only one way to deal with them—the hard way", he said.

He said he was "particularly grieved" at the decision of the Indonesian authorities to detain his three children —Jacqueline aged eight, John six and Cecilia two and half.

"Regardless of what one may have against me. I think it grossly unfair to punish my children and break my wife's heart," he said.

WESTERLING'S ENTRY INTO HOLLAND

Rebel Leader's Friend To Petition Queen

SCHIPHOL AIRPORT (Holland), Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): John Thyssen, friend of rebel leader, Captain 'Turco' Westerling, will petition Queen Juliana to allow Westerling to come to Holland, he said on arrival here by air from Brussels yesterday.

Westerling had hoped to celebrate his birthday in Holland on August 31 Thyysen said.

He added that the reason Westerling had preferred not to come to Holland now was "not to save his own skin, but because he was convinced his presence would embarrass the Netherlands Government and because the Indonesian problem was still too thorny to make more, difficulties desirable."

Westerling's wife arrived at Schiphol in a plane from Djakarta an hour after Thyssen landed from Brussels.

Mrs. Westerling alleged that she had been deprived of her freedom of movement by the Indonesian authorities, who wanted to interrogate her about her husband's actions. She had had the "greatest difficulty" in getting away from Djakarta, she said.

HAND OVER WESTERN NEW GUINEA

Soekarno's Warning To Dutch

DJAKARTA, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Indonesian President, Soekarno, said today he would like Queen Juliana of Holland to visit Indonesia and he would like to visit Holland—but not until after the Dutch New Guinea issue was settled, according to the Djakarta correspondent of the Dutch News Agency.

The dispute concerns the future status of Western New Guinea where the Dutch claim retention of sovereignty, while Indonesia says it should be handed over to the new Indonesia State.

"My people are 100 per cent behind our stand but I know the Dutch people are not 100 per cent behind their government," said the President.

He "earnestly warned" the Dutch people "to understand Indonesia's standpoint on West New Guinea and to fulfil our wishes."

The President declared himself a "warm defender of good relations" between Australia and Indonesia.

A MATCH FOR MALIK

LONDON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter).

THE MASS circulation "Daily Mirror" yesterday paid tribute to Sir B. N. Rau, Indian Delegate to the United Nations Security Council, as the man who "is a match for Soviet Delegate Jacob Malik."

Its New York correspondent, John Walters, wrote that "a surely-perplexed United Nations' was looking to "Sir B. N." to save it from being "straight jacketed by those tricky Russians."

"Some say that for sheer brilliance in the United Nations, India's Rau is far ahead of Britain's whimsical Sir Gladwyn Jebb, or America's excitable Warren Austin", he wrote.

Regailing Sir Benegal Rau's love for tennis, Walters said he would have no time to set this year's international tennis tournament at Forest Hills, New York.

"Instead, he must stay on the job and play a much more subtle game with Mr. Malik", he added.

MALIK'S NEW MOVE

Withdraw U. S. Troops From Formosa

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Soviet delegate Jacob Malik, this month's President of the Security Council, may raise Communist China's demand for withdrawal of American forces from Formosa when the Council resumes its debate on Korea today.

Some sources here predicted this last night after disclosure that the Chinese Communist Foreign Minister, Chou En-Lai, had made the demand in identical cables to M. Malik and to United Nations Secretary-General Trygve Lie.

Today's will be the Council's tenth session on the Korean war. So far the debate has proved fruitless.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter).—The Army announced yesterday that 47,000 additional other ranks in the reserve forces would be called to active duty by November 10.

Greek Mothers Appeal To U.N.

DEATH SENTENCES AGAINST SONS

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Twelve Greek mothers appealed today to the United Nations through the Soviet delegate, against death sentences passed by a Greek Military Tribunal on their sons.

The sons were described as 'former fighters in the National Resistance Movement."

M. Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate, forwarded the appeal to M. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General and asked him to take "without delay" measures to save the lives of the condemned men.

RAF DAKOTA CRASHES IN MALAY JUNGLE

Army Patrol Sent To Search Area

SINGAPORE, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): A Royal Air Force Dakota crashed today in the jungle in Kelantan State, Malaya, with 11 passengers and crew aboard.

The crash occurred about mid-day. R. A. F. headquarters announced.

Army patrols were despatched immediately to search the area.

The passengers aboard were reported to include four British soldiers.

19 German War Criminals Released

LANDSBERG, (Bavaria), Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): Nineteen former Nazi war criminals were released by United States authorities from the war crimes prison here today.

American authorities announced their decision to release the prisoners, 11 days ago, on grounds of reduction of sentence for good conduct.

Commissions To Jawans

SRINAGAR, Aug. 25 (PTI).—The Kashmir Government will grant commissions to 24 J.C.O.'s of the Jammu and Kashmir militia who have completed a six-month training course in the OTS, Poona.

NEW RED THREAT TO TAEGU

Wedge Driven Into S. Korean Lines

MACARTHUR'S H.Q., Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter).

A MACARTHUR HEADQUARTERS communique early today said the Communists had shifted their assault weight from the mountain peaks immediately north of Taegu— menaced city at the north-west corner of the defence box—and were trying now to punch through on the north face of the line.

Pushing down along the road and railway towards Yongchon, two Communist infantry battalions, supported by about 30 tanks, drove a small wedge into the South Korean Sixth Division for what may be an attempt to outflank the defence of Taegu from the East.

On the south coast, north-west of Haman, one company of American infantry fell back during the night but prepared to counter-attack before dawn.

Communist pressure in the South, where the American Twenty-fifth Division is combing the approaches to General MacArthur's major supply inlet of Pusan, a few miles to the East, was described as heavy at company and battalion level but not of great strength.

BOMBING CASUALTIES "VERY HEAVY"

North Korean Admission

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Army yesterday said North Korean prisoners had reported that the massive B-29 (superfort) bombing of Communist forces on the Central Front on August 16 inflicted very heavy casualties.

Ninety-eight Superfortresses dropped nearly 1,000 tons of bombs on a concentration, estimated at from 40,000 to 60,000 Communist troops.

The spokesman would not attempt to say what North Korean soldiers would consider very heavy casualties to be. He said American commanders would regard casualties of 10 per cent as very heavy.

Unpleasant Facts Best Ignored

LONDON, Aug. 25. (UPI): London newspapers have with one exception, resolutely kept silent on Pandit Nehru's expressions of India's opposition to large-scale bombing in Korea. Only The Daily Worker in a front-page banner headline said, "Nehru Protests at U.S. Bombing, India's Indignation at Terror Raids."

In an editorial the paper writes, "Nehru, who leads the Government of a country with a population of over 330 millions, has made further comment that such bombing produces scarcely any military results."

London's other ten morning papers and three evening papers did not mention a single word about this point. Their reports concerned Kashmir issue alone.

U.S. Action In Korea Condemned

LONDON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter):—The Supreme Patriarch of Armenia and the Soviet All-Union Council of Evangelical Christian Baptists have sent message to the Security Council condemning American action in Korea as threatening "the outbreak of a new world conflagration", according to Tass official Soviet News Agency.

Johnson Should Quit

NEW YORK, August 25 (PTI-Reuter).—"Colliers Magazine", a United States periodical, has demanded that American Secretary for Defence Louis Johnson should resign "as a patriotic duty" because of American "unpreparedness" for the Korean war.

Edinburgh To Command Naval Frigate

LONDON, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Duke of Edinburgh, 29-year-old husband of Princess Elizabeth, will take over command of the British Naval frigate, 'Magpie,' in Malta on September 2, it was announced here today.

The 'Magpie' will be the Duke's first command He was recently promoted Lieutenant-Commander.

The Duke flew home from Malta early this month to be with Princess Elizabeth on the occasion of the birth of their second child 10 days ago. He is now at Balmoral Castle, in Scotland, where the King, Queen and Princess Margaret are on a holiday.

Another Minister Who Won's Allow It

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25 (UPI): Shri Profula Chandra Sen, Food Miniser, West Bengal, said here today that his Government would not allow anyone in the State to die of starvation.

Shri Sen, who was speaking at a function arranged by the West Bengal Rural Welfare Society here, said that West Bengal was faced with a serious food crisis today, and unless the people of the State became conscious of this crisis, it would be difficult for the Government to cope with the situation

Houses For D.P.'s

GWALIOR Aug. 25 (PTI) The Government of Madhyabharat has decided to build 300 houses at Ujjain for displaced persons.

Paul Muni As 'Aga Khan'

PARIS, Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter).

Plans for a film version of the life of the Aga Khan, to be made in technicolour on a multi-million dollar scale were outlined here yesterday by film rproducer Alexander Galkind.

It is planned to make versions in English and Hindustani.

Galkind, 29-year-old Mexican, disclosed that he had Paul Muni in mind for the role of the Muslim and multi-millionaire sportsman. But he added the reservation "if he is not too old".

Muni is 55. The Aga Khan is 76.

Muni, former star of gangster films, achieved fame more recently with screen characterisations of Louis Pasteur and Emile Zola.

The producer said the film would cover 40 years in the life of the Aga Khan.

The praducers added that scenes would be shot in India, Pakistan and Central Africa.

"The Aga Khan will from September 7 work in Cannes in collaboration with an English script writer, Michael Pertwee on nthe scenario". he said.

"This first outline may take about a month. Then the script will be drafted, and I am hoping that filming will start before the spring".

Galkind said the Aga Khan might make a short appearance at the screen to introduce the film.

Something New In Architecture

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 25 (PTI): A number of relics of an ancient civilization have been unearthed in the village of Jamua, about ten miles from Chak-Ghat in Allahabad district.

The stones of a demolished temple found in the village disclose a new style of architecture. It is said that at that time building stones were not cemented together with mortar, but fixed at their respective places by a system of bores and projections.

Mr. Janishwar Dasna, noted scholar on antiquities who visited the village hold PTI that the village of Jamua might have been the site of an ancient city like Kaushambh, Bhita, Paratishanpur, Sringberpur and Prayag.

CHARGE OF ACCEPTING BRIBE

Sentence Reduced On Appeal

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 25.

At the Allahabad High Court, the sentence of 18 months' R.I. passed by the Judicial Magistrate, Kanpur, on Shiva Shankar Lal Chaurasia, Head Clerk, Nawabganj Rationing Office, Kanpur city for the offence of bribery under Section 161 of the Indian Penal Code and upheld by the Sessions Judge was reduced to six months by Justice Harish Chandra.

His Lordship said that he was informed the applicant was a graduate of the Allahabad University and a copy of his judgment would be sent to the Vice-Chancellor of the University for such action as he might like to take. The case for the prosecution was that the applicant accepted a bribe of Rs. 15 from the complainant Nanak Singh, fuel shopkeeper, on February 8, 1949.

The Magistrate who had been previously informed, immediately appeared on the scene and picked up notes which the accused threw down on the ground when he wanted to search his person. Having regard to all circumstances of the case, Mr. Justice Harish Chandra was of the view that the sentence of six months' R.I. would meet the ends of the justice. The sentence was accordingly reduced.

REDS RAID A VILLGAGE

Decamp With Guns

VIJAYAVADA, Aug. 24, (PTI): Six persons in khaki uniforms, described as Communists and armed with fire-arm, raided yesterday afternoon Gotti-Mukkula village in Nandigama Taluk of Kistna District, according to information available with the West Kistna Congress office.

The raiders entered the village official's house and shot at him and his sister Both the village officer and his sister have been rushed to hospital where their condition is reported to be serious.

As the raiders withdrew, they snatched away three guns of the village Protection Committee

RED CHINA DETERMINED TO LIBERATE FORMOSA

Foreign Minister Warns Against U. S. Intervention

LONDON, August 25 (PTI-Reuter).

CHOU EN-LAI, Communist China's Foreign Minister, said in his cable to M. Malik and Mr. Lie that the arrival of United States forces in Formosan waters was "an open encroachment on the territory of the Peoples Republic of China" and was "direct armed aggression on the territory of China."

The Communist New China News Agency reported from Peking that the cables stated: "On June 27 this year President Truman announced the decision of the United States Government to prevent with armed forces the liberation of Formosa by the Chinese Peoples Liberation Army.

"Meanwhile, the United States Seventh Fleet moved towards the Straits of Formosa and this was followed by the arrival in Formosa of contingents of the United States Air Force in an open encroachment of the territory of the Peoples Republic of China.

"This action on the part of the United States Government is direct armed aggression on the territory of China and a total violation of the United Nations' Charter.

A BINDING PACT

"Formosa is an integral part of China. This is not only a fact based on history, confirmed by the situation since the surrender of Japan, but it is also stipulated in the Cairo Declaration of 1943 and the Potsdam communique of 1945 as a binding international agreement, which the United States Government has pledged itself to respect and to observe.

"The people of China cannot tolerate this action of armed aggression by the United States Government on the territory of China and are determined to liberate from the tentacles of the United States aggressors, Formosa and all other territories belonging to China.

"On behalf of the Central Peoples Government of the Peoples Republic of China I now lodge this accusation with the United Nations Security Council and propose that, for the maintenance of international peace and security and for the upholding of the dignity of the United Nations Charter, the United Nations Security Council is obliged by its inalienable duties to condemn the United States Government for its criminal action, armed invasion of the territory of China, and to take immediate measures to bring about the complete withdrawal of all the United States armed invading forces from Formosa and from other territories belonging to China."

NO CHINESE TROOPS IN TIBET

Authoritative Denial

KALIMPONG, Aug. 25 (PTI): Tsepon Shakabpa, leader of the Tibetan delegation at present here, told the PTI today that he had no information regarding Chinese troops crossing into Tibet, wires V. C. Natarajan, PTI staff correspondent.

Commenting on a radio report, the Tibetan leader said that he was in constant touch with Lhasa by wireless, and added: "I should know if any such development had taken place."

Shakabpa reiterated the conviction that the Peking Government "will take no such step in view of the forthcoming talks between the Tibetan delegation and representatives of the Chinese Government in New Delhi. These talks are being held with the object of arriving at a peaceful and amicable agreement between Tibet and Red China" over the future status of the land of the Lamas.

INSTIGATION

Replying to a question, the Tibetan leader said it was possible that these reports on Chinese troops entering Tibet might have been put out "at the instigation of some interested power". He did no elaborate this point further.

An Indian Government spokesman also denied the report saying that New Delhi would have received such information, if true, from the Indian representative in Lhasa.

Competent and well-informed observers here were more emphatic, stating that China did not desire "to invade or conquer Tibet". They said, "The Peking Government had actually proposed to the Tibetan Government that a contingent of Chinese troops should be permitted to come to Lhasa to purge Anglo-American influence from Tibet.

"The Tibetan Government's reply to the proposal is, however, unknown."

One expert on Tibetan affairs—who declined to be named—said he would not absolutely discount a future possible movement of Chinese troops into Tibet. "It may happen, if it does, any time between now and end of September." He would not, however, amplify this statement.

Baroda Students Stay Off

BGAROADA, Aug 25 (PTI): Several students of the Baroda College absented themselves from their classes this afternoon to protest against the decision of the Bombay University authorities not to have an examination centre at Baroda for the BSC subsidiary examination to be held in October this year.

Students from Baroda appearing for this examination numbering about fifty have been asked to appear at the Bombay centre.

Rain-Making And Hail-Control

Story Of Successful 'Seeding' Of Clouds

IT hadn't rained for months. Powdery dust lay inches deep on the plantation roads that wound among the beds of thirsty pineapple on the Hawaiian island of Molokai.

"You think that dry ice is going to work?" a plantation hand asked.

"Sure. Going to be a cloudburst", grinned Jim Medcalf, the Pineapple Research Institute meteorologist.

He was kidding, of course. It couldn't rain.

But it did. The heavens opened and deposited more than one and a half inches of rain.

And that was no accident, writes Leverett G. Richards in "The Country Gentleman."

Neither was the three inches that fell on the little island of Lanai, 60 miles south east of Honolulu, on January 10, 1949, nor the three and a half inches that fell on Molokai June 13, 1949—directly below the cloud in which 100 pounds of dry ice had been dumped from a plane a little earlier.

These were among the heaviest recorded rainfalls induced by man. But the world paid little attention. The Weather Bureau had said it couldn't be done.

Then Uncle Sam's own Project Cirrus, on July 21, 1949, touched off a series of rainstorms that laid down more than an inch of rain on the parched mesas of New Mexico.

Dr. Irving Langmuir, until his recent retirement assaociate director of General Electric Research Laboratories, estimated 320 billion gallons fell that day. The cost was amazingly low. It had taken less than a pound of silver iodide, worth dol. 20 to produce rain in quantities more than sufficient to fill New York City's reservoirs if utterly empty.

Seeding The Clouds

The scientists had set up a spray-nozzle burner on the desert near Albuquerque. Shortly after sunrise they began feeding silver iodide into the hydrogen flame that burned at 2500 degrees Fahrenheit. An invisible vapor of submicroscopic crystals rose into the cloudless sky, borne along by a ten-mile-an-hour north wind. The scientis's estimated the vapor would reach the Manzano Mountains, 25 miles to the south, in about two and a half hours. Sure enough, at 8-30 a.m. a lone, large cumulus cloud began to form on the shoulder of the mountains. An hour and a half later, as the torch continued to feed billions of nuclei into the air, lightning flashed and heavy rain fell.

Before the day was done, rainstorms spread over much of New Mexico.

During the 30 hours after the cloud-seeding, 650 million gallons of water flowed down Galisteo Creek, usually a dry wash, and three billion gallons down the Pecos River at Santa Rosa.

The Technique

The tiny brown crystals of silver iodide, which under a microscope look like snowflakes, make ideal nuclei around which nature forms real snowflakes, under the right conditions. It is the absence of such nuclei in nature that often causes clouds to form and then dissipate without producing rain. Water drops in the clouds cool below the freezing point as they are lifted to the cold upper air, but they don't freeze.

Introduce silver iodide and the supercooled droplets suddenly turn to ice crystals. These, colliding with other water droplets, grow rapidly into snowflakes so big they break into smaller flakes, which spread through the cloud with a chain reaction. In the crystallization process heat is released, causing updrafts which spread the chain reaction through the cloud with explosive violence. Whether rain or snow falls to the ground depends on the temperature: snow falling through warmer air melts into rain.

Dry ice—carbon dioxide at 109 degrees below zero—acts differently: it cools the water droplets below the point at which they must freeze—38 degrees below zero—and they thus themselves produce the necessary nuclei. Dry ice is effective at 32 degrees Fahrenheit or below, while silver iodide is fully effective only at 14 degrees or colder. Dr. Vincent J. Schaefer used both in 1948.

Dry ice can be used for a variety of purposes. The scientists in New Mexico shot single pellets of dry ice—about three-quarter-inch or one-inch cubes—from a Very pistol 700 feet into a cloud to produce a chain reaction that resulted in a violent thunderstorm. They have also used dry ice to prevent thunder, lightning and hail: injected near the top of a cumulus cloud, it starts violent updrafts which dissipate the thunderhead.

The Sceptics

The New Mexico experiments, the climax of three years of rain-making tests, impressed everyone but the Weather Bureau. The bureau observer "considered it possible that seeding operations could have increased the naturally occurring rain not more than ten percent."

According to Dr. Langmuir, however "the data actually show that the rainfall on both tests was exceptionally high and could not possibly have been the result of naturally occurring ruin."

One of the bureau's officials unsheathed his trusty slide rule to prove that man couldn't really produce rain: even a cloud 10,000 feet deep could yield no more than .03 of an inch of moisture at the ground.

The bureau denied that dry ice could produce a major rainstorm, and started experiments of its own to prove it. Rain resulted from those experiments, but bureau scientists stated that "it would have rained naturally anyhow." or that "it was not economically feasible."

Farmers Pump For It

Arizona ranchers, truck farmers and power companies do not share the bureau's skepticism. They point to dol. 168,000 worth of water delivered to their reservoirs by rain-makers at a cost of dol. 30,000. The rain-maker in this case was Dr. Irving P. Krick, consulting meteorologist of Pasadena, Calif., and best known of the West Coast's authorities on the subject.

Dr. Krick and his staff studied the weather, stream flow and reservoir levels of the Phoenix area for 15 years back. When the right kind of air mass rolled up over the water-sheds of the Verde and Salt rivers and Tonto Creek the Arizona Weather Research Foundation alerted its air force: Paul Mantz, Hollywood stunt flier, and Charles S. Barnes, ex-air force pilot.

Flying in and over the clouds, they bombed them with dry ice and strafed them with silver iodide. Rain fell. The desert streams began to flow. The level of the reservoir rose day by day. When the season's work was done the reservior contained 17,180 acre feet more water than before. Dr. Krick's compilations for the 15-year period showed that only 5190 acre feet would have fallen naturally from clouds of that type.

Arizona farmers and power companies, convinced by the added water, are continuing to milk any moisture-laden clouds that stray their way during seasons. So are farmers and power companies in other parts of the arid West. The city of San Diego, desperate for rain, hired Krick to help fill its reservoirs. And for the past three years the California Electric Power Company has been seeding clouds above its reservoirs in the high Sierras with dry ice and estimates that it has increased the runoff by 12 to 14 percent.

Heroes Of The Hour

Today silver-iodide generators are the heroes of the hour. Early tests showed a single generator could increase snow and rainfall over 250 square miles or more. Ground generators during the winter of 1949 were rplacing airplanes in the Arizona project.

They cost only about dol. 3 per hour to operate by remote control, compared with dol. 100 per hour for each airplane.

Interviewed in November 1949, Krick warned New York City it was headed for trouble and declared that a battery of generators in the right spots could double the city's water supply. A bill now before Congress proposes a simi- replacing airplaies in the Arizona problem.

In Honduras

Meantime, further proof has come from Honduras. Using both dry ice and plain water, the United Fruit Company scientists, acting on a plan recommended by Langmuir, have "decapitated" tropical cumulus clouds which would otherwise develop in a matter of minutes into thunderheads producing lightning, terrific downpours of rain and swirling winds that annually blow down expensive plantings of banana trees.

The company's airplanes are now employed to curb the clouds and prevent blowdowns. One by-product was a 1.5-inch rain which ended a long drought on the plantation.

Hail Control

An element which works on "hot clouds" no part of which is supercooled is the new "Element X", which apparently has produced miraculous results in a new field—hail control—and may offer relief from fog and low-lying clouds which cost the world's airlines millions of dollars annually in delayed and cancelled fights.

Harvey Brandau and Eugene Kooser, two ex-navy fliers have a weapon—Element X—which will remain secret until it clears the patent office.

Their reputation with the farmers was clinched on Thursday, September 8, 1949, when hail the size of marbles piled up two inches deep on the surrounding hills but didn't touch the pear orchards in the Raza River Valley. As the thunderheads built up around the valley, Brandau and Kooser, flying at 16,000 and 18,000-feet attacked them repeatedly with Element X, knocking the tops off the cumulo-nimbus clouds, checking their growth before they could reach the lightning and hail stage. The new element causes the water droplets in such clouds to coalesce and fall as rain before they can freeze into hail.

Hail protection for the whole season cost the Rogue River Valley farmers only dol. 15,000, which included the purchase of two planes. They lost not one cent from hail damage.

Element X is noncorrosive, nonpoisonous, noncaustic, and "so cheap and common that once it is known everybody will be doing his own cloud-seeding," Brandau says.

Conversation Piece

Third Avenue antique dealer picked up in Pennsylvania a handmade cheese press of rock maple, with gears and levers and plungers and wheels. A week or two later a pretty young woman came into his showroom. "What's that?" she asked.

"A Pennsylvania Dutch cheese press."

"I think I'll take it," she said.

"May I ask what you are going to do with it?" asked the surprised dealer.

"I've just gotten engaged," she explained. "My fiance and I are both very shy people, and sometimes when he comes to call, minutes and minutes pass and nobody says anything. So I thought I'd put that in a corner of the living room. And then he would say: 'What is that?' And I would say: 'That is a cheese press.'"

Colombo Race Acceptances

COLOMBO, Aug. 25, (PTI): The following are acceptances for August extra meeting to be held on Saturday the August 26.

First Race starting at 14-00 hours

First Race: Negombo plate div. two five furs. 23 yards (to be ridden by riding boys and apprentice jockeys)

Saratoga 9.0, Hazim Pasha 8.7, Munas 9.0, Young Paris 8.13, Saddigni 8.13, Mazyum al Furat 8.13, Mujbil Ahmad 8.6, Mosul 8.12, Amir Nawab 8.11 Ocean 8.3, Warrior 8.1, Mundir al Midan 8.12, Manut Akram 7.6, Buhit Khalid 7.1.

Second Race:

(Samarrah plate one mile)

Najaiman Sami 9.3, Tarquin 8.13, Taan Walid 8.1, Dahman Nafeez 7.11, Desert Hero 7.10, Kingsley 7.10, Najran al Muluk 7.5.

Third Race:

(Homagama plate: Seven furs.)

Jai Lanka 9.0, Saludin 8.11, Jape 8.4, Golden Reign 8.4, Obsession 7.9, Shahmon 7.11, Saros Two 7.8.

Fourth Race: Negombo plate div. one five furs. 23 yards) (to be ridden Ceylonese jockeys and apprentice jockeys).

Janin Omp Young Hyson 8.8, Mahbubjalal 8.13, Mansur 7.10, No Bid 8.6, Badir Muna 8.3, Itimad Jubayjr 8.3, Jupiter 8.2, Seac 8.1, Talal Shammar 7.12, Snews Star 7.11.

Fifth Race:

(Ratnapura plate seven furs.)

Captain Cook 9.5, Flygo 9.0, Taprobane 8.2, Elsa 8-12, First Light 8.11, Shah Jehan 8.8, Marie Radnor 8.9, Our Herb 8.7, No No 7.2 Sunorama 8.3 Sandfish Bay 7.12 Flagmore 7.10, Sea Salvage 7.9, Wyon 7.7. Wintersun 7.6, Flusher 7.4.

Sixth Race:

(Peradenyia plate six furs.)

Eagle 9.0, La Fleche Two. 8.7, King Cosmo 8.8, Casamara 8.1, Ranee of South 7-13, St. Just 7.9, Nairn Street 7.8, Saint Fox 7.5.

Seventh Race:

(Giriulla plate div. one six furs)

Iron Duke 9.0 Sonia Joy 9.0, Door Man 8.11, Lance Leaf 8.13, Naval Action 8.11, Mount Warrior 8.10, Grey Colorado 8-10, Colodette 8.10, Erajh 8.9, Disberg 8.5, Master Donald Edmund (late hly legend) 8.3, Ability 8.3, Striking Colours 8.2, Skylrk 8.2, Start Bay 8.1, Kobrin 7.13, Clouds Sea 7.13.

Eighth Race:

Firiulla plate div. two six furs)

Peace Talk 9.4, Blue Cross 9.1 Forever, Yours 9.1 litton 9.9 Gay Wallace 8.13, Sandy Bree 8.11, Blue Lotus 8-11. Highland Queen 3.9, Iced Milk 8.8, Ladysmith 8.8, Young Fearless 8.3 Dolly Wyn 8.3, Coolande 7.11, Hammerfest 7.5, Maclean 7.0, Baccarat 7.0.

Nith and last Race:

(Syrian plate seven furlongs)

Sahara 9.0, Souther Star 8.11 Badir Najla 8.13, Id Al Jalaa 8.12, Ajib London 8.11, Prince Tissa 8.10, Seventh Wonder 8.9, Rockland 8.6, Kiwi 8.5. Amber 8.2, Murid Al Hadbaa 8.1. Air Ceylon 7.13, Ranjit 7.12 Talal Hikmat 7.9.

First Double: Four and five; second: Eight and nine, treble: five seven and nine.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, August 25.

Previous closing	38.12
Today's opening	38.20
Difference	(plus) 8
Today's closing	38.11
Difference	—1

ACE ATHLETES OF AUSTRALASIA

A List That Covers 53 Years

SYDNEY, Aug 25 (PTI-Reuter): A Special Committee of sporting experts, after two years' research, has announced a list of Australasian athletes-of-the-year back to 1896.

The list was drawn up at the request of an American organisation Helms Athletic Foundation which was formed in 1936 by wealthy Californian sportsman Paul H. Helms. Its aim is to help amateur sport throughout the world and honour every nations' amateur champions by presenting them with a silver plaque. Australiasian presentations will start from 1949. World amateur cycling sprint champion Sid Fatterson was selected for the 1949 award.

Some of Australia and New Zealand's best known athletes have been named over the years. Only woman honoured was swimming star Fanny Durack, for 1915.

First award for 1896 went to Victorian track and field athlete E. H. Flack. World -famous names honoured include: Victor Trumper, cricketer (1898); Norman Brookes, tennis player (1907); Anthony Wilding, tennis player (1909); Frank Bearrepaire, swimmer (1910); Ivo Whitton, Golfer (1920); E. W. "slip" Carr, track and field. (1921); Gerald Patterson, tennis player (1922); Vic Richardson, cricketer (1925); "Bobb" Pearce, souller (1928); Donald Bradmann cricketer ((1930); Jack Crawford, tennis player (1933); J. O. Lovelook, track and field (1936); Jim Ferrier, golfer (1938); D. M. Harries, track and field (1945); John Treloar, track and field (1946); Johnwinter, high jumper (1947); Mervy Wood, souller (1948); and Sid Patterson, cyclist (1949).

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, August 25.

The following are today's quotations on the Madras stock exchange:

SECURITIES: Three percent Government of India paper 96-9, ditto 1986 96-7, ditto 1953-55 101-8, ditto 1966-68 99-11. Three percent Government of Madras 1960 98-12.

BANKS: Travancore 14.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19-4, Travancore 6-12, Mysore 46-4.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5-7, Cochin Malabar 7-4, Devashola 16-14, Midland 7-2, Ouchterlony 6-6, Pullangode 1-10-6, Thirumbadi 2-13, T R and T Co. 7-5, Waterfall 3-8.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 146, ditto pref. 186, Cambodia 12-4, Coimbatore Cm. 152-12, Dhanalakshmi 248, Janardhana 84, Lakshmi 75-8, Madura 36-12, Mettur 356-4, Radhakrishna 186, Ranga Vilas 53-8, Trav. Rayons 5-7, Trichinopoly 14, Vasanta 112-4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 75, FACT 6-10, India Cement 16-2, Mettur Chem. 5-14.

Indian T.T. Team To Leave For Malaya On Aug. 30

MADRAS, August 25 (PTI): The four-man Indian table tennis team consisting of Chandarana of Bombay, Sivaraman of Madras, Vittal of Mysore and Bhandari of Bengal, who are to tour Malaya during the middle of September, will assemble in Calcutta on August 29. The team will sail for Singapore on August 30 by M. S. "Sadhana".

The steamer is expected to reach Singapore on September 11.

Better Feeling On Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, August 25.

Distinctly better feeling was noticed in the more speculative counters as well as in jute and miscellaneous industrials due to renewed buying. Coal and tea shares remained more or less undhanged. Following are today's final transactions upto 3-00 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three percent loan 1986 96-6, three percent loan 1970-75 99-6 s. lot, three percent loan 1963-65 99-12 s. lot.

BANKS: Punjab National 27-10 ct.

COTTONS: Elgin Mills 15-14, New Victoria Pref. 4 small odd lot.

COALS: Bengal 542, Burrakur 14, Central India 5-1, East Indian 39-4, Raneegunge 8-12, Talcher 2-11, Pench Valley 24-2, Standard 25-14, Western Bengal 5-8:

JUTES: Anglo India 310, Auckland 161 s. lot, Bally 288, Budge Budge 231, Champdany 207, Chitavalsah 28-2, Delta 264, Ganges 387, Howrah 36-1, India 178, Kamarhatty 342, Kanknarrah 243, Kinnison 239, Lansdown 190, Lawrence 240, Megna 164, Ex-div., Naihati 178, Nuddea 84-8, Presidency 7-13, Reliance 26-12, National 28-4, Orient 230.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 9, Jessop and Co. 17, Burn and Co. ordy. 290 s. lot, Indian Iron 32-14, Natoional Iron and Steel 5-4, Steel Corp. 24, Textile Machinery 7-5.

MISCELLANEOUS: Consolidated tin annas fifteen Indian Copper 2-10, Karanpura Dev. 20-4, Tavoy Tin annas ten, Assam Bengal Cement 918 s. lot, Dalmia Cement 6-8, Sone Valley Cement 6-8, Alkali and Chemical 14-8, Calcutta Electric 16-4, Angelo Bros 29-10, BIC 9-1, Calcutta Trams 20-15, Indian Wood Products 34-10, Jardine Henderson 176 s. lot, Martin Burn 16-12 s. lot National Tobacco 21-8, Rohtas Industry 5-2, British Burma Petrol 1-8 Titaghur Paper 26-9, Midnapore Zemindary 66, India Steamship 7-14.

SUGARS: Belsund 5-3, Darbhanga 10-4, U.P. Sugar 12-4.

TEAS: Betjan 32-13, Eastern Cachar 4-8, Pahargoomiah 407 s. lot.

QUEER ALLERGIES

JEAN BAXTER, a 25-year-old florist's assistant for ten years, suddenly contracted "tulip fingers." No sooner does she touch a bulb than her fingers swell and her hands begin to itch. Doctors can do nothing except advise that she should not handle tulips, writes G. Walham in "Tit-Bits".

This unduly sensitive condition, resulting in some people becoming susceptible to certain influences causing illness or disease, is known as allergy or atopy, a word derived from the Greek meaning "strange disease." People are affected in different ways, and in most cases doctors can do little to relieve the victim.

Recently a farmworker's hands swelled enormously while lifting potatoes in a field. He had to cease work, but when the swellings went down, returned to his job. Again his hands swelled, and this continued with such regularity that his doctor is convinced he is allergic to potatoes. But he can't cure the man.

There are even varieties of the same allergy; all hay-fever victims do not suffer from the same pollens.

As I write this article I am in the throes of a hay-fever attack. Every summer I am affected. My first attack is only too vivid a recollection.

Ducks' Eggs Danger

I had motor-cycled to a lovely spot near Wendover, where I stopped to lunch in a field of marguerites. The breeze must have wafted the pollen into my nostrils, for within an hour I had rocked with hundreds of sneezes. Now I shun marguerites like the plague.

One person in every ten is allergic to something. One dare not eat strawberries for fear of breaking into a painful rash; another avoids mushrooms, which cause hives; ducks' eggs poison a third. All sorts of harmless foods that millions eat with enjoyment are deadly to a few.

Recently a child was given a spoonful of a new cereal and her lips and throat swelled before she could swallow it. The cereal was analyzed and found to contain flax seed; so poisonous was this to her system that had she eaten a single mouthful she might have died.

Roses Prove Fatal

But people are allergic not only to foods and pollens. Maria de Medici, Queen of France and mother-in-law of Charles I of England, could bear neither the sight nor the scent of roses, and she died of an illness caused by the sight of a rose painted in a picture. Roses seem to be fatal to many. Both cardinals Don Henrique de Cardona and Oliverius Carassa were affected in the same way. Carassa actually gave instructions that any servant oringing roses into his palace should be punished by torture.

Even sounds have the power to cause distress. It is well known that Mozart became ill if a trumpet was sounded in his presence, and history records that Chevalier of Alcantara invariably fainted if he heard the word "wool."

Sergei Rubinski, (1850-1924), lecturer at the Sorbonne could never, for instance, have represented the Soviet Union at the United Nations conferrences, for he became violently ill if he heard the word "no," or saw it in print.

Though he could not account for it, King Frederick VI of Denmark had a rooted antipathy to spectacles; the mere sight of them made him ill.

Allergy, which affects one at any age, can mar health and happiness and remains one of the unsolved mysteries of medical science.

London Copra Firm And Oil Steady

LONDON, Aug. 24.

The Copra market was firm. Philippines bulk 250 dollars, Straits/Dutch East Indies f.m. £103 1/2 buyers reluctant around £102 3/4 and Ceylon nominally unchanged at 108 sterling all August/September per ton c.i.f.

Cocoanut Oil was steady Straits in drums 145 paid, in bulk 143 paid, Ceylon in drums 147 buyer, in bulk 144 1/2 buyers all sterling per ton c.i.f. August/September shipment.

'QUAKE HAVOC: A SURVEY

30,000 Square Miles Shaken: Two-Thirds Of People Affected

DIBRUGARH (North Assam), Aug. 25 (PTI).

NO ACCURATE estimate of the damage and devastation caused by the series of earth-quake tremors and floods during the past nine days is available yet, but unofficial sources said that about 30.000 square miles of Assam had been badly shaken or inundated and two-thirds of its population affected, writes the PTI staff correspondent now touring North Assam.

When details from tribal villages will be available, it is feared, the loss in human life will run into four figures. The total damage so far in immovable property including the cattle wealth of the state, is unofficially put at as high as Rs. 10 crores. In view of insufficient information available from the worst-affected areas of North Lakshimpur Sub-Divisoin and hill districts, these figures cannot be readily accepted, but it is generally believed here that they are not very wide off the mark.

In Dibrugarh, a district town of 80.000 people, about 70 per cent of the houses and buildings have either been damaged or demolished and in Joraht, about 300 miles to the south-east of the epicentre of the earthquake, the percentage is 20. The loss in that tea centre of Assam has been semi-officially estimated at Rs. 50 lakhs.

One person died in house collapse in Jorhat and another disappeared in a fissure. Four deaths were also reported from nearby villages.

ROAD TWISTED

The Trunk Road, the national highway of Assam, has been torn, twisted, breached and sunk for twelve miles from Saikhowa Ghat downwards. The two approaches to the steel-pile bridge, 317 miles from Gauhati, have subsided and it is out of "plumb".

The Superintending Engineer of Assam told the Press Trust of India that it would be about ten days before traffic could be opened over the bridge. Another two mile length of the road, 14 miles south of Dibrugarh, has also been seriously damaged.

Eleven deaths have so far been reported from the Doom Dooma police station area.

Train services between Makum Junction and Saikhowa Ghat remain suspended owing to damages to a bridge near Doom Dooma. Damages to houses and property in Saikhowa have been extensive and part of the railway station has gone down as also a rice mill. Rotha Duma, a lake near Saikhowa, has been turned into sand dunes together with the surrounding paddy fields.

OIL OOZING

Oil has been oozing out in Banshabari area near Margherita and several other places around Digboi.

A rice mill has unk into the earth at Khowang, 16 miles from Dibrugarh.

Several Abor villages around Talam about eight miles northwest of Sadiya, miles, have sunk down ten to twelve feet and have been inundated But Buri Suti River, a tributary of the Brahmaputra flowing through the area, has unaccountably almost dried up.

Forty persons are known to have been killed in those villges with a total population of about 5,000. Houses are being built on raised platforms in those villages as a safety measure against wild animals and tribesmen are reported to have been perching on those constructions with their dugouts as the only means of communication.

AIR RAIL AND MAIL TIMINGS

Air Ceylon Services

ARRIVALS AT SANTA BRUZ

From Colombo and Trichinopoly (Friday)	13-45 hrs.
Karachi (Saturdays)	10-30 hrs.

DEPARTURES

To Trichinopoly and Colombo (Saturdays)	11-00 hrs.
Karachi (Fridays)	14-25 hrs.

Air Ceylon International

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From Colombo and Singapore and Sydney (Wednesday)	15-00 hrs.
London, Rome, Cairo and Karachi (Sunday)	12-30 hrs.

DEPARTURES

To Colombo and Singapore and Sydney (Sunday)	14-00 hrs.
London via Karachi, Cairo and Rome (Wednesday)	16-30 hrs.

Air India Limited

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From:—

Delhi 06-15 hrs. 12-30 hrs.	
Delhi, Jaipur, Ahmedabad. (Wed., Fri., Sat. & Mon.)	17-20 hrs.
Karachi	17-10 hrs.
Karachi, Ahmedabad	17-50 hrs.
Calcutta	12-50 hrs.
Colombo, Trichinopoly, Madras	15-50 hrs.
Madras (Tuesday, Thursday & Sunday)	11-45 hrs.

DEPARTURES FROM SANTA CRUZ

To:—

Delhi 01-30 hrs. 08-30 hrs.	
Ahmedabad, Jaipur, Delhi Tues., Thurs., Fri. & Sun.)	11-50 hrs.
Karachi	10-00 hrs.
Ahmedabad, Karachi	07-15 hrs.
Calcutta	07-30 hrs.
Madras, Trichinopoly, Colombo	09-00 hrs.
Madras (Mon., Wed. & Sat.)	12-15 hrs.

Air India International Ltd.

Bombay/London/Bombay Services

WESTBOUND: flights 101 & 103

Dep Bom.—Tue & Fri	17-00 hrs. L.T.
Arr Cairo—Wed & Sat	00-50 hrs. L.T.
Dep Cairo—Wed & Sat.	02-05 hrs L.T.
Arr Geneva—Wed & Sat	09-25 hrs L.T.
Dep Geneva—Wed & Sat	1025 hrs. L.T
Arr Lon.—Wed & Sat.	12-55 hrs L.T.

EASTBOUND: flights 102 and 106

Dep. Lon.—Thurs & Tue	17-15 hrs L.T.
Arr Gen.—Thurs & Tues	13.35 hrs L.T.
Dep Gen.—Thurs & Tue	14.45 hrs L.T.
Arr Cairo—Thurs & Tue	23-00 hrs L.T.
Dep Cairo—Fri & Wed	00-15 hrs L.T.
Arr Bom—Fri & Wed	14-25 hrs L.T.

Westbound: Flight No. 105

Dep Bombay—Sunday	17-00 hrs LT
Arr Cairo—Monday	00-20 hrs LT
Dep Cairo—Monday	01-35 hrs LT
Arr Rome—Monday	06-20 hrs LT
Dep Rome—Monday	07-35 hrs LT
Arr London—Monday	12-10 hrs LT

Eastbound: Flight No. 104

Dep London—Sunday	11-15 hrs LT
Arr Rome—Sunday	15-30 hrs LT
Dep Rome—Sunday	16-45 hrs LT
Arr Cairo—Sunday	23-05 hrs LT
Dep Cairo—Monday	00-15 hrs LT
Arr Bombay—Monday	14 25 hrs LT

Bombay-Nairobi-Bombay Service

Westbound	
Dep Bombay.—Wed.	21-30 hrs. LT
Arr. Kar.—Thurs.	00-05 hrs. LT
Dep Kar—Thurs.	01-20 hrs. LT
Arr. Aden—Thurs	05-30 hrs LT
Dep. Aden—Thurs.	06-45 hrs. LT
Arr. Nairobi—Thurs.	11-30 hrs. LT
Eastbound.	
Dep. Nairobi—Fri.	10-00 hrs.
Arr. Aden—Fri.	14-45 hrs.
Dep. Aden—Fri.	16-00 hrs.
Arr. Karachi—Sat.	01-45 hrs.
Dep. Karachi—Sat.	03-00 hrs.
Arr. Bombay—Sat.	05-25 hrs.

The Air Services Of India Ltd.

(The Scindia Line)

ARRIVALS AT JUHU

From Delhi, Gwalior and Indore (on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays)	16-25 hrs.
Karachi, Bhuj and Jamnagar on Sundays, Wednesday and Fridays)	17-35 hrs.
Bhuj, Jamnagar, Porbandar and Keshod (on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays)	15-45 hrs.
Rajkot and Bhavnagar (Daily)	13-20 hrs.
Bangalore and Poona (on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays)	13-45 hrs.

DEPARTURES

To Indore, Gwalior and Delhi (on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays)	06-45 hrs.
Jamnagar, Bhuj and Karachi (on Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays)	08-00 hrs.
Keshod, Porbandar, Jamnagar and Bhuj (on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays)	08-00 hrs.
To Bhavnagar and Rajkot (Daily)	08-15 hrs.
Poona and Bangalore (on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays)	07-00 hrs.

Himalayan Aviation Ltd.

(Night Mail Service)

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Delhi	06-20 hrs.
Calcutta	06-20 hrs.
Madras	06-20 hrs.
Nagpur	06-20 hrs.

DEPARTURES

Delhi	23-40 hrs
Calcutta	23-40 hrs.
Madras	23-40 hrs.
Nagpur	23-40 hrs.

G. I. P. Railway Timings

Arr. at Victoria Terminus hrs.	Trains	Depart. from Victoria Terminus hrs.
4-25	Allahabad Express	23-45
6-15	Madras Mail	22-25
6-30	Amritsar Express	23-10
8-25	Cal. Mail (Nag.)	17-10
10-15	Janata Express	18-10
10-35	Deccan Queen	17-00
11-40	Poona Mail	17-20
12-30	Cal. Mail (All.)	20-10
13-20	Madras Express	14-00
13-55	Nagpur Express	21-35
14-45	Punjab Mail	15-55
18-00	Additional Poona Express	7-15
19-20	Poona Express	8-15
22-25	Poona Passenger	12-30
20-25	Baroda Passenger	8-40
21-00	Saurashtra Express	8-00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Arr. (at Bombay Central) hrs.		Depart. (from Bombay Central) hrs.
6-00	Ahmedabad Passenger	21-45
6-30	Meerut Express	21-30
7-10	Janata Express	20-10
7-55	Gujarat Mail	20-50
9-00	Frontier Mail	18-35
10-55	Saurashtra Mail	19-30
15-45	Ahmedabad Passenger	13-05

Deccan Airways Ltd.

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Bangalore (Daily) via Hyderabad 11-30 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Bangalore via Hyderabad 9-30 hrs

INDIAN OVERSEAS AIRLINES

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Calcutta via Nagpur 12-55 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Calcutta via Nagpur 07-00 hrs

Orient Airways Arrivals

From Karachi (Mondays and Wednesdays) 13-00 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Karachi (Mondays and Wednesdays) 14-30 hrs

B. O. A. C.

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

On Fridays: From New York Montreal, London, Rome Cairo and Bahrein.

On Mondays: From Auckland Sydney, Darwin, Jakarta, Singapore and Colombo.

On Alternate Sundays: From New York, Montreal London Rome Cairo and Karachi.

On Alternate Tuesdays: From Auckland, Sydney Darwin Singapore and Colomob.

DEPARTURES

On Fridays: To Colombo, Singapore, Jakarta Darwin Sydney and Auckland.

On Mondays: To Bahrein, Cairo Rome ,London, Montreal, New York.

On Alternate Sundays: To Colombo Singapore Darwin Sydney and Auckland.

On Alternate Tuesdays: Karachi, Cairo, Rome, London, Montreal and New York.

Ethiopian Air Lines

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Nairobi Addis-Ababa, via Karachi and Aden every other Wednesday 9-30 p.m.

Departures

To Addis-Ababa and Nairobi via Karachi and Aden every other Saturday at midnight.

Iranian Airways Co.

To Teheran, Friday 4 p.m.
Arrival, Friday, 11-20 a.m.

S.A.F.F. Air Transport

Arrivals at Santa Cruz.

From Oslo, Tuesdays,	09-30 hrs
Hongkong, Saturdays,	17-30 hrs
Departures	
To Oslo, Saturdays,	18-30 hrs
Hongkong, Tuesdays,	10-30 hrs.

MAIL SERVICES

(Latest hours of posting at G.P.O. Bombay).

For	Without late fee hrs.	With late fee hrs.
Nagpur Calcutta. Madras (night service)	19-30	20-30
Delhi (night service	20-30	—
Ahmedabad and Karachi	22-00	—
Delhi	22-00	—
Madras Trichinopoly and Colombo	22-00	—
Calcutta and Nagpur	22-00	—

MODERATE BUYING IN TATA STEELS

Good Demand For Mill Shares

BOMBAY, August 25.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady with restricted turnover. At present professional operators are holding aloof and in the absence of any important business, the market is fluctuating within a narrow range. There was some buying in Mill Shares on expectations of an early end of the textile strike. Steel Shares were neglected.

The Tata Iron & Steel Co.'s meeting was held and the chairman's speech was considered favourable but there was absence of buying. Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1777/- and declined at Rs. 1770/- on scattered selling but improved at Rs. 1780/- on short covering and steadied at Rs. 1777/-

Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 344/- and after declining at Rs. 343/- improved at Rs. 345/- and steadied at Rs. 344/- Indian Irons opened at Rs. 32/6 and improved at Rs. 32/8 while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 23/12.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 930/- and after improving at Rs. 945/- steadied at Rs. 942/-. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 316/- and after hardening at Rs. 319/- steadied at Rs. 318/-. Svadeshi Mill Shares opened at Rs. 261/- and after declining at Rs. 260/- firmed up at Rs. 267/ and steadied at Rs. 265/-.

Bombay Burma Shares opened at Rs. 507/- and after declining at Rs. 505/- steadied at Rs. 507/8. Associated Cement Shares opened at Rs. 165 and improved at Rs. 166. Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 15/3 and after declining at Rs. 14/14 steadied at Rs. 15/-.

Towards the close there was further support and Tata Steel Defds improved at Rs. 1785 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 346. Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 946-4 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 319. Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 32-11 and Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 15-2. Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	947 8
Kohinoor Mills (21)	319 8
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	266 8
Central India Mills (6)	225 0
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	226 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	146 0
Indore (8-3)	108 12
Gokak (12)	243 8
Century Spinning (15)	252 8
Indian Bleaching (8)	177 0
Swan (20)	335 0
Finlay Mills (15)	255 0
Morarji Goculdas (4-8)	171 4
Edward Sassoon	242 8
Meyer (12)	83 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 15 6
India United Ord. (0-12-0)	11 0
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 12 6
Madhusudan (15)	175 0
Podar (9)	130 0
Khatau (5)	170 0

STEELS

Tata Steel Ord. (14)	346 4
Tata Steel Defd. (79-6)	1785 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	146 0

CEMENT

Associated Cement (6)	166 8

INDUSTRIES

Burma (12-8)	511 4
Belapur (9)	255 8
Shivrajpur (1-8)	42 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	15 2 6
Premier Construction (4)	114 12
Tata Chemical	14 3 6
Tata Oil (1)	41 0
India Iron (0-12)	32 13
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	23 14
British India Corp. (0-9)	9 0
India Copper	2 11
Wimco (11)	238 12
Alcock (28-2)	318 12

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro (3)	154 8
Tata Power (25)	1600 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1447 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone (5)	60 0
Phoenix (6)	127 8
Indian Mfg (40)	2950
Kurla XD	115 0
Colaba (12)	92 0
New City (11)	160 0
Minerva (12)	133 2
Bradbury	587 8
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	7 12
Bharat (2)	31 0
Mysore Defd. (4)	171 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	26 0
Model Mills (12-8)	159 6
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	590 0
Vishnu Cotton (6)	200 0
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	227 4
Sholapur (200)	3000 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	19 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	292b
Tata Mills (2-4)	46 0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	36 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	18 8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Raja Bahadur (4)	56 4
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225 0

ELECTRIC (CASH)

Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115 0
Ahmedabad New XD	114 8
Surat Electric (5)	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	127 4
Broach (0-6)	6 8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 3
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 5
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126
Bombay Suburban (3)	151 4
Bombay Suburban New	156 4
Jalgaon	10 10

BANK SHARES

Imperial Bank of India (40) XD	1970 0
Imperial Bank P (10) XD	480 0
Central Bank (2)	86 8
Central New	86 0
Bank of India (4)	176 0
Union (0-5)	7 6
Baroda (2-8)	126 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	47
United Commercial (1-2)	47 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	80 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90

INSURANCE SHARES

Oriental (125)	4960 0
Empire (10)	580
New India (2)	66 8
Jupiter (0-12)	11 8
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	39 12
Jupiter (0-12)	11 8
B.I.C.	16 4
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
All India General	10 4
All India (9)	10 4

RAILWAY SHARES

C. P. (1-14) XD	110 0

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

Steamer (10)	263 12
Bombay Burma New (5)	171 14
Burma (Petrol)	1 7
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	53 8
Kemp and Co. (20)	342 8
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	90 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	86 4
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	58 8
Mukund Iron	5 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	116 4
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	19 12
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	152 8
United Motor	28 8
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30
National Rayon	66 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co.	82 0
Digvijay Cement	80 0

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st (6)	203 12
Andhra Valley (7)	1240 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1345 0
Hydro Electric (7) XD	135
Bombay Steamer (6)	230 0
Central India (5)	658 2
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	268 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	225 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	135 0
Pre Construction First	102 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98
Amalgamated	116 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	133 12
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 4
Mysore Mill	41
Standard	99
Madhusudan	12
Khatau	100
Morarji	94
National Rayon	76 8

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0

OUTSIDE SHARES

Burma Corporation	2 10
New Victoria Mill	2 6
New Victoria Pref	4 6
Phalton (8)	118 12
Gold Monor (20)	285 0
New Kaiser-e-Hind	32b 0
Sajjan Mills	115 0
Osmanshahi	120 0
Ajain Shahi	110 0
Air Services	5 0
Air India Tata	60 0
Hind Motor	6 12
Indian Steam	7 13

The Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Aug. 25:

Tata Ordinary	344	8	0
Tata Deferred	1785	0	0
Indian Iron	32	13	0
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	23	14	0
Bombay Dyeing	947	8	0
Central India	225	0	0
Gokak	243	12	0
Kohinoor	319	6	0
Simplex	226	0	0
Swadeshi	266	14	0
Tata Power	1600	0	0
Associated Cement	166	14	0
Belapur	225	10	0
Bombay Burma (Old)	511	4	0
Scindia	15	2	6
Central Bank	86	8	0
New India	66	8	0
Tata 2nd Pref.	146	4	0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Aug. 25.

The local bullion market was fairly steady with moderate business passing. There is somewhat improved demand for Silver as the settlement is drawing near

At the opening forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 177/8 and declined under scattered selling at Rs. 177/3. At this level there was some support and the market rallied at Rs. 177/7. Ready bullion was quoted at Rs. 177/7 while Mint Silver was placed at Rs. 177/14.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 113/2 and after declining at Rs. 113/0/6 improved at Rs. 113/2/6. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/4 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76/-.

Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	177	10	0
Forward	177	10	0
Ready Gold	113	6	0
Forward	113	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 25.

The local market was quiet with the decline in linseed and castorseeds but groundnuts were steady. Current settlement was quoted at Rs. 244/12 and new Vaishakh was placed at Rs. 239/8 in Rajkot Market. Ahmedabad market was quoting Rs. 163/8. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh quality	48	6	0
Madras Coromandal	48	0	0
Bold ready	47	6	0
Oil Local Mills	25	12	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	25	0	0
Oil September	25	3	6
Oil October	25	7	6
LINSEED			
Bold ready	42	0	0
Satna ready	41	0	0
September delivery	42	2	0
October dely.	42	6	0
Linseed Oil	22	12	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Bold ready	34	4	0
Small ready	37	0	0
Madras	37	4	0
September delivery	36	14	0
October	37	2	0
Oil first pressure	20	0	0
Bazar quality	19	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Aug. 25:

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
2-1/2 per cent 1954	99	0	0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	96	15	0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99	4	0
2-3/4 per cent 1962	99	0	0
3 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent 1966 Con.	96	7	0
3 per cent 1951/54	101	1	0
3 per cent 1953/55	101	8	0
3 per cent 1957	101	8	0
3 per cent 1959/61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963/65	99	14	0
3 per cent 1964	99	13	0
3 per cent 1966/68	99	11	0
3 per cent 1970/75	99	9	0
3-1/2 per cent 1954/59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960/70	109	8	0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109	12	0
4 per cent 1958/68	112	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	4	0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	0	0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1965	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	11	0
3 per cent U.P 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent C.P 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.W P 1952	98	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/66	99	8	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	8	0
4 per cent B.P.I.	109	12	0
4 per cent B Municipality	109	8	0
5 per cent B Municipality	113	0	0
6 per cent B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 24.

KARNAK	
Nov.	82.45+80
Jan.	81.85+43
Mar.	81.85+43
ASHMOUNI	
Oct.	67.20+55
Dec.	67.28+53
Feb.	67.50+20
Apr.	68.00+20
Jan.	68.50+20

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Aug. 25:

120	Ready	Japan	7 14	0
150	Ready	Japan	7 12	0
120	Ready	Italy	7 10	0
150	Ready	Italy	7 5	0
150	D. Box	Aug.	1400 0	0
2/40	Staple	Aug	6 14	9
2/40	Staple	Sept.	6 15	6

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 25.

B. C. Rates T. T. D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T T 1 61/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 8th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying T T. Rs 475 Montreal Rs 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D D Rs 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs 7500

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D D. Fl 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T D. D. Fcs 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T T. D. D Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T T. D. D. Gilds 79.

Hong Kong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 85 3/4

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65. London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02. London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12 23-12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money: Call 3/4 per cent, 3 Mos ¾ per cent 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mos. 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone: Easy

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, August 24:

2-1/2 per cent British Consuls	£ 72
3-1/2 per cent Conversion loan 1961	£ 96-1/2
4 per cent funding loan 1960/90	£ 108-1/2
3-1/2 per cent war loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	£ 95
Chartered Bank of India	£ 9-1/16
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank	£ 74-1/2
National Bank of India	£ 32-5/8

London Pepper Market

LONDON, August 24 (PTI-Reuter).

The market was quiet. Black lampong was dearer at 12sh. 3d., white muntok at 17sh. 10d. shipping weight and white Sarawak 18sh. 6d. delivered weight all August/September shipment per pound cif basis ports. Malabar September today was offered at 1480sh. per cwt. cif UK.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, August 25.

Apollo 2-14 2-15-6
Bharat 31
B. Dyeing 933-12 31-4 50 41-4 48-12 47-8
C. India 221 20 23
Century 250 52-8
Colaba 90
E. Textiles 242-8
Finlay 254 55
Gokak 242 41-8 43-8
I U Defd. 1-12 1-12-6
I U. Ord. 10-11 12-11
Indore 105 7-8 6-4 8-12
Kohinoor 315 14-8 20 17-4 20 19-8
Laxmi 590
Morarji 172-8 71-4
Model 159-6
New Great 146
Sassoon Cotton 19-8
Sassoon Silk 36-8
New City 160 58-12 60
Simplex 224-8 27 26
Scindia 15-2 14-14-8 16-3 15-0-6 15-3
Tata Mills 46
Vishnu 200
B. Steam 262-8 63-12
Scindia 15-2 14-14-8 16-3 15-0-6 15-3 15-2-6

BANKS

Baroda 126
Central 85-8 86-12 86-8
Central New 86
Imperial Old 1963 73 70
Imperial New 480
India 176
Union 7-8
U. Commercial 47

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 115-10 15
Amalgamated 11-6
Andhra 1447-8
Suburban 150-10 50 51-4
Hydro 154-8
Power 1590
I Mercantile 39 386-12
New India 66-8

STEELS

B. Steel 23-8 23-14
I. Iron 32-7 32-6 32-9 32-8 32-13
Tata Defd 1776-4 78-12 70 85 78-12 90 85
Tata Ord. 344 44-8 42-12 45-8 44-8 46-8 46-4
Tata 1st Pref 203-12
Tata 2nd Pref 146 46-4 46

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 316-4 18-12
A.C.C. 165-8 64-12 66-8 65-12 66-8
Belapur 253 52-8
B.B. Old 508-12 5 9-6 6-14 11-4
B.B. New 170-10 71-4
B.B. Petrol 1-7
B.I.C. 9 8-15-6
I. Copper 2-10-3 2-11 2-10-6
I. Bleaching 177
P. Const 112-8 12-4 14-12
Port Caning 52-8 53-8
Shivrajpur 42
Tata Chem. 14-4 14-6 14-3 14-4 14-3-6
Tata Oil 41-8 41-12 41
Walchandnagar 150
Wimco 240 37-8 38-12

SPECIAL

National Rayon Ord. 68

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

American Markets

INCREASED MILL BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON

Wall Street Market Irregular

NEW YORK, Aug. 24

Opening gains were extended on active mill demand attributed to price fixing against textile sales or buying against future raw cotton requirements. Liberal scaleup hedging in nearbys by leading spot firms against purchases of C.C.C. cotton was readily absorbed. Commission house buying was also evident possibly based on a prospective tightening supply situation.

Prices subsequently reacted partly on renewed hedging and slackening demand C.C.C. loan entries upto August 17th totalled 3,190,000 repossession 2,969,000 bales. In the afternoon prices fluctuated narrowly on mill buying absorbing additional hedging against both C.C.C. and new crop cotton together with scattered profittaking. According to trade estimates hedging against C.C.C. cotton during the day was approximately 50,000 bales. Otherwise no fresh development occurred. Prices finally rallied on subsidence of C.C.C. pressure, closing very steady with sales at 155,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK

October	38.12
December	38.22
March	38.40
May	38.35
Middling spot	38.97

NEW ORLEANS

October	38.02
December	38.06
March	38.29
May	38.22
Middling spot	37.95

New York October Highest 38.19 at 10-36 a.m. Lowest 38.05 at 2-14 p.m.

Wall-Street Market

NEW YORK, August 24.

STOCKS: The surprise call for a countrywide rail strike next Monday was received calmly in the stock market where prices were mostly fractions eitherway with a small majority of losses in limited activity. Many quarters are confident that Truman is likely to act before the deadline. International harvester was off fractionally to 31 on reports that most of the 22,000 workers in eight plants are on strike to enforce the new contract demands. While further increase earnings and dividends found ready reponse from selected issues, this was insufficient to reverse the market tendency. Prices were still a trifle lower.

Ownes Ford exceptionally soared ¾ to 75-1/2 following the stock holder approval of a two for one stocksplit and declaration of one dollar dividend thereon—double equivalent earlier quarterly payment. The session finished irregular.

The averages were Industrials 221.14 and rails 62.78.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	153-3/8
Amerex Holding Co	29-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	34-1/2
Chase National Bank	38-7/8
Firestone Tyre	69
General Electric	47-1/2
General Motors	90-3/8
Ingersoll Rand	69
International Nickel	33-7/8
National City Bank	44-1/4
New York Central Railroad	14-3/4
Sinclair Oil	30
Socony Vacuum	22-1/4
Texas Co	73-3/8
Union Carbide	46-1/4
U. S. Smelting	40-7/8
U.S. Steel Common	38-3/4
Western Union	36

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day on Wall Street is 1,620,000 shares.

The highest and lowest U.S. steel trading prices were 39 and 38-3/4.

Chicago Grains Easier

CHICAGO, Aug. 24:

GRAINS: were easier on increased commission house and profittaking with scattered hedges attracted by the recent advances meeting limited commercial support Soyabeans initially advanced two cents a bushel on short covering but eased sharply in sympathy with the continued easiness of vegetable, meals and oils. Lard futures attracted some support following trade advices that Mexico has requested offers on a round two million dollars. In export circles, it was also reported that Italy purchased between 40,000 and 50,000 tons Canadian wheat

CHICAGO WHEATS

Sept. 2.24-1/4.
Dec. 2.27-3/8
Mar. 2.29-1/8.
May 2.26.

New York Pepper Quiet

NEW YORK, August 24.

The market was quiet with spots quoted at 2.80 dollars nominal. There were a few offers from India. Grinders paid 1.90 dollars for August/September shipment. Today's prices are: Spot 2.80 nominal and White Spot 3.10 dollars nominal. OLD AND NEW CONTRACTS: August 2.80 nominal, September 2.08 nominal, October 1.95 nominal, November 1.75 nominal, December 1.70 nominal, January 1.60 nominal, February 1.50 nominal.

Paris Bourse Quiet

PARIS, Aug. 24.

In quiet dealings and in face of some profit-taking the market here closed with a substantial balance of small gains. Internationals shared the general trend with Royal/Dutch and Canadian Pacific again leading the market. Minings all improved while foreign oils especially Mexican Eagles were firm. French Rentes were generally maintained.

Negligible Business In Brussels Stocks

BRUSSELS, Aug. 24

Dealings were negligible today with most sections finishing showing few changes. Canadian Pacific exceptionally gained 20 francs to finish at 930. Electricities Engineerings and Colonials were narrowly irregular and Collieries maintained.

Amsterdam Exchange Shows Narrow Movement

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 24

Very quiet conditions obtained today with movements narrow in most cases. Indonesian estates finished with average losses of some two points while internationals were unchanged after initial firmness. Shippings ruled steady.

Shipping News

BOMBAY, Aug. 25:

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under agency of Messrs. Volkart Brothers:—

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U.S.A. Canadian Atlantic ports, Gulf of Mexico, via Mediterranean Persian Gulf and Karachi ss "Hoegh Silvercrest" 20th Sept. ss "Sarangan" 14th Sept.

From U.S.A. Canadian Pacific ports, via Manila, Indonesia, Straits Colombo ss "Hoegh Silverspray" 10th September.

From Australia via Singapore and Colombo ss "John Bakke" 3rd Sept.

From North Continental and Mediterranean Ports and Karachi ss "Lemsterkerk" 2nd Sept. ss "Marken" 10th September.

From Marseilles ss "Magellan" 21st September.

From South Africa ss "Silveroak" 8th September.

From Calcutta ss "Hoegh Silvercloud" 2nd Sept. ss "Ceram" 21st September.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo, Madras ss "Loosdrecht" 27th August ss "Lemsterkerk" 7th Sept. ss "Marke" 14th Sept. ss "Sarangan" 16th Sept ss "Hoegh Silvercrest" 24th Sept. ss "Magellan" 25th September.

For U.S.A. Canadian Atlantic Ports via Red Sea and Mediterranean ports ss "John Bakke" 8th September.

For U.S.A. Pacific Ports via Colombo, Straits, Indonesia, and Manila ss "Silveroak" 10th September

For Persian Gulf via Karachi ss "Hoegh Silverspray" 16th Sept.

For Australia ss "Hoegh Silvercloud" 6th September.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports ss "Lutterkerk" 26th August ss "Ceram" 24th Sept.

Trade And Finance

BETTER DEMAND FOR SHORT-TERM MONEY

Easier Trend In Gilt-Edged Market

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Aug. 25.

THERE was a slightly better demand in evidence in the short-term money market, but rates were unaffected. Day-to-day funds continued to be quoted at 1/2 per cent. Three months' Deposits stood between 3/4 and 1 per cent and six months were quoted upto 1-1/2 per cent per annum.

The weekly returns of the Reserve Bank of India, compiled upto 18th August 1950, show a contraction of Rs. 14.53 crores in the total note issue. Notes in circulation are down by Rs. 8.56 crores and those held in the Banking Department have declined by Rs 5.97 crores. On the assets' side, Foreign Securities have been reduced by Rs. 15 crores. In the Banking Department, there is an allround increase in Deposits. Those on account of Governments are up by Rs. 1.85 crores; Bankers' Balances are marked up by Rs. 2.96 crores and Miscellaneous Deposits by Rs. 95 lakhs. Balances Held Abroad show an increase of Rs. 12.61 crores due to the transfer of these assets from the Issue Department.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the week ended 18th August 1950 is devoid of any noteworthy changes. Deposits show a slight reduction of Rs. 20 lakhs. Investments are practically unchanged at Rs. 112 crores, whilst Loans and Advances show a decline of Rs. 66 lakhs. The cash balance with the Bank is slightly lower by Rs. 27 lakhs and now stands at Rs. 39.80 crores.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market showed a definitely easier trend and there was a complete lack of investment support. Three per cent 1986 conversion loan was marked down from Rs. 96-12 to Rs. 96-7 during the course of the week. 2-3/4 per cent 1960 loan eased off to Rs. 99-3 and 3 per cent 1959-62 loan was quoted lower at Rs. 100-12. 3 per cent 1963-65 loan eased off to Rs. 99-12 and 3 per cent 1966-68 loan to Rs. 99-11 for want of support, while 3 per cent 1964 new loan also had sellers at Rs. 99-12. 3 per cent 1970-75 loan tapered down to Rs. 99-6, while the new 3-1/4 per cent 1965. Municipal loan was placed at Rs. 99.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL LOAN

The response to this loan was not quite encouraging and it is reported that the total subscriptions amounted to only Rs. 2.02 crores as against the offer of Rs. 4 crores. It is learnt that the underwriters were called upon to take up the portion of the loan uncovered by public subscription.

EXCHANGE

There was nothing fresh to report in the rupee-sterling exchange market, which continued steady. Interbank transactions were reported at 1s. 5-31-32d. for sellers of spot TT on London and at 1s. 6d. for buyers. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:

Sellers of TT on London spot 1s. 5-31/32d.

Sellers of TT on London upto six months 1s. 5-15/16d.

Buyers of TT on London spot and upto nine months 1s. 6-1/16d.

GOLD

Apart from some increased activity mid-week in the bullion market, extremely dull conditions characterised the market throughout the week under review. Ready gold, which was quoted at Rs. 114-1 early in the week, declined to Rs. 112-14 on Tuesday, but moved up to Rs. 113-10 on Thursday and closed at Rs. 113-3. Owing to the shortage of Indian mine gold, there was increased enquiry which was mainly satisfied by the arrival of fresh consignment of mine gold during the latter part of the week. A bulk of the consignment was reported to have been sold off. Sept. settlement, which was quoted level with spot during the early part of the week, stood an anna under after mid-week. Carry-over charges from the current settlement to the next were quoted at 4 annas against bulls. Stocks of gold are estimated at about a lakh of tolas. Arrivals including smuggled gold are reported to have averaged about 8,000 tolas a day and the average daily offtake was put at about 6,000 tolas. The price of sovereigns was practically stationary at Rs. 76 during the week. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 114-1 and Rs. 112-14 for spot and Rs. 114-1 and Rs. 112-13 for forward.

SILVER

The silver section of the bullion market, which had remained mainly easy during early part of the week, showed an upward trend on Thursday, but the rise proved only temporary and at the close, the market turned easy owing to revival of various rumours. September settlement silver opened at Rs. 177-4 and after moving up to Rs. 178-9 on Saturday, declined by stages to Rs. 176-7 on Tuesday. On Thursday, the market improved to Rs. 177-15, but closed lower again at Rs. 177-5. Upcountry demand as judged by the railings was inclined to be a shade better than during the past few weeks. The premium of spot .999 fine silver consequently widened from 10 annas to about a rupee at the close. Carry-overcharges to next settlement were quoted at 9 to 10 annas against bulls. Floating stocks of silver are estimated at 4,000 bars, while the average daily offtake was better at 50 bars, a day. The average daily arrivals were put at both the New York and the 40 bars. In the overseas markets, London official silver quotations remained unchanged at 72-3/4 cents and 63-1/2d. throughout. The highest and lowest rates touched were Rs. 179-3 and Rs. 177-3 for spot and Rs. 178-9 and Rs. 176-7 for forward.

SHARES

A steady deterioration in the strike situation coupled with the breakdown of the Kashmir talks caused a further setback in share values during the week under review.

Steel shares underwent narrow fluctuations, while the textile group of shares suffered a further landslide owing to lack of support. Tata Defds. were marked down from Rs. 1806-4 to Rs 1767-8 mid-week and after a sharp spurt to Rs. 1795 on some speculative support, reacted and closed at Rs. 1785 in the absence of any definite proposal for the conversion of Defds. Into ordinaries in the Chairman's speech at the Company's annual general meeting, as was anticipated by the market. Ordinaries likewise receded from Rs. 352 to Rs. 343 and after improving temporarily to Rs. 347-8, closed at Rs. 346-4. In the textile section, Bombay Dyeings were marked down from Rs. 967-8 to Rs. 932-8, Nagpurs cheapened from Rs. 237 to Rs. 221 and Kohinoors found sellers at Rs. 314 as compared with the opening quotation of Rs. 324, but they all closed somewhat higher at Rs. 947-8, Rs. 225 and Rs. 319-8 respectively. Svadeshis, which were on offer at Rs. 262, also, evoked some enquiry at Rs. 266-8 at the close. Hydroelectrics were fairly steady, but Bank shares developed a sagging tendency following the publication of the Bank Award last week. Andhra Valleys were held around Rs. 1447-8 and Powers around Rs. 1600. Central Banks were quoted lower at Rs. 84 and Imperial Bank

The Bombay Chronicle

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Fury Of Brahmaputra Not Yet Over

MORE RIVERS SWELL UP IN UPPER ASSAM

GAUHATI, August 25, (PTI).

THE Brahmaputra again swelled up today after a lull of three days. While steamer services in and around Gauhati are affected to a large extent by the huge barrage of timbers floating downstream, the river service between Dibrugarh and Dishangmukh in Upper Assam, has completely been paralysed, according to steamer company sources here.

The Government of Assam, by an order, has declared the entire Brahmaputra within the state as "mahal", thereby prohibiting private persons from collecting the floating timbers and logs without payment of royalty, except for purposes of personal use as fuel.

The river water, which has been giving out a peculiar odour for the last few days was chemically examined and found to contain much clay, and very small percentage of sulphur and petroleum. The bad smell is possibly due to sulphur compounds present in the mineral oil.

The district medical officer in a press note has asked the people to avoid river water even for bathing purpose.

AHOMS PALACE DAMAGED

The historical three-storey royal palace of the Ahoms at Gargaon ten miles from Sibsagar town, in Upper Assam, was badly damaged by the great earthquake on August 15, according to a report received here today.

The main structure, built about three hundred years ago, is standing amidst heaps of ruins and it is quite unsafe for visitors to enter it, the report adds.

REFUGEE COLONY

CALCUTTA: Seventy miles from Calcutta, in the district of Nadia has grown up a refugee colony of huts ments with as big a population as that of any leading district and subdivisional towns of West Bengal.

This colony—built around the Dhubulia transit camp, accommodates nearly 53,000 refugees drawn from different districts of East Pakistan, and representing almost all classes of people and professions—from priests to barbers and fishermen to rent-receiving landlords.

The colony has 24 primary schools, a fairly big bazar, a well-equipped fifty-bed hospital and a hospital for the children. A post office and fire station are expected to be started soon.

RIVERS RISING

DIBRUGARH: The river Dehing and its tributary Sessa, which have submerged the entire Larua Mouza, south of Dibrugarh, with its 151 villages were still rising today.

The Dehing has been silted by a rise in its bed due to the series of earth quakes. A dredger has been engaged to free the river.

While hunreds of villages in Upper Assam are under flood water earth quake shocks continue at intervals. Four such tremors were recorded in Dibrugarh between eight and ten this morning. Another earthquake of moderate intesity was felt at two this afternoon.

Heartened by the news of movement of 5,000 maunds of rice to the affected areas of Assam from Manipur state, the Dibrugarh relief committee is today sending three boats with 60 maunds of rice and a quantity of medicine to the flood and quake devastated villages in north lakhimpur sub-division.

Mr. Bishnuram Medhi, Chief Minister of Assam, arrived at Dibrugarh today after watching the airdrop of foodstuffs to the stricken people of North Lakhimpur.

Mr. Medhi, who is on a tour of the earthquake-affected areas of Upper Assam, is leaving for Sibsagar tomorrow morning.

IMPHAL: Three detachments of the Fourth Assam Rifles are now aiding the local police in ensuring the safety of the lives and properties of villagers in the Eastern suburbs of the Imphal.

NEHRU APPEALS FOR RELIEF OF ASSAM

NEW DELHI, August 25 (PTI): Prime Minister Pandit Nehru issued an appeal today for contributions to the relief fund opened by the Governor of Assam for earthquake victims.

Relief, he says, is most urgently needed in Assam and "I earnestly hope that it will pour in from all parts of India".

In his appeal, the Prime Minister says: "I should like to join the President in his appeal for relief for the victims of the earthquake in Assam. It has been our misfortune to have many calamaties in India during the last two and a half months, but of the greatest of these is the earthquake which has shaken and broken up, flooded and almost overturned large areas in Upper Assam. Relief is most urgently needed there and I earnestly hope that it will pour in from all parts of India. The Governor of Assam has opened a especial earthquake relief fund. Contributions to it should be sent directly or, if it is more convenient, they can be sent to me and I shall forward them to the Governor".

Sardar Patel's Appeal

NEW DELHI: The Hon'ble Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has issued the following appeal:

By this time, I am sure the public has had some appreciation of the grave tragedy that has overtaken Assam. Floods and earthquake between them have spread devastation and destruction over a large area of this State. Nature in the raw is seldom mild; the demoniac fury of the earthquake leaves humanity helpless and desolate because of our inability to forecast this danger. Life and property then become playthings in nature's cruel hands. Such has been the unfortunate fate of Assam already reeling under the blow of Bardoloi's death.

H.E. the Governor of Assam has given a graphic account of the damage wrought by nature's calamities. It should have sent round the country a wave of sympathy and commiseration for the grief-and-tragedy-stricken State. But that sympathy must take practical shape. I would appeal to my fellow countrymen to respond to Assam's call generously and to send whatever contribution they can to the fund which H.E. the Governor of Assam has opened for the relief of the victims. Charity must be prompt and spontaneous if it has to earn its due merit. I hope the intending donors will bear this in mind and act quickly.

SHILLONG: The second party of armymen, marooned and missing at the Assam-Tibetan border following the earthquake of August 15, has since been located, according to information received here today.

Rescue parties with foodstuffs and medicine have been rushed to the spot.

A third party of army men still remains untraced.

MARGHERITA: The famous Stillwell Road connecting Assam with China has suffered extensive damage due to landslides, cracks and collapses of bridges at several places beyond Pangsoa Pass, as a result of the earthquake of Augus 15, according to Kashin traders arriving at Ledo.

INDIAN NAVY TO BE STRENGTHENED

More Warships Soon

MADRAS, Aug. 25. (PTI): India would probably buy, in the next three years, one cruiser and two or three destroyers to strengthen her navy, Rear Admiral G. Barnard, Commanding the Indian Naval Squadron, said here today.

In an informal talk with newsmen on the quarter deck of I.N.S. Delhi, now anchoring here on the way to Mandapam, the Rear-Admiral said that at present the Indian squadron had a strength of one cruiser (Delhi), three destroyers and four frigates. "Now that India has become a sovereign Republic," he said, "she wants to strengthen her navy."

Reception was given to General K. M. Kariappa Commander-in-Chief Indian Army at Taj Mahal Hotel.

NEHRU'S STAND WELCOMED

Kashmir Reaction To Dixon's Failure

SRINAGAR, Aug. 25, (UPI): Political circles Kashmir have welcomed Pandit Nehru's forthright assertion that Pakistan could have no say in the plebiscite in Kashmir and that it was a matter between the Kashmir Govt. the Govt. of India and the United Nations, as "a home truth which has come none too soon and none too late from India's Prime Minister." India's unhesitating and outright rejection of Pakistan's demand that the Nationai Conference administration should be uprooted and replaced by one under the plebiscite administrator has also been received with general satisfaction in official and political circles and among the general public.

It is pointed out here that the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference has always maintained that Pakistan aggressor in Kashmir can have no voice or say in a plebiscite in Kashmir.

Speaking at a special convention of the National conference held in Jammu last April, Sheikh Abdullah the chief Minister, said: "If Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan imagines he can directly or indirectly influence a plebiscite in Kashmir, he is living in an ivory tower, if not fool's paradise. The people of Kashmir will never tolerate that position and would fight tooth and nail against it."

RESENTMENT

The Pakistan Prime Minister's "threat" to "liberate Muslims of Kashmir" has caused wide regret and resentment among the Muslim population in the valley, particularly among those living in areas bordering the ceasefire line where the recent arrival of large batches of Poonch refugees from Azad Kashmir with their tales of woe has incensed the feeling of Kashmir Muslims.

A high ranking leader of the National Conference said today that the Pakistan Prime Minister's attempts to shunt off Abdullah Government only meant that Pakistan had aims of extending the area of aggression in Kashmir and make any plebiscite a farce.

"Pakistan"s intransigence over the Kashmir question has caused the failure of yet another attempt to solve the dispute peacefully and what is worse it has led to a discussion of the issue in ways which would destroy the integrity of this State," writes the daily "Khidmat" official organ of the Jammu and Kashmir National Conference, while commenting editorially on Sir Owen's failure in his mission.

Tagore Play In France

DEAUVILE, France, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): "Amal and the King's Letter"—a play by Rabindranath Tagore—was performed in the Deauville "Casino" last night before an enthusiastic audience of 600 people.

The show was sponsored by Sardar Hardayal Singh, Indian Ambassador to France, who was unable to attend. Among those present were the Aga Khan and the Begum Aga Khan, the Maharaja and Maharani of Baroda. Leading stars in the play, which was translated into French by Andre Gide, were Jean Marchat and the actress Muni who took the part of Amal.

Morarji Commends Co-operation

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Home Minister, commended the principle of co-operation when he performed the opening ceremony this evening of a block of flats at Churchgate Reclamation constructed by a co-operative housing society.

In a democracy, the Minister said, everything depended on co-operation, and progress was achieved through mutual help. The strength of a democratic government depended on the strength of the people. Individual strength would avail little. It was only through co-operation that a country could be built up.

Mr. Desai exhorted the people to practice the principle of co-operation. Government, he said, gave its utmost support to co-operative activities as it believed that much could be achieved through co-operation. Moreover, Government gave preference to schemes which were meant to help the poorer classes, whether these were housing schemes or otherwise.

CEREMONIAL PARADE TODAY

BOMBAY, Friday.

General K. M. Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Army, will take salute at a ceremonial parade by units of the National Cadet Corps at the C.C.I. Stadium tomorrow (Saturday) at 4-15 p.m. The parade is open to the public.

On Sunday the C.-in-C. will inspect the Territorial Army units on parade at the A.F.I. grounds at 8-30 a.m.

During his stay here General Cariappa will inspect various Army units stationed in the Bombay Area.

The C.-in-C. met Shri B. G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay, this morning.

Shri R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, who visited the Tourist Information Office in Bombay on Friday afternoon, left for Hubli later on

Play On Seretse Banned

LONDON, Aug. 25. (PTI-Reuter): The Lord Chamberlain's Office of the British Government, "responsible for censoring theatrical productions, has banned a play entitled "The Baker's Daughter" because it is alleged to be based on the marriage of Seretse Khama, and his London-born wife Ruth.

INDIAN SOLDIERS DON'T DRINK A LOT

Kariappa Assures Women

BOMBAY, Friday.

GENERAL K. M. Kariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army gave an assurance here today that drinking had ceased to be a "code of the Indian Army". The General who was speaking at an "at-home" function held in his honour by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, complained that the general public was taking a very "uncharitable view" in believing that the army drank a lot. Nothing was farther from the truth. In fact, during the last 18 months he had noticed that a fairly good number of officer had given up drinking. Even among those who drank, they did not drink as much as they were reputed to drink.

The Commander-in-Chief told the women present on the occasion that "women were the real builders of the nation." He appealed to them to take charge of the home-front and help build up an A-1 nation by inculcating in the children during their impressionable years a sense of service and discipline.

The General affirmed that the Army was doing valuable work in assisting the country towards solving its economic problems. Thus it had achieved good results in the "grow more food campaign." The army had also helped in building roads and sinking wells and in sending out medical officers to work in villages which were ravaged by the epidemic.

However, at present it was not able to do anything more, in view of the fact that the Kashmir dispute had still remained unsettled, and as such, they had to be on their toes.

NEED FOR EFFICIENT ARMY

The Commander-in-Chief then proceeded to stress the need of having an efficient army. Such an army was the need of the hour if the country was to be saved from external aggression and internal lawlessness. He added "We want the cream of the country's youth for the Army. This is not because we are a blood-thirsty people eager to destroy and to kill, but because such an army is necessary to meet the requirements of the times."

The General explained that his talking about an efficient army did not imply that he was in favour of war. War was something horrible and the Army fought, not because it liked it, but because it was ordered by the Government of the day. Situated as it was, the Army owed a loyalty to the Government in power, and as such, it was its duty to remain aloof from the trammels of politics and to dissociate itself from those elements which aimed at disrupting the lawful authority.

Referring to the tributes paid to him earlier, the Commander-in-Chief said that they were deserved much more by officers and men of the Army who had done a magnificent job during the difficult period that followed in the wake of the freedom of the country.

Concluding General Kariappa said that after the attainment of freedom, the Army had become the "People's Army", and it was there to serve the people as well-knit team.

Earlier, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, President of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, welcoming General Cariappa, asserted that the Indian Army was in no way less efficient than any other Army in the world.

The Mayor of Bombay, Mr. S. K. Patil, congratulated General Cariappa, on his being the first Indian Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army.

An after-care Government-run colony for convalescent tuberculosis patients discharged from the Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Tambaram. To start with 25 discharged patients will be provided accommodation.

SOLUTION FOR OUR PROBLEMS

S. P. Jain's 3—Pronged Campaign Plan

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25 (PTI): Mr. S. P. Jain, President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, suggested today a three-pronged campaign to ensure sufficient supply of raw materials, rationalisation and capital formation in the country.

Mr. Jain who was addressing the first quarterly general meeting of the Chamber, said that a bold and clear-cut policy on the part of Government was needed as it would solve not only the prevailing scarcity in commodities and bring down prices, but would make the country self-suffcient, producing goods at competitive cost. The conditions of scarcity and high prices could only be removed by hard work and sacrifice and harmonious co-operation among the different factors in society.

Mr. Jain stated that the key points to be effectively tackled for producing more goods were productivity of labour and capital formation. The vicious circle of low production and falling productivity, accompanied by higher wages and higher prices, resulted in a rise in the cost of living allowing negligible saving and retarding investment and expansion of industries.

GOVERNMENT TO RUN HOTELS?

Ayyangar's Threat

NEW DELHI, Aug. 25. (PTI): The Transport Minister, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, said here today that if private enterprise did not recognise its obligation "to maintain the reputation of India, it might be necessary for Government to step in and run new hotels on standards which private enterprise could copy".

Mr. Ayyangar, who was opening the Delhi Tourist Information Office, was commenting on the complaints he had received both about exorbitant rates charged by some of the hotels and the living conditions in others.

Mr. Ayyangar wanted not only excellent Western hotels in the country, but hotels which would serve good Indian food.

He acknowledged that he was "one of the worst sinners" in regard to the provision of good transport facilities, but those difficulties, he added, were being eased.

PEOPLE FIGHT WITH DACOITS

A Dozen Injured

RAXAUL, Aug. 25. (PTI): A gang of more than forty dacoits, armed with rifles and other deadly weapon, raided the house of a prosperous farmer in the village of Bahera in Champaran district on Monday night and carried away cash and ornaments worth about Rs. 5,000 after injuring one of the inmates, according to a report received at Raxaul.

Villagers who chased the dacoits on hearing the alarm of the inmates, the report adds, clashed with them. About a dozen persons on both sides were injured, some seriously, in a hand-to-hand fight lasting an hour.

The dacoits, including the injured members of the gang, managed to escape, however, to Nepal territory, says the report.

Elections Of Congress President

Poll in connection with the Presidential Election from the City Province of Bombay will take place on Tuesday, August 29, 50 between 2 p.m. and 6 p.m. at the BPCC Meeting Hall, Congress House.

The President of the BPCC will be the Presiding Offcer.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THERE has been quite a commotion in the office about an invitation that has disappeared; and no indication can be had as to what it was inviting whom to. The only clue is that the function was scheduled for September 1. I am not trying to say that it is unusual in this office for things to be mislaid. I am not quite so woolly-headed and I could say this quite as straight off as any other fellow. But the point is that it was supposed to be kept in a place from which things do not, as a rule, disappear. Let me leave it at that.

There was, as I have said, quite a stir. After several tables have been ransacked I am sure it will be found that it has rested all the while on the table of the despatch clerk's table. This is quite a common occurrence. The number of times I have been led up a blind alley by fellows who thought that they had done what they meant to do but didn't, is legion. It should be a psychological quirk which the smart ones can explain but why should it always happen to me? That is what I want to know.

Some three decades back, when I was giving the finishing touches to a somewhat erratic education (Elphinstone College, to be precise, in the room used for the Inter Arts classes then just adjoining the Bhatt's Room), I was along with my fellows pestered by a Professor who "had the word on the tip of his tongue but just could not get it out", to give the word beginning with 'P' meaning cave-man. After several false starts, the rest gave it up. In a flash of inspiration, I stood up and said, "Troglodyte". There was a contemptuous titter round the classroom and my neighbour nudged me and told me to sit down without making a greater fool of myself than I could help. But on the dull features of my Professor I saw an expression like "The Soul's Awakening."

"That's the word," he said enthusiastically; "fancy only one of you all getting it." I think I owe to this happy chance the success that attended my efforts at education. But, of course, it did not help me with my class-mates. There was a faint suspicion that between me and the Prof. there was a kind of collusion. But the explanation was so simple that they would not have taken it. I had just seen the word that morning and when the Professor asked for a word with the letter "P", I heard it all right but I thought I might try something wide off the mark but quite accurate as to the meaning. And it happened to be the bull's eye all right.

REFERENDUM NOW NOT DESIRABLE

Pondi Deputation's View

PONDICHERRY, Aug. 25 (PTI): A deputation of the French India Republican Party met Mr. R. K. Tandon, India's Consul-General in Pondicherry, today and represented that the Indian Government should abrogate the June 1948 agreement between France and India and abandon the idea of referendum to settle the future status of French India.

The deputation which was led by Mr. Lambert Saravane, French India Deputy in the National Assembly of France, stated that under the existing conditions in French India today, a fair and impartial referendum was not possible.

The deputation also urged that the Government of India should take immediate steps to effect the transfer of French sovereignty over these settlements to Indian Government.

HISTORICAL RECORDS COMMISSION

Nagpur To Be The Venue Of 27th Session

BOMBAY, Friday.

The 27th session of the Indian Historical Records Commission will be held at Nagpur under the auspices of the Nagpur University. It has been provisionally decided to hold the session from December 23 to 25, 1950. His Excellency the Governor of Madhya Pradesh will inaugurate the session, which is expected to be presided over by Hon'ble Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Minister for Education, Government of India and ex-officio President of the Commission.

The 17th meeting of the Research and Publication Committee, which is an adjunct of the Indian Historical Records Commission, will also be held at Nagpur along with the session of the Commission. Distinguished archivists and historians representing various State Governments, universities and a number of learned institutions from all over India are likely to attend the session.

NEHRU'S LEAD IS THE ONLY GLEAM OF LIGHT

British Weekly On Korea

LONDON Aug. 25 (PTI-Reuter).

INDIAN Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's attitude towards the Korean problem was yesterday considered to be one gleam of light against a deplorable background by the Left-wing weekly review the "New Statesman and Nation."

"Though unable to accept the invitation to visit Peking extended to him by Madame Sun Yat Sen, Pandit Nehru can be relied on to hold firmly, and to impress on the conscience of the world the conviction that the war in Korea will settle nothing, and will degenerate into an increasingly bestial and savage butchery on both sides unless it is made clear that its conclusion is to be followed by a political settlement acceptable in Asia, the "Statesman" wrote.

"This is the lead which Britain should be reinforcing with every ounce of energy at her disposal."

The review said war against insurgent Communist-led peoples might destroy much of Asia, but only increase Communism.

The aim of the United Nations, whose resolution sanctioned military action taken by the United States for the specific and proper purpose of curbing an act of aggression, was to restore peace and not to spread the war.

This simple fact seemed to be in danger of being forgotten in the United States, the journal added.

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Should Have Had A Parka For His Beezer — **By BUD FISHER**

JEFF, ESKIMOS ARE STRANGE PEOPLE! THEY KISS BY RUBBIN' NOSES! WATCH ME GAIN THE FRIENDSHIP OF THAT ESKIMO BY RUBBIN' NOSES WITH HIS LITTLE DAUGHTER
YOU GOT THE NOSE TO DO IT!
IGGY WIGGY!
?
OH, MAYBE THAT WAS HIS WIFE!
AW, HE WAS JUST GIVIN' YOU A KISS! HE RUBBED YOU WITH HIS MITT!
Fisher

100,000 Dollars Bail For Radar Spy

NEW YORK, August 25 (PTI-Reuter).—Morton Sobell, 33-year-old radar expert accused of spying for Russia, was held in 100,000 dollars bail yesterday on an espionage conspiracy charge

Sobell was arrested last week by Mexican authorities in Mexico City and turned over to Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents in Laredo, Texas, on Friday. He was brought here by plane on Wednesday night.

Sobell is charged with conspiring with Julius Rosenberg to slip atomic secrets to the Communists. Both Rosenberg New York Engineer, and his wife, Ethel, have been indicted on charges of conspiring to commit espionage.

Sobell was employed by the Reves Instrument Corporation here which hold highly secret Government contracts. He fled to Mexico [illegible]

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